

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

پاسخ تمرینات دوره ای زبان انگلیسی سوم دبیرستان

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### Review Exercises (1)

1. The library was closed, so he could not (couldn't) get the book.
  2. I could not swim when I was at school, but now I can swim.
  3. Fish cannot live in the air, but they can live in water.
  4. You are too fat. You should not eat too many sweets Or potatoes.
  5. It's my mother's birthday next week. I must remember to buy her a present.
  6. People shouldn't work at weekends.
  7. The train is leaving in two minutes. I must go now.
- B) Fill in the blanks with it or there.
1. Take a taxi. It is a long way to the station.
  2. There was a dog in the field. It was a big black one.
  3. It was after midnight and there were few people on the streets.
  4. It was wet and there was a cold wind.
- C) Make sentences like the example.
1. I suggested an idea to my friends.
  2. The offered him a job.
  3. He wrote a letter to the editor.
  4. My friend lent me his pen.

5. The driver reported police the accident.

D) Complete the following sentences with appropriate tag questions.

1. won't he?
2. did he/she?
3. shouldn't you?
4. weren't they?
5. doesn't she?
6. didn't she?
7. won't they?
8. don't you?

E) Make comparisons, using the information in the time table. Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

1. If they go by train, it will be more expensive
2. If they catch 11:15 train, they will arrive in Tabriz at 19:30.
3. If they go by bus, a single ticket will cost them 2500 Rs.
4. It will be slower if they go by bus.
5. If they want to travel cheaply, they must take the bus.

F) Complete the following dialogue between Ahmad and his doctor. Put the verbs in their correct forms; use for and since when necessary.

Doctor: Ah, Ahmad! Come in! I have not seen you for a longtime.

Ahmad: No, doctor. That's because I have not been here for a longtime.

Ahmad: I feel depressed. I have not eaten anything since last week. I think it's the money.

old friends never speak to me. I have not seen them for years.

They have not spoken to me since I became famous.

Doctor: I see. That is very interesting.

I

G) Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets. Use the or than where necessary.

1. Is the Nile longer than the Karoon? (long)

Oh, the Nile is much longer than the Karoon.

In fact, the Nile is the longest river in the world.

2. China has more people than India.

In fact, China has the most people in the world.

3. Jaguars run faster than cats, (fast)

In fact, Jaguars are the fastest animals in the world.

4. An eagle flies more highly than a sparrow, (highly)

5. The Everest is the highest mountain in the world.

H) Complete the following sentences.

I. I think he is in the class now.

2. I believe (that) I will have some fish.

3. I hope (that) I will learn it very well next year.

I) Look at the pictures and answer these questions

1. She has bought two bottles of milk.

2. He has lost his key.

3. The girl has washed the dishes.
4. They have waited for the bus for 45 minutes.
5. No, she had not finished her homework when I arrived.
6. He has written a letter.

J) Put these words in the correct order.

1. The school windows are painted every year.
2. The stone bridge was repaired last year.
3. Your history books will be bought next week.
4. If you study hard, you will pass the test.
5. If he is here, they won 't come.
6. If you are in a hurry, you can use m y car.
7. We know that he goes to school in the morning.
8. Do you know where they work?
9. Who knows the English teacher?
- 10.The man who lives in this house found him.
- 11.He has invited the man that is a teacher.
- 12.The pictures that were taken yesterday are here.

## LESSON ONE

### C. COMPREHENSION

I. Answer the questions.

1. No, there aren 't many TV channels in Iran.
2. No, they don't give us a lot of choices. '

3. Yes, I like to watch sports.
4. I watch TV every night.
5. Yes, it can be harmful. It may have bad effects on the children's eyesight.
6. No, I never struggle on a TV program.
7. Yes, it can have bad effects on our eyes.
8. Yes, they talk a lot about TV programs.
9. Yes, I can live without TV.
10. Yes, they can influence on our lives,

II. True / False

1. (True)
2. (False)
3. (True)
4. (True)
5. (False)

III. Complete the sentences. Use a,b,c, or d.

1. According to the passage we spend an average of about three and a half hours watching TV a day. (D)
2. Families think that TV may have a bad effect on children, (d)
3. According to the passage not all families can continue without TV. (A)
4. The passage says that some children talk about TV programs at school, (D)

Speaking 2

1. I don't know who answered the telephone. .

2. I don't know who wrote the letter.
  3. I don't know who will come to the party.
  4. I don 't know who will teach English.
- B) I don't know who(m) they met.
1. I don 't know who(m) she saw.
  2. I don't know who (whom) he telephoned.
  3. I don't know who (whom) he has invited..
  4. I don't know who(whom) they will employ.

C) Do you know where they live?

1. Do you know where he works?
2. Do you know where she studies.
3. Do you know where he plays?
4. Do you know where they met?

D) Do you know when they arrived?

1. Do you know when she left?
2. Do you know when he will telephone?
3. Do you know when they will come?
4. Do you know when he goes swimming?

Speaking 3

1. No, I don 't know when she left home.
2. Yes, they know where I work.
3. Yes, I remember what he said.

4. Yes, she knows who(m) they met.
5. No, I don't know who can help him. .

#### Speaking 4

1. I don't know where he went.
2. We don't know when they will arrive.
3. I don't remember what she said.
4. She doesn't know who answered the telephone.
5. We don't know who (m) she met.

#### Structure 2: Future tense with “be going to”

#### Speaking 2

#### Substitution Drills

A) She is going to watch the news.

1. I am going to watch the news.
2. We are going to watch the news.
3. He is going to watch the news.
4. They are going to watch the news.
5. Bahram is going to watch the news.

B) I am going to buy some oranges.

1. We are going to stay in a hotel.
2. She is going to take the test.
3. They are going to leave early.
4. Jack is going to watch TV.

5. My father is going to rest after dinner.

C) What are you going to do?

1. What is he going to buy ?
2. Where are they going to stay?
3. When is she going to call?
4. Why is Andy going to leave?
5. How many eggs is she going to boil?

Speaking 3

1. They are going to play ping-pong
2. You are going to watch T V.
3. He is going to read the newspaper.
4. She is going to eat a sandwich.
5. He is going to travel to Tabriz by train.
6. They are going to have lunch at the restaurant.
7. He is going to leave on Friday.
8. He is going to study physics.

E. WRITE IT DOWN 1. No, I don't know when the bus will leave.

2. Yes, I know who can fix the car.
3. Yes, he lives in this apartment.
4. Yes, they meet her in the morning.
5. No, they don't go to the seaside on Fridays.
6. They will open the doors at 5 o'clock.



7. I don't know what she said in the classroom.

8. Ali has written this letter.

### Writing 2

1. Parviz is going to draw a lion with a pencil.

Bahram is drawing a lion with a pencil.

Mehdi has just drawn a lion with a pencil.

2. Bob is going to climb the tree.

Bill is climbing the tree.

Ted has just climbed the tree.

3. Ben is painting the door.

Frank is going to paint the door.

Peter has just painted the door.

4. Kim has just written a letter.

Judy is writing a letter.

Peggy is going to write a letter.

5. Andy is washing his face.

Don has just washed his face.

Nick is going to wash his face.

### Writing 3

1. I am going to watch TV.

2. I am going to buy a newspaper.

3. I am going to drink tea.

4. I am going to listen to the radio.

5. I am going to help my friend.

Pair up and Practice

Look at Hamid's school timetable.

B: Oh, twice a week. Every Saturday and Monday.

## H. VOCABULARY DRILL

1. My brother is a very good swimmer, he has powerful arms and legs.
2. He had bought a colorful dress for his small daughter.
3. This cloudy sky shows that we may have rainy day.
4. I feel so weak; I haven't had anything for two days except some watery soup.
5. Be careful about what you say to her.
6. The child's skill in reading is wonderful for his age.
7. Your room is so bright and sunny.
8. I don't like to stay at home in a sunny (rainy) afternoon like this.

## LESSON TWO

### COMPREHENSION

I. Answer the following questions.

1. The purpose of education is to prepare children for life.
2. No, it is not an end for me.
3. Yes, education can prepare children for life.
4. No, all of them are not suitable.
5. No, it is not free in all countries.

6. Yes, we can live without education.
7. Yes, all people should have education.
8. Yes, it is possible to educate every body.

## II. True / False

1. (True)
2. (False)
3. (False)
4. (True)
5. (False)

## III. Complete these sentences. Use a, b, c, or d.

1. The only purpose of education is to prepare children for life. (B)
2. We should test many systems and choose the best one. (B)
3. From the passage we understand that free education for all cannot solve all the problems of a nation. (D)
4. According to the passage everybody needs some kind of education. (D)

## Speaking 2

### A)

1. It is easy for him to read the sentences correctly.
2. It is possible for him to read the sentences correctly.
3. It is difficult for him to read the sentences correctly.

### B)

1. It isn't easy for us to answer these questions.

2. It isn't easy for her to answer these questions.
3. It isn't easy for A li to answer these questions.

C)

1. It was difficult forme to understant the lesson.
2. It was difficult for me to run fast.
3. It was difficult for me to repair the bicycle.

Speaking 3

1. It is difficult for the students to do so much homework.
2. It is necessary for her to put on a coat.
3. It is easy for them to find a good restaurant.
4. It is improtant for young men to wear good clothes.
5. It is impossible for the woman to find the address.

Speaking 4

1. No, it is impossible for me to read a book in a dark room.
2. Yes, it is easy for him to speak English.
3. Yes, it is necessary for students to ask questions in the classroom.
4. Yes, it is necessary for me to do my homework carefully.
5. Yes, it is easy for the students to get good marks if they study hard.

Speaking 2

Substitution Drills

A)

1. Studying for a long time made her tired.

2. Practicing for a longtime made me tired.
3. Teaching for a longtime made John tired.
4. Speaking for a long time made him tired.

B)

1. He was interested in reading English stories.
2. He insisted on buying the shoes.
3. He was thinking about repairing the house.
4. He will keep on learning English.

Speaking 3

1. Does woman like reading story books?

No, She doesn't. She likes studying physics.

2. Does Maryam enjoy making dresses?

No, he doesn't, She enjoys drawing pictures.

3. Does Mr White dislike eating cake?

No, he doesn't. He dislikes washing the dishes.

4. Does Hossein insist on reading the story book?

No, he doesn't. He insists on watching TV.

Speaking 4

1. Washing clothes has made Maryam tired.,
2. Playing ping-pong will make Jimmy happy.
3. Traveling by train made Hadi happy last summer.
4. Smoking is forbidden in this bus.

### Writing 1

1. No, learning English isn't difficult.
2. Yes, standing in line is necessary.
3. Yes, being on time is important.
4. No, finding a job is not easy here.
5. No, driving on this road isn 't dangerous

### Writing 2

1. I like playing Volleyball.
2. I enjoy swimming in the river.
3. I prefer drinking tea to eating an apple.
4. I am tired of working hard.
5. I am interested in learning English.

### Writing 3

1. Is it easy for a blind person to walk in the street?

No, it isn't. It is difficult for a blind man to walk in the street.

2. Is it easy for a taxi driver to drive a car?

Yes, it is easy for a taxi driver to drive a car.

3. Is it difficult for your English teacher to speak English?

No, it is easy for my English teacher to speak English.

4. Is it possible for a cat to climb a tree?

Yes, it is possible for a cat to climb a tree.

5. Is it difficult for a good student to get good marks?

No, it is easy for a good student to get good marks.

6. Is it possible for an elephant to go faster than a horse?

No, it is impossible for an elephant to go faster than a horse.

Writing 4

1. Is it easy for you to learn Chinese?

No, it is not easy for me to learn Chinese.

2. Is it important for your brother to buy a bicycle?

No, it is not important for him to buy a bicycle.

3. Is it interesting for Ali to read a newspaper?

No, it is not interesting for him to read a newspaper.

4. Is it possible for her to play ping-pong?

No, it is impossible for her to play ping-pong.

5. Is it necessary for your friend to buy a new bag?

No, it is not necessary for my friend to buy a new bag.

VOCABULARY DRILL

1. Do you really think you'll be able to pass your driving test?

2. Banks try to employ honest people.

3. Preparing a dictionary is not as easy as it may seem.

4. My watch is five minutes slow.

5. I tried to answer all your questions rapidly.

6. After a long discussion they finally decided not to sell their car.

7. He gave an honest answer to my question.

8. I can really finish reading this book today.

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