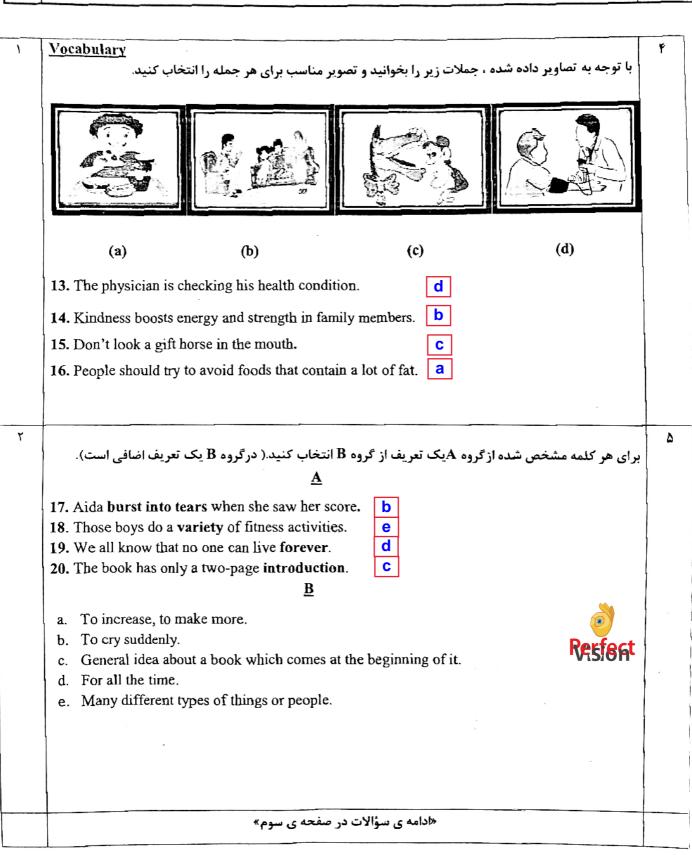
| | افق نهران مدت امتحان ۱۲۰ دفیقه | ساعت شروع ، ۱۶ به | کلیه رشته های نظری | امتحان نهایی درس : زبان انگلیسی | سوالات | |
|-----|---|---------------------|--|--|---------|--|
| | /۱۳۹۹ تعداد صفحه : ۶ | ناریخ امتحان : ۳/۲۱ | | پایه دوازدهم | | |
| | سنجش و پایش کیفیت آموزشی | مرکز | اد ماه) سال ۱۳۹۹ | زان و داوطلبان آزاد خارج از کشور (خرد | نش آموز | |
| نمر | | | سؤالات | | يف | |
| | | (, * 2, 2, * | | | | |
| | | | | به دلیل عدم دسترسی به | ١ | |
| | , , | امه به ترتیب شم | نمام پاسخ ها را در پاسخن | توجه: لطفا i | | |
| | <u>Listening</u> Part A | | | | | |
| | | خنامه جواب دهيد | | دانش آموز عزیز به مکالمه گوش ده | | |
| | 1. The car is | | a) John's b) | his mother's c) his father's | | |
| | 2. Susan's father uses the | to go to | work . a) bus | b) train c) taxi | | |
| | 3. Who drives to work? | | | | | |
| | 4. Where is his mother's job? | | | Perfect | | |
| | Part B | | | Rasteat | | |
| | | ت صحیح کامل ک | ، و جاهای خالی را با کلما، | دانش آموز عزیز به متن گوش دهید | | |
| | the radiation that (6)the earth. People have used the sun as a heat source for thousands of years. Iranians, for instance, use special (7) and arrangements of windows, (8) and yards to get the most sunshine. | | | | | |
| | P . C | | | | | |
| | Part C | | | | | |
| | | بنه صحیح را انتخ | نت گوش دهید سپس گز _{یا} | دانش آموز عزیز به فایل صوتی به دق | | |
| | اب کنید. 9. It is a good idea to have | | | دانش آموز عزیز به فایل صوتی به دق | | |
| | اب کنید. | | نت گوش دهید سپس گزید c) a kind of plan | دانش آموز عزیز به فایل صوتی به دق d) a and b | | |
| | اب کنید. 9. It is a good idea to have a) an exam b) progra 10. Think about your | am | c) a kind of plan | d) a and b | | |
| | اب کنید. 9. It is a good idea to have a) an exam b) progra 10. Think about your a) energy b) envir | onment | c) a kind of plan c) experience | | | |
| | اب کنید. 9. It is a good idea to have a) an exam b) progra 10. Think about your | onment | c) a kind of plan c) experience | d) a and b | | |
| | اب کنید. 9. It is a good idea to have a) an exam b) progra 10. Think about your a) energy b) envir | onment | c) a kind of plan c) experience | d) a and b | | |
| | 9. It is a good idea to have a) an exam b) progra 10. Think about your a) energy b) envir 11. Make sure there are no a) distracting b) consti | onmentnoises | c) a kind of plan c) experience around. c) instructing | d) a and b d) improvement d) regarding | | |
| | 9. It is a good idea to have a) an exam b) progra 10. Think about your a) energy b) envir 11. Make sure there are no a) distracting b) constr | onmentnoises | c) a kind of plan c) experience around. | d) a and b d) improvement | | |
| | 9. It is a good idea to have a) an exam b) progra 10. Think about your a) energy b) envir 11. Make sure there are no a) distracting b) consti | onmentnoises | c) a kind of plan c) experience around. c) instructing | d) a and b d) improvement d) regarding | | |

«ادامه ی سؤالات در صفحه ی دوم»

| | مدت امتحان:۱۲۰ دقیقه | ساعت شروع :۱۶ به افق تهران | کلیه رشته های نظری | سوالات امتحان نهایی درس : زبان انگلیسی |
|------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| | تعداد صفحه : ۶ | تاريخ امتحان : ١٣٩٩/٣/٢١ | | پایه دوازدهم |
| | يش كيفيت آموزشي | مرکز سنجش و پا | داد ماه) سال ۱۳۹۹ | انش آموزان و داوطلبان آزاد خارج از کشور (خ ر |
| نمره | | ت | سؤالار | ديف |



| | مدت امتحان:۱۲۰ دفیقه | ساءت شروع : ۱۶ به افق تهران | کلیه رشته های نظری | امتحان نهایی درس : زبان انگلیسی | سوالات |
|------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|-----------|
| | تعداد صفحه : ۶ | تاريخ امتحان : ۱۳۹۹/۳/۲۱ | | پایه دوازدهم | |
| | مرکز سنجش و پایش کیفیت آموزشی | | داد ماه) سال ۱۳۹۹ | ان و داوطلبان آزاد خارج از کشور (خر | دانش أموز |
| نمره | | ت | سؤالار | | رديف |

| 24. The lesson was very difficult. The students couldn't figure out talking about. 25. I couldn't find the dictionary entry for the word "action". 26. O is the symbol for Oxygen. | calmly . t phones are increasing. te and advanced. Y what the teacher was |
|---|---|
| 22. Today more people buy smart phones, so the demands for smar 23. Dictionaries are usually in three levels: elementary, intermedia 23. Dictionaries are usually in three levels: elementary, intermedia 24. The lesson was very difficult. The students couldn't figure out talking about. 25. I couldn't find the dictionary entryfor the word "action". 26. O is the symbol for Oxygen. 7 **Grammar** 27. They bought the house was next to the post offi which b) when c) whom d) who d) which b) when c) whom d) which b) when c) who d) which b) when c) who d) | t phones are increasing. te and advanced Y what the teacher was A y y y y what the teacher was A |
| 24. The lesson was very difficult. The students couldn't figure out talking about. 25. I couldn't find the dictionary entry for the word "action". 26. O is the symbol for Oxygen. 27. They bought the house was next to the post offi which b) when c) whom d) which b) when c) whom d) which b) when c) whom d) which a) expected who unexpectedly c) unexpected d) e. 29. Penicillin | what the teacher was السخ صحيح را از بين گزينه های و ce. |
| talking about. 25. I couldn't find the dictionary entryfor the word "action". 26. O is the symbol for Oxygen. Crammar 27. They bought the house was next to the post offi which b) when c) whom d) which b) when c) whom d) which all expected when to play football, but it started to rain | ۱ پاسخ صحیح را از بین گزینه های د ce. |
| 25. I couldn't find the dictionary entryfor the word "action". 26. O is the symbol for Oxygen. Crammar 27. They bought the house was next to the post offi which b) when c) whom d) w 28. We went out to play football, but it started to rain | پاسخ صحیح را از بین گزینه های د ce. hose |
| They bought the house was next to the post offi which b) when c) whom d) we went out to play football, but it started to rain | پاسخ صحیح را از بین گزینه های د ce. hose |
| 27. They bought the house was next to the post offi which b) when c) whom d) w 28. We went out to play football, but it started to rain | ce. |
| 27. They bought the house | ce. |
| which b) when c) whom d) w 28. We went out to play football, but it started to rain | hose |
| 28. We went out to play football, but it started to rain | |
| a) expected who unexpectedly c) unexpected d) expected 29. Penicillin | |
| 29. Penicillin | 1 |
| a) was discovering was discovered c) has discovered d) lagorithms. 30. Her family bought a mobile phone for her because she | |
| 30. Her family bought a mobile phone for her because she | |
| | 1 |
| | |
| | |
| ح افعال را در جای خالی بنویسید. Sima: I had problem with my English lesson today. | ۹ مکالمه زیر را بخوانید و شکل صحی |
| Anna: Really, why? The lesson (31 was taught Teach) clearly by the Sima: I know, but I(32) was (be) absent last week, wasn't I? of questions now. Anna: Why didn't you ask the teacher after she (33 had finished) (finished). | I have a lot |
| Sima: You are right! But if I (34) asked (ask) her my question make her tired. | s, I could |
| Anna: Maybe! Ok, I can help you instead. | |
| «ادامه ی سؤالات در صفحه ی چهارم» | |

| | ساعت شروع :۱۶ به افق تهران مدت امتحان:۱۲۰ دفیقه | امتحان نهایی درس: زبان انگلیسی کلیه رشته های نظری | سوالات |
|------|--|---|---------|
| | تاریخ امتحان : ۱۳۹۹/۳/۲۱ تعداد صفحه : ۶ | پایه دواز دهم | |
| - | مرکز سنجش و پایش کیفیت آموزشی | زان و داوطلبان آزاد خارج از کشور (خرداد ماه) سال ۱۳۹۹ | نش آموز |
| نمره | ت | سؤالاه | .يف |
| ۲ | | با هر گروه از کلمات زیر یک جمله بنویسید. | 1. |
| | 35. warmer/ we/would/ got/travel /if/ it/to the | _ | |
| | If it got warmer, we would travel to the North | | |
| | We would travel to the North, if it got warme | or. | |
| | 36. obeyed/the traffic rules/ everyone/ must/by | y/ be /. | |
| | The traffic rules must be obeyed by everyon | e. | |
| ۴ | Reading | | 11 |
| | اده شده کامل کنید. | متن زیر را بخوانید و جاهای خالی جملات را با گزینه های دا | |
| | Bilingual is a person who can communicate th | rough two languages nearly like a native | |
| | speaker. There are different types of bilinguals | | |
| | which they use most of the time, and then a se | cond language, the level and use of which will | |
| | differ significantly from one person to another | r. There are a few people whom we call | |
| | "balanced bilinguals". They can speak, read or | r write both languages equally well. For example | |
| | a child in a family who speak two languages c | can be called balanced bilingual. | |
| | | of the world. Members of these communities | |
| | , , , , | urse. South Africa, Belgium, Wales, Ireland and | |
| | | e bilingualism exists, (This does not mean that | 1 |
| | everyone living in these countries is bilingual | | |
| | | peak to their children in their own mother tongue continue to speak their own language at home. | |
| | Read the questions and choose the b | | 1 |
| | 37. According to the passage, a balanced bilin | | |
| 4 | a. can speak two languages equally well in ev | - | |
| | b. has a preferred language in everyday life | . ery day and | 1 |
| | c. can use his first language where another lan | nguage is spoken | |
| | | d write only his own language in two countries | |
| | 38. According to the text, children who were | bilingual from their early ages | |
| | a. are able to write in both languages | | |
| | b. have an equal understanding of both culture | es 🛰 | 1 |
| | c. can write both languages equally correctly d. most probably know both languages equall | | 1 |
| | | Ly 😈 | |
| • | | Darfoct | |
| • | True/ False | referred language | |
| • | • True/ False 39. There are some bilinguals who have a pre | eferred language. | |
| • | • True/ False 39. There are some bilinguals who have a pre a) True | eferred language. b) False | |
| • | • True/ False 39. There are some bilinguals who have a pre (a) True 40. Everyone is bilingual in South Africa, Bell | eferred language. b) False lgium, Wales, Ireland and Canada. | |
| , | • True/ False 39. There are some bilinguals who have a pre (a) True 40. Everyone is bilingual in South Africa, Bella) True | eferred language. b) False | |
| | True/ False 39. There are some bilinguals who have a pre 40. Everyone is bilingual in South Africa, Belandarian True Answer the following questions. 41. Who is a bilingual? | b) False lgium, Wales, Ireland and Canada. b) False gual is a person who can communicate through two | |
| | True/ False 39. There are some bilinguals who have a pre 40. Everyone is bilingual in South Africa, Bela) True Answer the following questions. | b) False lgium, Wales, Ireland and Canada. b) False gual is a person who can communicate through two | |

«ادامه ی سؤالات در صفحه ی پنجم»

| | مدت إمتحان:۱۲۰ دقيقه | ساعت شروع : ۱۶ به افق تهران | کلیه رشته های نظری | سوالات امتحان نهایی درس : زبان انگلیسی |
|------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| 1 | تعداد صفحه : ۶ | تاریخ امتحان : ۱۳۹۹/۳/۲۱ | | پایه دوازدهم |
| | یش کیفیت آموزشی | مرکز سنجش و پا | داد ماه) سال ۱۳۹۹ | دانش آموزان و داوطلبان آزاد خارج از کشور (خر |
| نمره | | ت | سؤالا | رديف |

۴

متن زير رابخوانيد و به سوالات داده شده هر قسمت پاسخ دهيد.

Environmental pollutions, caused by Human, are not a new subject. The problems of water pollution, climate change and the endangered animals have become the troubles on Earth. With today's science and technology people can do greater harms to nature and do it more quickly. On the other hand because of population growth, they have been using more natural resources to meet the needs of this large population. Not surprisingly, they have realized what they are doing, is harmful to nature. Most of them are trying to find ways to solve these problems. In fact People have started new ways of showing more respect for nature.

Nowadays clean energy resources are widely used in many countries to keep the weather clean. For example, many countries now think that cars which burn fossil fuels should be replaced by electric cars. Electric cars don't burn gasoline in the engine, so they don't pollute the air. They use electricity stored on the car in batteries.

Replacing fossil fuels with renewable resources of energy is the best answer to the problem of pollution. Scientists call them clean energy resources because they do not pollute the earth. Clean energy is renewable. It is made from resources that can be replaced, like wind, water, sunshine, tides, and plants. When renewable energy resources are used, the need for fossil fuels is reduced. As a result, fewer fossil fuels are consumed each year, also they are saved for the future generations. Replacing fossil fuels with renewable resources of energy is the best answer to the problem of all types of pollutions.

- Read the questions and choose the best choice.
- 43. Which is the best title for this passage?
- a. How to use fossil fuels to increase pollutions
- b. The search for nonrenewable sources of energy
- c. Effective ways of using electric cars
- d. New ways to solve environmental pollutions
- 44. Which of the following is not mentioned in the passage as a source of energy?
- a. Electrical energy
- b. Wind
- Vc. Nuclear energy
- d. Fossil fuels

- True / False
- 45. Clean energy is made from resources that can be replaced, like wind, water, sunshine, tides, and plants.
 - √a) True
- b) False
- 46. Using fossil fuels is the best answer to the problem of pollution.
 - a) True
- √b) False
- Answer the following questions.
- 47. Are people trying to respect nature? Yes, they have started new ways of showing more respect for nature.
- 48. Why are clean energy resources used in many countries?

They are widely used in many countries to keep the weather clean.

«ادامه ی سؤالات در صفحه ی ششم»

12

| | ملت امتحان ۱۲۰ دفیقه | ساعت شروع :۱۶ به افق تهران | کلیه رشته های نظری | سوالات امتحان نهایی درس: زبان انگلیسی |
|------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | تعداد صفحه : ۶ | تاریخ امتحان: ۱۳۹۹/۳/۲۱ | | پایه دوازدهم |
| | بش کیفیت آموزشی | مرکز سنجش و پا | داد ماه) سال ۱۳۹۹ | دانش آموزان و داوطلبان آزاد خارج از کشور (خر |
| نمره | | ت | سؤالاد | ردیف |

| | Writing | ۱۳ | | | |
|---|--|------|--|--|--|
| | متن زیر را با کلمات ربط (but, and, so, or) کامل کنید. | | | | |
| | Ants are found everywhere in the world. They make their home in buildings, (49). or they live in gardens. Ants are very hardworking insects, (50) so throughout the summers they collect food for winter season. Whenever they find a sweet on the floor, they stick to the sweet (51) and carry it to their home. They are usually wingless, (52) but they develop wings when they reproduce. | | | | |
| | جملات زیر را مرتب کرده و به شکل یک پاراگراف در آورید. جملات بیک پاراگراف در آورید. | ١, | | | |
| | <u>concluding sentence</u> را مشخص کرده ودر جدول داده شده در پاسخنامه بنویسید. | | | | |
| | a. For example, not only they are source of fresh and clean air. C Topic Sentence | | | | |
| | b. In short, trees are the best friends of us. | | | | |
| | c. Trees are essential for human's life. | | | | |
| | d. In addition, they provide us with wood to make things. | | | | |
| | e. They supply us with many necessary things in many ways. | | | | |
| | f. But also they are an important source of food. b Concluding Sentence | | | | |
| ٣ | با استفاده از اطلاعات داده شده یک پاراگراف درباره سردار شهید عباس بابایی در پاسخنامه بنویسید. | | | | |
| | Name: Abbas Babaie Birth: Qazvin. December05, 1950 Death: Iraqi Air space. August6, 1987 Job: Iranian Air Force pilot | | | | |
| | Wars: Iran- Iraq war. Martyr Abbas Babaie is one of the most distinguished pilots He was born on December 5, 1950 in Qazvin. Working Iranian Air Force pilot, he defended his country bravely agai enemies during Iran-Iraq war, and finally was killed in an Ir space on August 6, 1987. | as a | | | |

