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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

Line Segment Intersection

1390-2



Line segment intersection problem:

Given two sets of line segments, compute all intersections between a segment from one set and a segment from the other.

★ We consider the segments to be closed.

Simplified version:

Given a set S of n closed segments in the plane, report all intersection points among the segments in S .





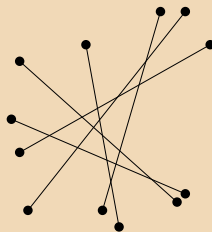
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1st algorithm

- The brute-force algorithm clearly requires $\mathcal{O}(n^2)$ time.
- In a sense this is optimal: when each pair of segments intersects any algorithm must take $\Omega(n^2)$ time, because it has to report all intersections.



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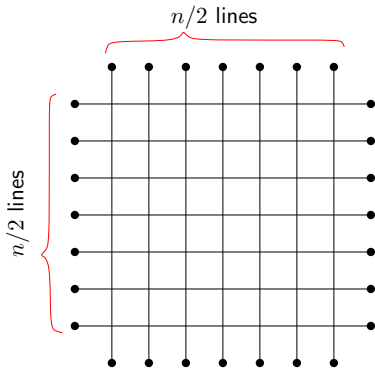
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Intersection

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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

Output sensitive algorithm

Definition:

An algorithm whose running time depends not only on the number of segments in the input, but also on the number of intersection points.

In our case:

We want an algorithm that runs faster when the number of intersections is sub-quadratic.



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

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Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

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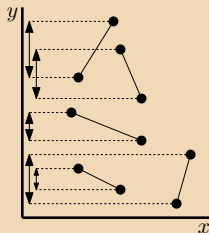
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Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

y -intervals

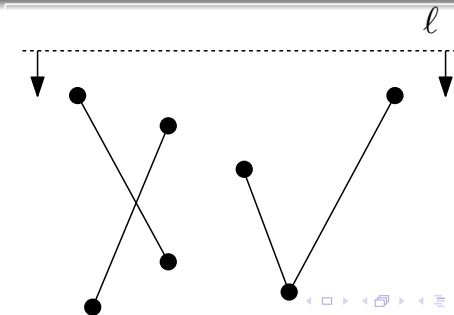
- Define the y -interval of a segment to be its orthogonal projection onto the y -axis.
- When the y -intervals of a pair of segments do not overlap then they cannot intersect.
- To find segments whose y -intervals overlap we use a **Plane sweep algorithm**.



Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

- We imagine sweeping a line ℓ downwards over the plane, starting from a position above all segments.
- While we sweep the imaginary line, we keep track of all segments intersecting it so that we can find the pairs we need.
- The **status** of the sweep line is the set of segments intersecting it.



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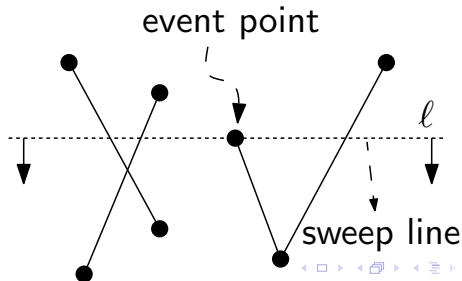
Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

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Line Segment
Intersection

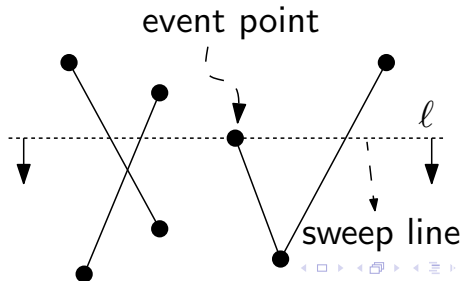
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Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

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when the sweep line reaches an event point:

- If the event point is the upper endpoint of a segment, then a new segment starts intersecting the sweep line and must be added to the status.
- If the event point is a lower endpoint, a segment stops intersecting the sweep line and must be deleted from the status.
- If the algorithm test pairs of segments for which there is a horizontal line that intersects both segments. (still quadratic).



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

New algorithm:

- Order the segments from left to right as they intersect the sweep line.
- Test adjacent segments in the horizontal ordering for intersection.
- To maintain the sorted list, we need to take care of new event points.



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

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Line Segment
Intersection

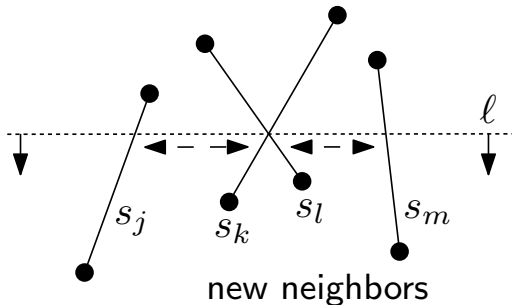
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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

Do we still find all intersections?

Lemma 2.1 Let s_i and s_j be two non-horizontal segments whose interiors intersect in a single point p , and assume there is no third segment passing through p . Then there is an event point above p where s_i and s_j become adjacent and are tested for intersection.



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Line Segment
Intersection

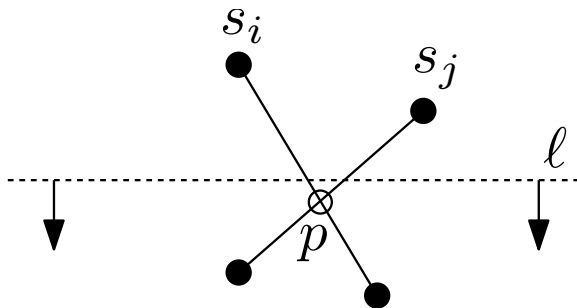
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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

Handling event points:

The event point is the upper endpoint of a segment:

- Insert the new segment in the sorted list.
- Check for intersection between the new segment and the segment before and after it in the sorted list.



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Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

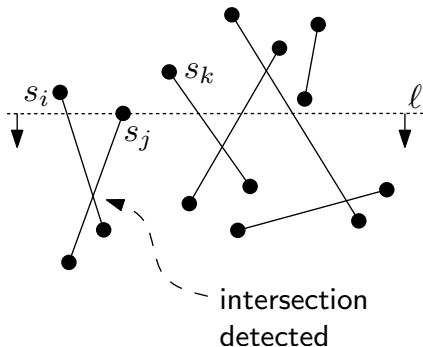
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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

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Handling event points:

The event point is an intersection:

- Change the order of intersected segments in the sorted list.
- For each intersected segment, check for intersection between the segment and the new neighbor in the sorted list.



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

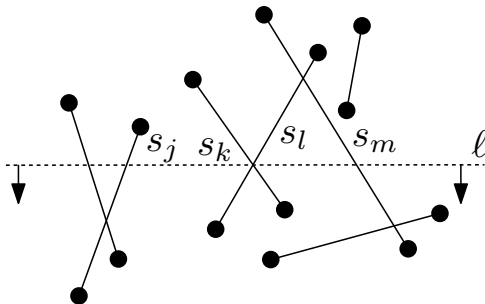
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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

Handling event points:

The event point is a lower endpoint:

- Remove the segments from the sorted list.
- check for intersection between the neighboring segments.



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Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

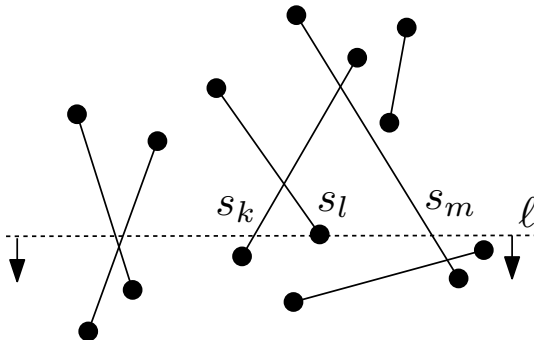
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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

A data structure for handling event:

We need an event queue Q such that:

- 1 find and removes the next event that will occur from Q . If two event points have the same y -coordinate, then the one with smaller x -coordinate will be returned.
- 2 Insert an event point in Q . An insertion must be able to check whether an event is already present in Q .



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

Implementation of the event queue:

- 1 Define an order $\prec$ on event points: $p \prec q$ if and only if $p_y > q_y$ holds or $p_y = q_y$ and $p_x < q_x$ holds.
- 2 We store the event points in a balanced binary search tree, ordered according to $\prec$.
- 3 Fetching the next event and inserting an event and testing whether a given event is already present in $\mathcal{Q}$ take $\mathcal{O}(\log m)$ time, where m is the number of events in $\mathcal{Q}$.



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

To maintain the sorted list of segments (status of the algorithm):

- 1 The status structure must be dynamic: segments must be inserted into or deleted from the structure.
- 2 We use a balanced binary search tree as status structure.
- 3 At each internal node, we store the segment from the rightmost leaf in its left subtree.



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

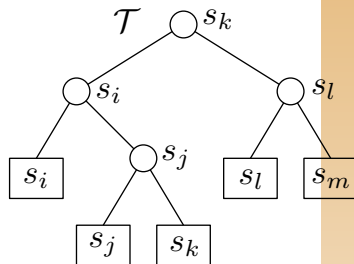
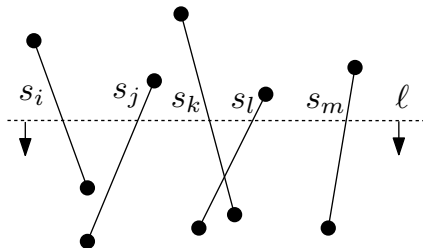
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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

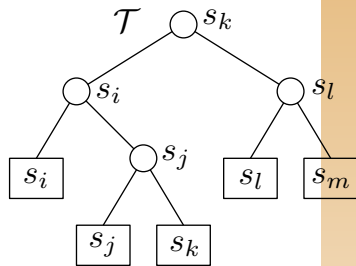
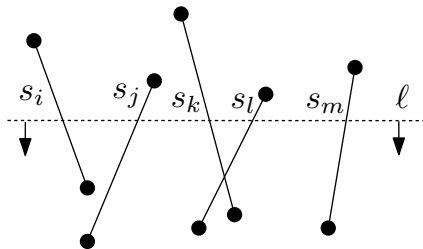
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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

To search in $\mathcal{T}$ for the segment immediately to the left of some point p :

- 1 Traverse the tree until you meet a leaf.
- 2 This leaf, or the leaf immediately to the left of it, stores the segment we are searching for.
- 3 Therefore each update and neighbor search operation takes $\mathcal{O}(\log n)$ time.



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Geometry

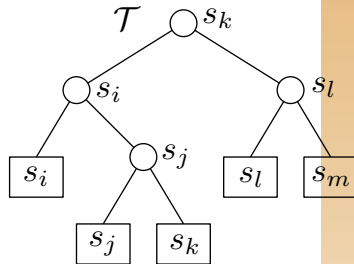
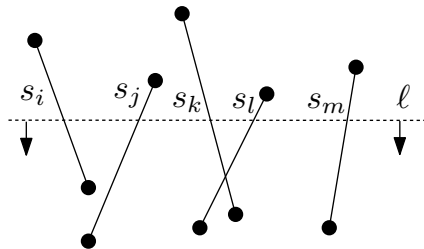
Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm



Algorithm FINDINTERSECTIONS(S)

Input: A set S of line segments in the plane.

Output: The set of intersection points among the segments in S , with for each intersection point the segments that contain it.

1. Initialize an empty event queue Q . Next, insert the segment endpoints into Q ; when an upper endpoint is inserted, the corresponding segment should be stored with it.
2. Initialize an empty status structure $\mathcal{T}$.
3. **while** Q is not empty
4. Determine the next event point p in Q and delete it.
5. HANDLEEVENTPOINT(p)

Plane sweep algorithm



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm

Algorithm HANDLEEVENTPOINT(p)

1. $U(p) \leftarrow$ segments whose upper endpoint is p ;
2. Find all segments stored in $\mathcal{T}$ that contain p ;
 $L(p) \leftarrow$ segments found whose lower endpoint is p ;
 $C(p) \leftarrow$ segments found that contain p in their interior.
3. **if** $|L(p) \cup U(p) \cup C(p)| > 1$
4. **then** Report p as an intersection, together with
 $L(p)$, $U(p)$, and $C(p)$.
5. Delete the segments in $L(p) \cup C(p)$ from $\mathcal{T}$.
6. Insert the segments in $U(p) \cup C(p)$ into $\mathcal{T}$.
7. **if** $U(p) \cup C(p) == \emptyset$
8. **then** s_l and $s_r \leftarrow$ the left and right neighbors of p in $\mathcal{T}$.
9. FINDNEWEVENT(s_l, s_r, p)
10. **else** $s' \leftarrow$ the leftmost segment of $U(p) \cup C(p)$ in $\mathcal{T}$.
 $s_l \leftarrow$ the left neighbor of s' in $\mathcal{T}$.
11. FINDNEWEVENT(s_l, s', p)
12. $s'' \leftarrow$ the rightmost segment of $U(p) \cup C(p)$ in $\mathcal{T}$.
13. $s_r \leftarrow$ the right neighbor of s'' in $\mathcal{T}$.
14. FINDNEWEVENT(s'', s_r, p)



Algorithm FINDNEWEVENT(s_l, s_r, p)

1. **if** s_l and s_r intersect below the sweep line, or on it and to the right of the current event point p , and the intersection is not yet present as an event in Q
2. **then** Insert the intersection point as an event into Q .

Plane sweep algorithm

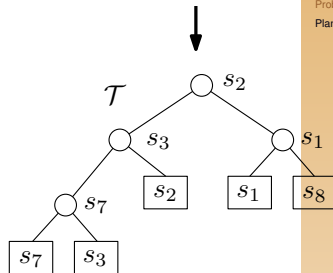
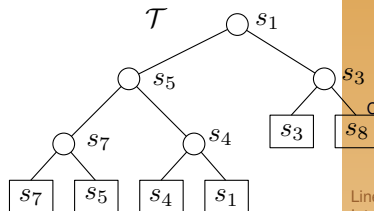
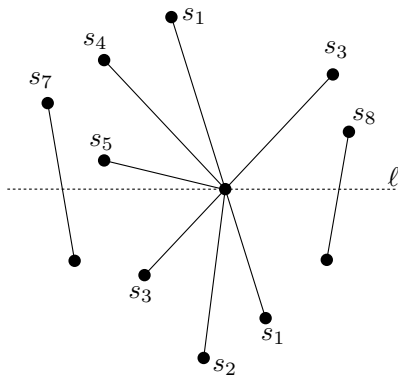


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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem
Plane sweep algorithm



Plane sweep algorithm

Lemma 2.2

Algorithm FINDINTERSECTIONS computes all intersection points and the segments that contain it correctly.



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

Lemma 2.3

The running time of Algorithm FINDINTERSECTIONS for a set S of n line segments in the plane is $\mathcal{O}(n \log n + I \log n)$, where I is the number of intersection points of segments in S .



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

Plane sweep algorithm

Theorem 2.4

Let S be a set of n line segments in the plane. All intersection points in S , with for each intersection point the segments involved in it, can be reported in $\mathcal{O}(n \log n + I \log n)$ time and $\mathcal{O}(n)$ space, where I is the number of intersection points.



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm



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Computational
Geometry

Line Segment
Intersection

Problem

Plane sweep algorithm

