

ریاضیات مهندسی پیشرفته

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سرفصل مطالب جلسه چهارم

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روانی هندسی پیشرفته

جلسه چهارم

$$u(x,t) = \dots \left(\frac{x}{c} - \frac{x_0}{c} \right) \dots$$

$$u(x,t) = \dots \left(\frac{x}{c} + \frac{x_0}{c} \right) \dots$$

$$u(x,t) = \dots \left(\frac{x}{c} - \frac{x_0}{c} \right) \dots$$

انتقال حرارت در سیم

معادله انتقال حرارت یک بعدی

$$c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u(x,t)}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial u(x,t)}{\partial t}$$

$$u(0,t) = u(l,t)$$

$$u(x,0) = F(x)$$

روش تفکیک متغیر

$$u(x,t) = F(x)G(t)$$

$$c^2 F''G = F G' \Rightarrow \frac{F''}{F} = \frac{G'}{c^2 G} = \kappa = \begin{cases} -\lambda^2 & (\kappa < 0) \\ 0 & (\kappa = 0) \\ \lambda^2 & (\kappa > 0) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} F'' + \lambda^2 F = 0 \Rightarrow F(x) = A \cos \lambda x + B \sin \lambda x \\ G' + \lambda^2 c^2 G = 0 \Rightarrow G(t) = -\lambda^2 c^2 G(t) = \frac{G'(t)}{G(t)} = -\lambda^2 c^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\int \frac{G'(t)}{G(t)} = -\lambda^2 c^2 \Rightarrow \ln G(t) = -\lambda^2 c^2 t + C_1$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{\ln G(t)} = e^{-\lambda^2 c^2 t + C_1} = D e^{-\lambda^2 c^2 t} \cdot e^{C_1} = D$$

$$\Rightarrow G(t) = D e^{-\lambda^2 c^2 t}$$

$$u(x, t) = F(x) \cdot G(t) = (A \cos \lambda x + B \sin \lambda x) D e^{-\lambda^2 c^2 t}$$

$$u(0, t) = 0 \Rightarrow F(0) \cdot G(t) = 0 \Rightarrow F(0) = 0$$

معمولاً در این مرحله فرض می‌کنیم که $G(t) \neq 0$ است.

$$F(0) = A \cos 0 + B \sin 0 = 0 \Rightarrow A \cdot 1 + B \cdot 0 = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{A = 0}$$

$$u(l, t) = 0 \Rightarrow F(l) \cdot G(t) = 0 \Rightarrow F(l) = 0$$

$$F(l) = B \sin \lambda l = 0 \Rightarrow \sin \lambda l = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda l = n\pi \Rightarrow \boxed{\lambda = \frac{n\pi}{l}}$$

$$F_n(x) = B_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x$$

$$G_n(t) = D_n e^{-\frac{n^2 \pi^2 c^2}{l^2} t}$$

$$B_n D_n = b_n$$

$$u(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \frac{\sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x}{l} e^{-\frac{n^2 \pi^2 c^2}{l^2} t}$$

$$u(x, 0) = f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l f(x) \frac{\sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x}{l} dx$$

بسیار مهم باشد

تمرین ۱) حالات غیر ممکن را اثبات کنید.

$$k = \begin{cases} -1^2 & \text{for } x < 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } x = 0 \\ 1^2 & \text{for } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = k(x)$

$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = -1$ for $x < 0$

$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 0$ for $x = 0$

$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 1$ for $x > 0$

$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = -x + C_1$ for $x < 0$

$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = C_2$ for $x = 0$

$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = x + C_3$ for $x > 0$

تمرین ۲) معادله زیر را حل کنید.

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 2x$$

$l = a$

$u(0, t) = 0$ & $u(a, t) = 100$

$u(x, 0) = x^2$

Solution:

$$u(x, t) = u(x) + w(x, t)$$

where $u(x)$ is the steady state solution.

The general solution for $w(x, t)$ is:

$$w(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{200}{n^2 \pi^2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi t}{a}\right) \right)$$

مثال) حل معادله انتقال حرارت یک بعدی در صورتیکه ابتدا و انتهای میله عایق شده باشد.

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$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \Big|_{x=0} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \Big|_{x=l} = 0$$

$$c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \quad u(x, 0) = f(x)$$

$$u(x, t) = F(x) \cdot G(t) \quad F(x) = A \cos \lambda x + B \sin \lambda x \quad G(t) = D e^{-\lambda^2 c^2 t}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \Big|_{x=0} = F'(x) G(t) \Big|_{x=0} = 0$$

$$-A \lambda \sin \lambda x + B \lambda \cos \lambda x \Big|_{x=0} \Rightarrow -A \lambda \cdot 0 + B \lambda \cdot 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F'(0) G(t) = 0 = F'(0) \Rightarrow B \lambda = 0 \Rightarrow B = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \Big|_{x=l} = 0 \Rightarrow F'(l) = 0 \Rightarrow -A \lambda \sin \lambda l = 0 \Rightarrow \sin \lambda l = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n\pi = \lambda l \Rightarrow \boxed{\lambda = \frac{n\pi}{l}}$$

$$F_n(x) = A_n \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x$$

$$F_n(x) = A_n C_n \frac{\sin n\pi x}{l} \quad \text{و} \quad G(t) = D e^{-\lambda^2 c^2 t} \rightarrow G_n(t) = D_n e^{-\frac{n^2 \pi^2 c^2}{l^2} t}$$

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_n C_n \frac{\sin n\pi x}{l} D_n e^{-\frac{n^2 \pi^2 c^2}{l^2} t}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n C_n \frac{\sin n\pi x}{l} e^{-\frac{n^2 \pi^2 c^2}{l^2} t}$$

$$u(x,0) = f(x)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n C_n \frac{\sin n\pi x}{l} = f(x) \rightarrow \underbrace{a_n D_n}_{C_n} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n C_n \frac{\sin n\pi x}{l} = f(x)$$

بسیار مهم است

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a_0}{2} = C_0 = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^{l/2} f(x) dx \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \int_0^l f(x) dx = C_0$$

$$C_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l f(x) C_n \frac{\sin n\pi x}{l} dx$$

$u(x, y, z, t) = 0 \quad 0 < x < a$
 $u(a, y, z, t) = 0 \quad 0 < y < b$
 $u(x, 0, z, t) = 0 \quad 0 < x < a$
 $u(x, b, z, t) = 0 \quad 0 < x < a$

$u(x, y, z, t)$
 $c^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \right) = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t^2}$

$u(x, y, z, t) = F(x, y, z) \cdot T(t)$

$u(x, y, z, t) = X(x) \cdot Y(y) \cdot T(t)$

$c^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \right) = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t^2} \Rightarrow c^2 (X'' Y T + X Y'' T) = X Y T''$

$\frac{X''}{X} + \frac{Y''}{Y} = \frac{T''}{c^2 T} = -\lambda^2$

$\Rightarrow \frac{T''}{c^2 T} = -\lambda^2 \Rightarrow T'' + c^2 \lambda^2 T = 0 \quad (1)$

$\frac{X''}{X} + \frac{Y''}{Y} = -\lambda^2 \Rightarrow \frac{X''}{X} = -\lambda^2 - \frac{Y''}{Y} = -\delta^2 \Rightarrow X'' + \delta^2 X = 0 \quad (2)$

$\frac{Y''}{Y} + \lambda^2 = \delta^2 \Rightarrow \frac{Y''}{Y} = (\lambda^2 - \delta^2) \Rightarrow \lambda^2 - \delta^2 = \rho^2 \Rightarrow Y'' + \rho^2 Y = 0 \quad (3)$

$T' + c^2 \lambda^2 T = 0 \Rightarrow T(t) = A e^{-c^2 \lambda^2 t}$

$X'' + \delta^2 X = 0 \Rightarrow X(x) = B \cos \delta x + D \sin \delta x$

$Y' + \rho^2 Y = 0 \Rightarrow Y(y) = E \cos \rho y + F \sin \rho y$

در صورتی که $A, B, D, \lambda, \delta, \rho$ را به دست آوریم

$u(0, y, t) = 0 \Rightarrow X(0)Y(y)T(t) = 0 \Rightarrow X(0) = 0$

$\Rightarrow B \cos(\delta \cdot 0) + D \sin(\delta \cdot 0) = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{B = 0}$

$u(x, 0, t) = 0 \Rightarrow X(x)Y(0)T(t) = 0 \Rightarrow Y(0) = 0$

$\Rightarrow E \cos(\rho \cdot 0) + F \sin(\rho \cdot 0) = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{E = 0}$

$u(x, n, t) = 0 \Rightarrow X(x)Y(n)T(t) = 0 \Rightarrow Y(n) = 0$

$\Rightarrow F \sin(\rho y) = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{\rho = m}$

$Y_n(y) = F_m \sin m y$

$\lambda^2 - \delta^2 = \rho^2 \Rightarrow \lambda^2 = \rho^2 + \delta^2$

$\boxed{\lambda^2 = m^2 + n^2}$

$$T(t) = A e^{-c^2 \lambda^2 t} \Rightarrow T_{mn}(t) = A_{mn} e^{-c^2(m^2+n^2)t}$$

$$u_{mn}(x, y, z, t) = X_n(x) \cdot Y_m(y) \cdot T_{mn}(t) = P_n \sin nx \cdot F_m \sin my \cdot A_{mn} e^{-c^2(m^2+n^2)t}$$

$$= b_{mn} \sin nx \sin my e^{-c^2(m^2+n^2)t}$$

$$\textcircled{*} u(x, y, z, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} b_{mn} \sin nx \sin my e^{-c^2(m^2+n^2)t}$$

$$u(x, y, z, 0) = f(x, y) \Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} b_{mn} \sin nx \sin my = f(x, y)$$

در این مرحله، برای هر n, m ثابت، $K_m(x) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} b_{mn} \sin my$ داریم.

$$\textcircled{1} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} K_m(x) \sin my = P(x, y)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_{m,n} \sin nx = K_m(x)$$

برای یافتن $K_m(x)$ از معادله (1) استفاده می‌کنیم:

$$K_m(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x, y) \sin my \, dy$$

برای یافتن $b_{m,n}$ از معادله (2) استفاده می‌کنیم:

$$b_{m,n} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} K_m(x) \sin nx \, dx$$

$$\textcircled{*} b_{mn} = \frac{4}{\pi^2} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x, y) \sin my \sin nx \, dy \, dx$$

* $u(x, y, z, t)$ عبارت از مجموع این موارد است.

$$u(x, y, t) = 0 \Rightarrow X(x) = 0 \Rightarrow D^2 X + E X = 0 \Rightarrow D = 0$$

$$u(a, y, t) = 0 \Rightarrow X(a) = 0 \Rightarrow F \sin \delta a = 0 \Rightarrow \delta a = n\pi \Rightarrow \delta = \frac{n\pi}{a}$$

$$u(x, y, t) = 0 \Rightarrow Y(0) = 0 \Rightarrow F X + G Y = 0 \Rightarrow F = 0$$

$$u(x, b, t) = 0 \Rightarrow Y(b) = 0 \Rightarrow G \sin \rho b = 0 \Rightarrow \rho b = m\pi \Rightarrow \rho = \frac{m\pi}{b}$$

$$\lambda^2 = \rho^2 + \delta^2 \Rightarrow \lambda^2 = \left(\frac{m\pi}{b}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n\pi}{a}\right)^2$$

$$E_n = G_m A_{mn} = 0_{mn}$$

$$E_n = G_m B_{mn} = b_{mn}$$

$$X_n(x) = E_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \quad \& \quad Y_m(y) = G_m \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y \quad \&$$

$$T_{mn}(t) = A_{mn} \cos \sqrt{\left(\frac{m\pi}{b}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n\pi}{a}\right)^2} t + B_{mn} \sin \sqrt{\left(\frac{m\pi}{b}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n\pi}{a}\right)^2} t$$

$$u(x, y, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left[a_{mn} \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y \cos \lambda_{mn} t + \right.$$

$$\left. + b_{mn} \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y \sin \lambda_{mn} t \right]$$

$$u(x, y, 0) = f(x) \Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} a_{mn} \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y = f(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} h_n(x) \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y = f(x)$$

$$h_n(x) = \int_0^b f(x) \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y \, dy$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_{mn} \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x = h_n(x)$$

$$a_{mn} = \frac{1}{a} \int_0^a h_n(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \, dx$$

$$a_{mn} = \frac{1}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b f(x,y) \sin \frac{m\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{n\pi}{b} y \, dy \, dx$$

$b_{mn} = ?$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \Big|_{t=0} = g(x,y)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} a_{mn} \sin \frac{m\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{n\pi}{b} y \times c \lambda_{mn} \sin c \lambda_{mn} t$$

$$\hookrightarrow c \lambda_{mn} b_{mn} \sin \frac{m\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{n\pi}{b} y \times c \lambda_{mn} t \Big|_{t=0} = g(x,y)$$

$$\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c \lambda_{mn} b_{mn} \sin \frac{m\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{n\pi}{b} y = g(x,y)$$

مساوی می‌کنیم

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} K_n(y) \sin \frac{n\pi}{b} y = g(x,y)$$

$$\Rightarrow K_n(y) = \int_0^b g(x,y) \sin \frac{n\pi}{b} y \, dx$$

$$\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} c \lambda_{mn} b_{mn} \sin \frac{m\pi}{a} x = K_n(y)$$

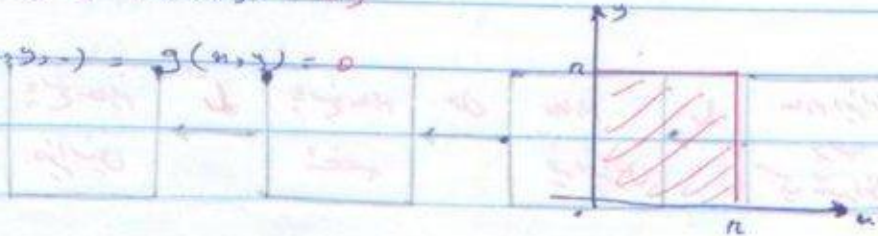
$$\Rightarrow c \lambda_{mn} b_{mn} = \frac{1}{a} \int_0^a K_n(y) \sin \frac{m\pi}{a} x \, dx$$

$$b_{mn} = \frac{1}{ab} \times \frac{1}{c \lambda_{mn}} \int_0^a \int_0^b g(x,y) \sin \frac{n\pi}{b} y \sin \frac{m\pi}{a} x \, dy \, dx$$

مثال ۱) مطلوبیت معادله موج دو بعدی با فرکانس ω در یک مربع $0 \leq x \leq a$ و $0 \leq y \leq a$ را بیابید.
 (توجه: شرط مرزی صلب)

$$u(x, y, 0) = f(x, y) = ay$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x, y, 0) = g(x, y) = 0$$



$$u(x, y, t) =$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(a_{nm} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{m\pi y}{a} \right) C_2 e^{\lambda_{nm} t} +$$

$$D_2 \sin \frac{n\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{m\pi y}{a} \sin(\lambda_{nm} t)$$

$$a_{nm} = \frac{4}{a^2} \int_0^a \int_0^a ay \sin \frac{n\pi x}{a} \sin \frac{m\pi y}{a} dx dy$$

$$a_{nm} = \frac{4}{a^2} \int_0^a n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{a} dx \int_0^a y \sin \frac{m\pi y}{a} dy$$

$$b_{nm} = 0$$

