

¹ Benchmark

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$$\mathbf{x} = \boldsymbol{\phi}(\mathbf{X}, t) \quad \text{or} \quad x_i = \phi_i(\mathbf{X}, t)$$
$$\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{X}, t) \quad . \quad t$$
$$\mathbf{X} \qquad \boldsymbol{\phi}$$

$$\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{X},t) = \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\phi}(\mathbf{X},t)}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}}{\partial t}\Big|_{X}$$

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² Convective ³ Chain rule

$$\frac{df}{dt} = \frac{\partial f(x_i, t)}{\partial t} \bigg|_{x} = \frac{\partial f(x_i(\mathbf{X}, t), t)}{\partial t} \bigg|_{x} + \frac{\partial f(x_i(\mathbf{X}, t), t)}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial x_i}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \bigg|_{x} + v_i \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \bigg|_{x} + \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla f$$

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$$\mathbf{v}^{m}(\boldsymbol{\chi},t) = \frac{\partial \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}}(\boldsymbol{\chi},t)}{\partial t} \equiv \frac{\partial \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}}}{\partial t}\Big|_{\boldsymbol{\chi}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}}{\partial t}\Big|_{\boldsymbol{\chi}}$$
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 $f(\boldsymbol{\chi},t)$

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 $\mathbf{x} = \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}}(\boldsymbol{\chi}, t)$

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$$\frac{df}{dt} = \frac{\partial f(\chi_{i}, t)}{\partial t}\Big|_{\chi} = \frac{\partial f(\chi_{i}, t)}{\partial t}\Big|_{\chi} + \frac{\partial f(\chi_{i}, t)}{\partial \chi_{i}}\frac{\partial \chi_{i}}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t}\Big|_{\chi} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial \chi_{i}}\frac{\partial \chi_{i}}{\partial t} \qquad ()$$

$$\mathbf{w}$$

$$\vdots \qquad \mathbf{X} \qquad \qquad \boldsymbol{\chi}$$

$$w_{i} = \frac{\partial \chi_{i}}{\partial t}\Big|_{\chi} \qquad ()$$

$$\frac{df}{dt} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t}\Big|_{\chi} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial \chi}\Big|_{\chi} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial \chi_{i}}w_{i} \qquad ()$$

 $(\frac{\partial f}{\partial \chi_i})$

⁴ Reynolds transport theorem

 $0 = \frac{dm}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \int_{V_t} \rho dV \tag{()}$

$$0 = \frac{dm}{dt} = \int_{V_t} \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} dV + \int_{S_t} \rho \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n} dV = \int_{V_t} \left(\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}) \right) dV$$
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 $\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v}) = 0 \tag{()}$

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$$\frac{d\rho}{dt} + \rho \nabla \mathbf{.v} = 0 \tag{()}$$

 $\int_{V_t} \rho \mathbf{v} dV \qquad S_t \qquad V_t$

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 V_t

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$$\frac{d}{dt} \int_{V_t} \rho \mathbf{v} dV = \int_{S_t} \mathbf{t} \, dS + \int_{V_t} \rho \mathbf{b} dV \qquad (\qquad)$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \int_{V_t} \rho \mathbf{v} dV = \int_{V_t} \frac{\partial(\rho \mathbf{v})}{\partial t} dV + \int_{S_t} (\rho \mathbf{v} \otimes \mathbf{v}) \cdot \mathbf{n} dS \qquad (\qquad)$$

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 $ho \mathbf{b}$

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$$.([\mathbf{u} \otimes \mathbf{v}]_{ij} = u_i v_j \qquad) \qquad \qquad \mathbf{v} \otimes \mathbf{v}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \int_{V_t} \rho \mathbf{v} dV = \int_{V_t} \frac{\partial(\rho \mathbf{v})}{\partial t} dV + \int_{V_t} \nabla \cdot (\rho \mathbf{v} \otimes \mathbf{v}) dV =$$

$$\int_{V_t} \left[\frac{\partial(\rho \mathbf{v})}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{v} \rho \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla (\rho \mathbf{v}) \right] dV = \int_{V_t} \left[\frac{d(\rho \mathbf{v})}{dt} + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{v} \rho \mathbf{v} \right] dV =$$

$$\int_{V_t} \left[\rho \frac{d\mathbf{v}}{dt} + \mathbf{v} \left(\frac{d\rho}{dt} + \rho \nabla \cdot \mathbf{v} \right) \right] dV = \int_{V_t} \rho \frac{d\mathbf{v}}{dt} dV$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\int_{S_t} \mathbf{t} \, dS = \int_{S_t} \mathbf{n} \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma} \, dS = \int_{V_t} \nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma} \, dV \tag{()}$$

$$\int_{V_t} \rho \frac{d\mathbf{v}}{dt} dV = \int_{V_t} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{\sigma} \, dV + \int_{V_t} \rho \mathbf{b} dV \tag{()}$$

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$$V_t$$

$$\rho \frac{d\mathbf{v}}{dt} = \nabla \cdot \mathbf{\sigma} + \rho \mathbf{b} \tag{()}$$

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⁵ Cauchy's law



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⁶ Initial boundary value problem

⁷ Dirichlet

⁸ Neumann

⁹ Robin ¹⁰ Spin

$$\nabla \mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x_3} \\ \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x_3} \\ \frac{\partial v_3}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial v_3}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial v_3}{\partial x_3} \end{bmatrix}$$
(())

$$\frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_j} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial v_j}{\partial x_i} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_j} - \frac{\partial v_j}{\partial x_i} \right) \quad \text{for} \quad i, j = 1, \dots, n_{\text{SD}}$$
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 $n_{\rm SD}$

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$$\nabla \mathbf{v} = \nabla^{s} \mathbf{v} + \nabla^{w} \mathbf{v} \quad \text{where} \quad \begin{cases} \nabla^{s} = \frac{1}{2} (\nabla + \nabla^{T}) \\ \nabla^{w} = \frac{1}{2} (\nabla - \nabla^{T}) \\ () \\ \nabla^{w} \mathbf{v} \\ ()$$

 $\sigma_{ij} = -p\delta_{ij}$

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 $-\sigma_{_{ii}}/3$.

 ¹¹ Vorticity
 ¹² Isotropic
 ¹³ Kronecker delta

$$p = -\frac{1}{3}\sigma_{ii} \tag{()}$$

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$$\rho_f \frac{d\mathbf{v}}{dt} = \nabla \cdot \mathbf{\sigma}^f + \rho_f \mathbf{b}^f \quad \text{in } \Omega^f \times (0, T) \tag{()}$$
$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{v} = 0 \quad \text{in } \Omega^f \times (0, T) \tag{()}$$

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$$\rho_f \left. \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial t} \right|_{\chi} - 2\mu_f \nabla \cdot \nabla^s \mathbf{v} + \rho_f \left(\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}^m \right) \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v} + \nabla p = \rho_f \mathbf{b}^f \quad \text{in} \quad \Omega^f \times (0, T)$$
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- ¹⁴ Constitutive equation ¹⁵ Stokes' law

$$\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x},t) = \mathbf{v}_D(\mathbf{x},t) \quad \text{on} \quad \Gamma_D^f \times (0,T) \tag{()}$$
$$\Gamma_N^f \qquad \mathbf{t}^f$$

$$\mathbf{n}^{f} \cdot \mathbf{\sigma}^{f} = -p\mathbf{n}^{f} + 2\mu_{f}\mathbf{n}^{f} \cdot \nabla^{s}\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{t}^{f} \text{ on } \Gamma_{N}^{f} \times (0,T)$$
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$$()$$

$$\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x},0) = \mathbf{v}_0 \quad \text{on} \quad \Omega^f \times \{0\} \tag{()}$$

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$$\mathbf{b}^{f}(\mathbf{)} :$$

$$\mathbf{t}^{f} \qquad \Gamma_{D}^{f} \qquad \mathbf{v}_{D} \qquad ,$$

$$\vdots \qquad p \qquad \mathbf{v} \qquad , \Gamma_{N}^{f}$$

$$\rho_{f} \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial t}\Big|_{\mathbf{x}} - 2\mu_{f} \nabla \cdot \nabla^{s} \mathbf{v} + \rho_{f} \left(\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}^{m}\right) \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v} + \nabla p = \rho_{f} \mathbf{b}^{f} \quad \text{in} \quad \Omega^{f} \times (0, T) \qquad (\qquad)$$

$$\nabla \mathbf{v} = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad \Omega^f \times (0, T) \tag{()}$$

$$\mathbf{v}(x,0) = \mathbf{v}_0 \quad \text{on} \quad \Omega^f \times \{0\} \tag{()}$$

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$$\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x},t) = \mathbf{v}_D(\mathbf{x},t) \quad \text{on} \quad \Gamma_D^f \times (0,T) \tag{()}$$

$$\mathbf{n}^{f} \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}^{f} = -p\mathbf{n}^{f} + 2\mu_{f}\mathbf{n}^{f} \cdot \boldsymbol{\nabla}^{s}\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{t}^{f} \quad \text{on} \quad \boldsymbol{\Gamma}_{N}^{f} \times (0, T)$$
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$$\mathbf{v}_D$$
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$$\{\mathbf{v}, p\} \in \mathcal{V} \qquad , \qquad \mathbf{t}^f$$
$$: [] \qquad \{\delta \mathbf{v}, \delta p\} \in \mathcal{W}$$

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$$\left(\left. \delta \mathbf{v}, \rho_f \left. \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial t} \right|_{\chi} \right)_{\Omega^f} - \left(\delta \mathbf{v}, \mu_f \nabla \cdot \nabla^s \mathbf{v} \right)_{\Omega^f} + \left(\delta \mathbf{v}, \rho_f \left(\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}^m \right) \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v} \right)_{\Omega^f} + \left(\delta \mathbf{v}, \nabla p \right)_{\Omega^f} + \left(\delta p, \nabla \cdot \mathbf{v} \right)_{\Omega^f} = \left(\delta \mathbf{v}, \rho_f \mathbf{b}^f \right)_{\Omega^f}$$

$$()$$

$$\Omega \qquad L^2 \qquad (\cdot, \cdot) = \int_{\Omega} (\cdot) d\Omega$$

$$B^{f}(\delta \mathbf{v}, \delta p; \mathbf{v}, p) = L^{f}(\delta \mathbf{v}, \delta p)$$
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$$B^{f}(\delta \mathbf{v}, \delta p; \mathbf{v}, p) = \left(\delta \mathbf{v}, \rho_{f} \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial t} \Big|_{\mathbf{x}} \right)_{\Omega^{f}} + \left(\nabla^{s} \delta \mathbf{v}, 2\mu_{f} \nabla^{s} \mathbf{v} \right)_{\Omega^{f}} + \left(\delta \mathbf{v}, \rho_{f} \left(\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}^{m} \right) \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v} \right)_{\Omega^{f}} - \left(\nabla \cdot \delta \mathbf{v}, p \right)_{\Omega^{f}} + \left(\delta p, \nabla \cdot \mathbf{v} \right)_{\Omega^{f}}$$

$$()$$

$$L^{f}(\delta \mathbf{v}, \delta p) = (\delta \mathbf{v}, \rho_{f} \mathbf{b}^{f})_{\Omega^{f}} + (\delta \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{t}^{f})_{\Gamma_{N}^{f}}$$
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$$v_{i} = \sum_{I=1}^{n_{N}^{e}} N_{I} v_{iI}$$

$$p = \sum_{I=1}^{n_{N}^{e}} N_{I} p_{I}$$

$$p_{I} = v_{iI-I} C^{0}$$

$$N_{I-I} = n_{N}^{e}$$
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 $\rho_f(\mathbf{v}-\mathbf{v}^m).\nabla\mathbf{v}$: •

($v.\nabla v\simeq v.\nabla v$) $\overline{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}^m$ v :

$$\rho_f \left(\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}^m \right) \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v} = \rho_f \overline{\mathbf{v}} \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v} \tag{()}$$

 $M\dot{v} + \begin{bmatrix} K + C \end{bmatrix} v + Gp = F$

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$$\mathbf{G}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$M_{IJ} = \int_{\Omega^f} \rho_f N_I N_J d\Omega$$

¹⁶ Convection
 ¹⁷ Picard linearization

$$\mathbf{K} = {}^{1}\mathbf{K} + {}^{2}\mathbf{K}$$

$${}^{1}K_{IJ} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \mu_{f} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{j}} \frac{\partial N_{J}}{\partial x_{j}} d\Omega$$
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$${}^{2}K_{ijIJ} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \mu_{f} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{j}} \frac{\partial N_{J}}{\partial x_{i}} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$$C_{IJ} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \rho_{f} N_{I} \frac{\partial N_{J}}{\partial x_{j}} \overline{\nabla}_{j} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$$\mathbf{G}^{\mathrm{T}}$$
 \mathbf{G}

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$$G_{iIJ} = -\int_{\Omega^f} \frac{\partial N_I}{\partial x_i} N_J d\Omega \tag{()}$$

 Γ^{f} t \mathbf{b}^{f}

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$$\mathbf{F} = \int_{\Omega^f} \rho_f N_I b_i^f d\Omega + \int_{\Gamma_N^f} N_I t_i d\Gamma$$

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- ¹⁸ Viscosity matrix
 ¹⁹ Convection matrix
 ²⁰ Discrete gradient operator
 ²¹ Discrete divergence operator
 ²² Central difference
 ²³ Diffusion



LBB :

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 ²⁴ Ladyzhenskaya-Babuška-Brezzi
 ²⁵ Residual

$$p(\delta \mathbf{v}, \delta p)$$

$$:[] \qquad p(\delta \mathbf{v}, \delta p)$$

$$SUPG^{26}$$

$$p(\delta \mathbf{v}) = \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla \delta \mathbf{v} - \nabla \delta p \qquad ()$$

$$()$$

$$WF[\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{v}, p)] + \sum_{e=1}^{n_d} \int_{\Omega^e} (\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla \delta \mathbf{v} - \nabla \delta p) \tau \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{v}, p) d\Omega = WF[RHS] \qquad ()$$

$$SUPG$$

$$:[] \qquad :[]$$

$$B^f (\delta \mathbf{v}, \delta p; \mathbf{v}, p) + ((\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}^m) \cdot \nabla \delta \mathbf{v} - \nabla \delta p, \tau_{SUPG} \mathbf{r}_M)_{\Omega^f} \qquad ()$$

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$$\mathbf{r}_{M}(\mathbf{v},p) = \rho_{f} \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial t} \Big|_{\mathbf{x}} - 2\mu_{f} \nabla \cdot \nabla^{s} \mathbf{v} + \rho_{f} (\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}^{m}) \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v} + \nabla p - \rho_{f} \mathbf{b}^{f}$$
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$$\mathbf{r}_{C}(\mathbf{v}) = \rho_{f} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{v}$$
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 $\left(\nabla . \delta \mathbf{v}, \tau_{LSIC} \mathbf{r}_{C} \right)_{\Omega^{f}}$

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 au_{LSIC} au_{SUPG} .[] SUPG

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 $\tau_{LSIC} = \lambda |\mathbf{v}(x)| h_{K} \xi (\operatorname{Re}_{K}(x))$ ()

$$\tau_{SUPG} = \frac{h_K \xi(\operatorname{Re}_K(x))}{2|\mathbf{v}(x)|} \tag{()}$$

²⁶ Streamline-upwind Petrov-Galerkin

$$\xi \left(\operatorname{Re}_{K}(x) \right) = \operatorname{Min}\left(1.0, \frac{\rho \, m_{K} \, h_{K} \left| \mathbf{v}(x) \right|}{4 \mu_{f}} \right) \tag{()}$$

$$\lambda = 1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \dots \qquad \lambda > 0 \qquad K$$
$$m_{K} = 1/3 \qquad \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \dots$$

 $[] \qquad h_K \ . \qquad m_K = 1/12$

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$$h_{\rm K} = \sqrt{2} \, \frac{\text{Element Area}}{\text{Element Diagonal}} \tag{()}$$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M} + {}^{\tau} \mathbf{M}^{\nu} \end{bmatrix} \dot{\mathbf{v}} + \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K} + {}^{\tau} \mathbf{K}^{\nu} + {}^{\tau_{LSIC}} \mathbf{K}^{\nu} + \mathbf{C} + {}^{\tau} \mathbf{C}^{\nu} \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{v} + \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{G} + {}^{\tau} \mathbf{G}^{\nu} \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{p} = \mathbf{F} + {}^{\tau} \mathbf{F}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} {}^{\tau} \mathbf{M}^{p} \end{bmatrix} \dot{\mathbf{v}} + \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{G}^{\mathrm{T}} + {}^{\tau} \mathbf{K}^{p} + {}^{\tau} \mathbf{C}^{p} \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{v} + \begin{bmatrix} {}^{\tau} \mathbf{G}^{p} \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{p} = {}^{\tau} \mathbf{E}$$

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() **F G** , **C** , **K** , **M** : . ()

$${}^{\tau}M_{IJ}^{\nu} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \tau_{SUPG} \overline{\nabla}_{j} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{j}} N_{J} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$${}^{\tau}\mathbf{K}^{\nu} = {}^{\tau}_{1}\mathbf{K}^{\nu} + {}^{\tau}_{2}\mathbf{K}^{\nu} + {}^{\tau}_{3}\mathbf{K}^{\nu} \tag{()}$$

$$\int_{\Gamma}^{\tau} K_{IJ}^{\nu} = -\int_{\Omega^{f}} \mu_{f} \tau_{SUPG} \overline{\nabla}_{k} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{k}} \frac{\partial^{2} N_{J}}{\partial x_{j} \partial x_{j}} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$${}_{2}^{\tau}K_{IJ}^{\nu} = -\int_{\Omega^{f}} \mu_{f} \tau_{SUPG} \overline{\nabla}_{k} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{k}} \frac{\partial^{2} N_{J}}{\partial x_{j} \partial x_{j}} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

²⁷ Element diameter

$$\int_{3}^{\tau} K_{ijIJ}^{\nu} = -\int_{\Omega^{f}} \mu_{f} \tau_{SUPG} \overline{\nabla}_{k} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{k}} \frac{\partial^{2} N_{J}}{\partial x_{i} \partial x_{j}} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$$\tau_{LSIC} K_{ijIJ}^{\nu} = \int_{\Omega^f} \rho_f \tau_{LSIC} \frac{\partial N_I}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial N_J}{\partial x_j} d\Omega$$
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$${}^{\tau}C_{IJ}^{\nu} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \rho_{f} \tau_{SUPG} \overline{\nabla}_{j} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{j}} \overline{\nabla}_{k} \frac{\partial N_{J}}{\partial x_{k}} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$${}^{\tau}G_{iIJ}^{\nu} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \tau_{SUPG} \overline{\nabla}_{j} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{j}} \frac{\partial N_{J}}{\partial x_{i}} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$${}^{\tau}F_{i} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \rho_{f} \tau_{SUPG} \overline{\nabla}_{j} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{j}} b_{i}^{f} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$${}^{\tau}M_{iIJ}^{p} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \rho_{f} \tau_{SUPG} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{i}} N_{J} d\Omega \qquad ()$$

$${}^{\tau}\mathbf{K}^{p} = {}^{\tau}_{1}\mathbf{K}^{p} + {}^{\tau}_{2}\mathbf{K}^{p} \tag{()}$$

$${}_{1}^{\tau}K_{iIJ}^{p} = -\int_{\Omega^{f}} \frac{\mu_{f}}{\rho_{f}} \tau_{SUPG} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{j}} \frac{\partial^{2}N_{J}}{\partial x_{i}\partial x_{j}} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$${}_{2}^{\tau}K_{iIJ}^{p} = -\int_{\Omega^{f}} \frac{\mu_{f}}{\rho_{f}} \tau_{SUPG} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{i}} \frac{\partial^{2}N_{J}}{\partial x_{j}\partial x_{j}} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$${}^{\tau}C^{p}_{iIJ} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \tau_{SUPG} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{i}} \overline{\nabla}_{j} \frac{\partial N_{J}}{\partial x_{j}} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$${}^{\tau}G^{p}_{IJ} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \frac{\tau_{SUPG}}{\rho_{f}} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{i}} \frac{\partial N_{J}}{\partial x_{i}} d\Omega \qquad (\qquad)$$

$${}^{\tau}E_{I} = \int_{\Omega^{f}} \tau_{SUPG} \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial x_{i}} b_{i}^{f} d\Omega \qquad ()$$

$$F_{ij} = \frac{\partial x_i}{\partial X_j} \text{ or } \mathbf{F} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}}{\partial \mathbf{X}} \qquad ()$$

$$d\mathbf{X}$$

$$\vdots \quad () \quad d\mathbf{x}$$

$$d\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{X} \text{ or } dx_i = F_{ij} dX_j \qquad ()$$

$$\vdots \quad \mathbf{E} \quad .$$

$$ds^2 - dS^2 = 2d\mathbf{X} \cdot \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{X} \text{ or } dx_i dx_i - dX_i dX_i = 2dX_i E_{ij} dX_j \qquad ()$$

$$() \quad .$$

$$d\mathbf{x} \cdot d\mathbf{x} = dx_i dx_i = F_{ij} dX_j F_{ik} dX_k = dX_j F_{jj}^T F_{ik} dX_k = d\mathbf{X} \cdot (\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F}) \cdot d\mathbf{X} \qquad ()$$

$$\vdots$$

$$d\mathbf{X} \cdot (\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{I} - 2\mathbf{E}) \cdot d\mathbf{X} = 0 \qquad ()$$

$$\vdots$$

$$d\mathbf{X} \cdot (\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I} - 2\mathbf{E}) \cdot d\mathbf{X} = 0 \qquad ()$$

$$\vdots$$

$$d\mathbf{X} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I}) \qquad ()$$

²⁸ The Green (Green-Lagrange) strain



 ²⁹ Cauchy stress
 ³⁰ First Piola-Kirchhoff stress
 ³¹ Traction

$$\mathbf{P} \qquad .\mathbf{\sigma}^{T} = \mathbf{\sigma} :$$

$$() \qquad .$$

$$\mathbf{PK2} \qquad .$$

 $\mathbf{n}_0 \cdot \mathbf{S} \, d\Gamma_0 = \mathbf{F}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{t}_0 \, d\Gamma_0$ ()

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S		Р	σ	
	$J^{-1}\mathbf{F.S.F}^{T}$	$J^{-1}\mathbf{F}.\mathbf{P}$		σ
	$\mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{F}^{T}$		$J \operatorname{\mathbf{F}}^{\scriptscriptstyle -1} \boldsymbol{.} \boldsymbol{\sigma}$	Р
		$\mathbf{P} \cdot \mathbf{F}^{-T}$	$J \mathbf{F}^{-1} \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{F}^{-T}$	S
		()	()	
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$$\mathbf{n} d\Gamma = J\mathbf{n}_0 \cdot \mathbf{F}^{-1} d\Gamma_0, \quad n_i d\Gamma = Jn_i^0 \cdot F_{ji}^{-1} d\Gamma_0$$

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³² Transpose ³³ Nanson's relation

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() : . $S_{ij} = \lambda_s E_{kk} \delta_{ij} + 2\mu_s E_{ij}, \quad \mathbf{S} = \lambda_s \operatorname{trace}(\mathbf{E})\mathbf{I} + 2\mu_s \mathbf{E}$ () E_s $\mu_s \quad \lambda_s$: v_{s}

:

$$\mu_s = \frac{E_s}{2(1+\nu_s)} \tag{()}$$

$$\mu_s = \frac{\nu_s E_s}{(1+\nu_s)(1-2\nu_s)} \tag{()}$$

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 ³⁴ St. Venant-Kirchhoff material
 ³⁵ Lamé constants
 ³⁶ Total Lagrangian formulation
 ³⁷ Updated Lagrangian formulation

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$$\rho J = \rho_0 J_0 = \rho_0 \qquad ()$$

$$F = \rho_0 J_0 = \rho_0 \qquad ()$$

$$F = \rho_0 \mathbf{u} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{\partial P_{ji}}{\partial X_j} + \rho_0 b_i = \rho_0 \mathbf{u}_i \qquad ()$$

$$F = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I}), \quad E_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (F_{ki} F_{kj} - \delta_{ij}) \qquad ()$$

$$F = \mathbf{I} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I}), \quad E_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (F_{ki} F_{kj} - \delta_{ij}) \qquad ()$$

$$F = \mathbf{I} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I}), \quad E_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (F_{ki} F_{kj} - \delta_{ij}) \qquad ()$$

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$$F = \mathbf{I} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I}), \quad E_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (F_{ki} F_{kj} - \delta_{ij}) \qquad ()$$

$$F = \mathbf{I} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I}), \quad E_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (F_{ki} F_{kj} - \delta_{ij}) \qquad ()$$

$$F = \mathbf{I} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{F}^T \cdot \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I}), \quad E_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (F_{ki} F_{kj} - \delta_{ij}) \qquad ()$$

$$F = \mathbf{I} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{I}), \quad E_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{I}), \quad E_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (F_{ki} F_{kj} - \delta_{ij}) \qquad ()$$

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() $\delta \mathbf{u}$ Ω^{s0} . S U : \mathbf{t}^{s0} $\mathbf{u} \in U$ \mathbf{u}_D , **b**^s 1] :[$\delta \mathbf{u} \in S$ $\left(\delta \mathbf{u}, \boldsymbol{\nabla}_{0}.\mathbf{P}\right)_{\Omega^{s0}} + \left(\delta \mathbf{u}, \rho_{0}\mathbf{b}\right)_{\Omega^{s0}} = \left(\delta \mathbf{u}, \rho_{0}\mathbf{\ddot{u}}\right)_{\Omega^{s0}}$ (. ()

> $(\delta \mathbf{u}, \nabla_0 \mathbf{.P})_{\Omega^{s_0}}$:

$$(\delta \mathbf{u}, \nabla_0 \cdot \mathbf{P})_{\Omega^{s0}} = \int_{\Omega^{s0}} \delta \mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla_0 \cdot \mathbf{P} d\Omega_0 = \int_{\Omega^{s0}} \delta u_i \frac{\partial P_{ji}}{\partial X_j} d\Omega_0$$
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$$\int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \delta u_i \frac{\partial P_{ji}}{\partial X_j} d\Omega_0 = \int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \frac{\partial}{\partial X_j} \left(\delta u_i P_{ji} \right) d\Omega_0 - \int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \frac{\partial \left(\delta u_i \right)}{\partial X_j} P_{ji} d\Omega_0 \tag{(1)}$$

$$\int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \frac{\partial}{\partial X_j} \left(\delta u_i P_{ji} \right) d\Omega_0 = \int_{\Gamma^{s_0}} \delta u_i n_j^0 P_{ji} \, d\Gamma_0 = \int_{\Gamma_N^{s_0}} \delta u_i t_i^{s_0} \, d\Gamma_0$$

$$: \qquad () \qquad ()$$

$$\left(\delta \mathbf{u}, \nabla_0 \cdot \mathbf{P}\right)_{\Omega^{s0}} = \int_{\Gamma_N^{s0}} \delta u_i t_i^{s0} \, d\Gamma_0 - \int_{\Omega^{s0}} \frac{\partial \left(\delta u_i\right)}{\partial X_j} P_{ji} \, d\Omega_0 \tag{()}$$

 $: \qquad \left(\delta \mathbf{u}, \rho_0 \mathbf{b}\right)_{\Omega^{s0}}$

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³⁸ Trial displacements

$$(\delta \mathbf{u}, \rho_0 \mathbf{b})_{\Omega^{s_0}} = \int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \delta \mathbf{u} \cdot \rho_0 \mathbf{b} d\Omega_0 = \int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \rho_0 \delta u_i b_i d\Omega_0$$

$$(\delta \mathbf{u}, \rho_0 \ddot{\mathbf{u}})_{\Omega^{s_0}} = \int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \delta \mathbf{u} \cdot \rho_0 \ddot{\mathbf{u}} d\Omega_0 = \int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \rho_0 \delta u_i \ddot{u}_i d\Omega_0$$

$$()$$

$$\int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \rho_0 \delta u_i \ddot{u}_i d\Omega_0 + \int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \frac{\partial (\delta u_i)}{\partial X_j} P_{ji} d\Omega_0 = \int_{\Omega^{s_0}} \rho_0 \delta u_i b_i d\Omega_0 + \int_{\Gamma_N^{s_0}} \delta u_i t_i^{s_0} d\Gamma_0 \qquad (\qquad)$$

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$$u_{i} = \sum_{I=1}^{n_{N}^{e}} N_{I} u_{iI}$$

$$u_{iI} \quad C^{0} \qquad N_{I} \quad , \qquad n_{N}^{e} \quad ,$$

$$() \qquad .$$

$$\dot{u}_{i} = \sum_{I=1}^{n_{N}^{e}} N_{I} \dot{u}_{iI}$$

$$()$$

$$\dot{u}_{i} = \sum_{I=1}^{n_{N}^{e}} N_{I} \ddot{u}_{iI}$$

$$()$$

$$\int_{\Omega^{s0}} \rho_0 \left(N_I \delta u_{il} \right) \left(N_J \ddot{u}_{iJ} \right) d\Omega_0 + \int_{\Omega^{s0}} \frac{\partial \left(N_I \delta u_{il} \right)}{\partial X_j} P_{ji} d\Omega_0 =$$

$$\int_{\Omega^{s0}} \rho_0 \left(N_I \delta u_{il} \right) b_i d\Omega_0 + \int_{\Gamma_N^{s0}} \left(N_I \delta u_{il} \right) t_i^{s0} d\Gamma_0$$

$$()$$

$$\int_{\Omega^{s0}} \rho_0 N_I N_J d\Omega_0 \ddot{u}_{iJ} + \int_{\Omega^{s0}} \frac{\partial N_I}{\partial X_j} P_{ji} d\Omega_0 = \int_{\Omega^{s0}} \rho_0 N_I b_i d\Omega_0 + \int_{\Gamma_N^{s0}} N_I t_i^{s0} d\Gamma_0 \qquad (\qquad)$$

$$\mathbf{M}^{s}\ddot{\mathbf{u}} + \mathbf{f}^{s,int} = \mathbf{f}^{s,ext} \tag{(}$$

 \mathbf{M}^{s}

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 $\mathbf{F}^{s,int}$

 $\mathbf{f}^{s,ext}$

$$M_{IJ}^{s} = \int_{\Omega^{s0}} \rho_0^s N_I N_J d\Omega_0 \tag{()}$$

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$$\mathbf{F}^{s,int} = \int_{\Omega^{s0}} \frac{\partial N_I}{\partial X_j} P_{ji} \, d\Omega_0 \tag{(1)}$$

$$f_{iI}^{s,ext} = \int_{\Omega^{s0}} \rho_0 N_I b_i d\Omega_0 + \int_{\Gamma_N^{s0}} N_I t_i^{s0} d\Gamma_0$$
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$$\mathbf{f}^{\text{int}} = 0$$

$$\xi_{Q}$$

$$\partial N_{I}(\xi_{Q}) / \partial X_{j} \qquad I \qquad ($$

$$H_{ij} = \partial N_{I} / \partial X_{j} u_{il}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{I} + \mathbf{H}, \ J = \det(\mathbf{F})$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{I} + \mathbf{H}, \ J = \det(\mathbf{F})$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{F}^{T} \cdot \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{I}) \qquad ($$

$$\mathbf{S} \qquad ($$

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{F}^{T} \qquad ($$

$$\mathbf{W}_{Q}) \cdot f_{il}^{s,int} \leftarrow f_{il}^{s,int} + \frac{\partial N_{I}}{\partial X_{j}} P_{ji} J_{\xi}^{0} \overline{w}_{Q} : \qquad ($$

³⁹ Quadrature points ⁴⁰ Quadrature weights

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}^s}{\partial t} = \mathbf{v}^f \quad \text{on} \quad \Gamma^{f-s} \times (0,T) \tag{()}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma}^{s} \cdot \mathbf{n} + \boldsymbol{\sigma}^{f} \cdot \mathbf{n} = \mathbf{0} \quad \text{on} \quad \Gamma^{f-s} \times (0, T) \tag{()}$$

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$$\Gamma^{f-s}$$
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ALE $\rho_f \mathbf{v}^m \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v}$ ALE

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⁴¹ Convection ⁴² Elasto-static pseudo medium

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⁴³ Norm of relative change







 $\left(\delta \mathbf{v}, \rho_f \frac{\mathbf{v}^n - \mathbf{v}^{n-1}}{\Delta t}\right)_{\Omega^f} + \left(\nabla^s \delta \mathbf{v}, 2\mu_f \nabla^s \mathbf{v}^n\right)_{\Omega^f} + \left(\delta \mathbf{v}, \rho_f \left(\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}^m\right)^n \cdot \nabla \mathbf{v}^n\right)_{\Omega^f} - \frac{1}{2}\left(\nabla^s \delta \mathbf{v}, 2\mu_f \nabla^s \mathbf{v}^n\right)_{\Omega^f} + \left(\nabla^s \delta \mathbf{$ () $\left(\boldsymbol{\nabla}.\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{v},\boldsymbol{p}^{n}\right)_{\Omega^{f}}+\left(\boldsymbol{\delta}\boldsymbol{p},\boldsymbol{\nabla}.\mathbf{v}^{n}\right)_{\Omega^{f}}=\left(\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{v},\boldsymbol{\rho}_{f}\left(\mathbf{b}^{f}\right)^{n}\right)_{\Omega^{f}}+\left(\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{v},\left(\mathbf{t}^{f}\right)^{n}\right)_{\Gamma_{W}^{f}}$

:

$$\mathbf{u}^{n} = \mathbf{u}^{n-1} + \Delta t \, \dot{\mathbf{u}}^{n-1} + \left(\Delta t\right)^{2} \left(1/2 - \beta\right) \ddot{\mathbf{u}}^{n-1} + \left(\Delta t\right)^{2} \beta \, \ddot{\mathbf{u}}^{n} \qquad (\qquad)$$
$$\dot{\mathbf{u}}^{n} = \dot{\mathbf{u}}^{n-1} + \Delta t \left(1 - \gamma\right) \ddot{\mathbf{u}}^{n-1} + \Delta t \gamma \, \ddot{\mathbf{u}}^{n} \qquad (\qquad)$$

$$\mathbf{M}^{s} \frac{\partial^{2} \mathbf{u}}{\partial t^{2}} + \mathbf{K}^{s} \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{F}^{s} \tag{()}$$

$$\left(\frac{\mathbf{M}^{s}}{\beta\left(\Delta t\right)^{2}} + \mathbf{K}^{s}\right)\mathbf{u}^{n} = \left(\mathbf{F}^{s}\right)^{n} + \left(\frac{\mathbf{M}^{s}}{\beta\left(\Delta t\right)^{2}}\right)\mathbf{u}^{n-1} + \left(\frac{\mathbf{M}^{s}}{\beta\Delta t} + \left(\frac{\gamma}{\beta} - 1\right)\right)\dot{\mathbf{u}}^{n-1} - \mathbf{M}^{s}\left(1 - \frac{1}{2\beta}\right)\ddot{\mathbf{u}}^{n-1}$$

$$(\qquad)$$

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L = 2.5 m . () . (0,0) H =

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A(0) = (0.6, 0.2)

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$$v^{f}(0, y) = 1.5\overline{U} \frac{y(H-y)}{\left(\frac{H}{2}\right)^{2}} = 1.5\overline{U} \frac{4.0}{0.1681} y(0.41-y)$$
()

 $1.5\overline{U}$

 \overline{U}

, (

: $v^{f}(t,0,y) = \begin{cases} v^{f}(0,y) \frac{1 - \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t\right)}{2} & \text{if } t < 2.0 \\ v^{f}(0,y) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ () FSI2 FSI1

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FSI

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FSI2 FSI1 kg/m3 | | | | MPa kg/m3 Pa.s 1 m/s () [] FSI1 A . [] .

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		() A	
1	1		$u_x \times 10^{-3}$
1	1		$u_y \times 10^{-3}$

()	$u_y \times 10^{-3}$	$u_{x} \times 10^{-3}$
		1	1
		/	1
		/	1

 $\Delta t = 0.0025$

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FSI2

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t = 34.3 s



t = 34.5 s



t = 34.7 s

t = 35 s t = 34 s A . [] () () . A () () t = 12 s



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236.3 -1051 -407.3 Pressure (Pa)







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Δt	8	b	h	d	μ	$ ho_s$	$ ho_{f}$
S	cm/s ²	cm	cm	cm	g/(cm s)	g/cm ³	g/cm ³
1				1	1	1	1



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t = 0.6 s

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. (x, y) = (1, 4) t = 0



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