



1st International Congress

“ on the development of agricultural science and natural resources ”

Poland , 7 Dec , 2015



Necessity of effective economic valuation of environmental resources (Gold and dollar rate)

Ahmad fatahi ardakani assistant professor department of
agriculter economic,ardakan univercity iran
fatahiardakani@gmail.com

Roya amirhajloo¹ MSc Student, Department of Agricultural
Economics,ardakan univercity iran
Roya_hajiloo@yahoo.com

Abstra

Valuation is one of the most important approaches in order to reducing destruction of natural resources and the environment. However the economic approaches can't determine overall functional value of the environment, but also they denote the importance of more valuation in order to determine the priority of resource utilization. As well as the average prices increase, yearly valuation in most developing countries doesn't work anymore, because it has high inflation rate, and decreases each year.

To this end, we can use a universal unit, for checking the value of natural resources and environmental products, which firstly approved in other countries, and secondly, its value doesn't decreases over time. This is especially effective in comparing valuation of different places in various times.

this study's results suggest that in past six years, discounted money's value of country was 96.2, and this value for gold and dollar was 3.36 and 3.23, respectively. from the little difference between the value of money and the dollar and gold, we can conclude that dollar and gold's rate can be more effective than monetary value. So that with this method, we can compare different resources values in different countries and at different years easily.

Keywords: valuation of the environment, monetary valuation techniques, gold rate, Yazd plain-Ardakan.



1st International Congress

“ on the development of agricultural science and natural resources ”

Poland , 7 Dec , 2015



Introduction

Valuation and determination of the prices of natural resources products is very difficult because of product's nature and diversity. But because the assets of natural resources are very essential and human life depends on it, economics, considering its complexity and developed some methods for evaluating and determining their prices regarding units which are comparable to other products in another sectors. (Fattahi , 2013)

In the past, human population was low, so that using technologies to exploit the Earth's resources were limited, therefore human impact on the environment was limited to a place and nature could rebuild itself again.

Moreover, the effect of long-term use of natural resources wasn't so significant. The basic problem becomes crucial since the human population was increasing significantly and power of technologies become more and more, so that human's effect on the natural resources wasn't locally anymore and become extensive.

on the other hand, human technological progress in the last two decades has increased the power of being effective in the environment exclamatory, and it make environmental problems caused by human activity spread gradually from the local level to the regional level and eventually, global level.(Pour Asghar,Farzam,2009)

Economists calculate how much people would like to pay for protecting or improving services, and then evaluate the value of ecosystem services regard to people's opinion, and this process called "economic approach of evolution" .

According to this definition, natural resources produce some goods and give people services so that they can have more welfare life. Therefore, from people standpoint, economic valuation predicate as quantifying the value at common monetary units.

Valuation on the environment shows that these resources are important and rare, although there is no special market for that. To this end, we can determine the scale of being rare with valuation the environment.

In every country, natural resources are critical infrastructures for economic development. This is especially true about developing countries.

products which are produced by natural resources has a large rang of variety and are specialized for human's uses, so that part of their value belongs to use values. (Fattahi,2009).

"pricing" explains scarcity of resources, but actually calculated monetary values are no longer valuable because of decreasing money's value, as well as it can't determine actual value of resource by the time.

"Devaluation" is a modern monetary policy, consist the devaluation of the currency in a country, with respect to gold or other foreign currencies. This event increases balance of export and decreases import, because other countries find this product inexpensive. this phenomenon, has negative effect on trade, industry and valuable papers market, and decreases purchasing power, as well as it decrease the value of raw sources in countries with high rate inflation, and makes the exporting country trades natural resources extremely. so selecting one of money's value decreasing methods can solve decrease in value by the time problem.

Calculated valuations should demonstrate scarcity of resources well, and methods which determine resources value less than actual, bring pernicious consequences, for example extreme using of resources and destruction, because money can't reflect actual value of resources.

The inflation rate is the agent which can shows actual value of money. in this study, we tried to calculate the value of environmental products regarding to dollar price and gold rate, according to the author, "Fattahi" and his colleagues studies in field of valuation ground waters in Yazd-Ardakan plains.

Methods and materials:

The relation between profit rate and utilization of natural resources is straight which increases as utilization rate increase, so that it has some consequences including destruction of the environment. As an example, there is a relation for Trees output:

$$\Delta R(t) = rR(t) \rightarrow r = \frac{\Delta R(t)}{R(t)} \quad (1)$$

For maximizing Trees output we should let the tree grow until its income become equal to its assets income in the other works. On the other hand, utilization rate and revenue rate become equal.



$$\frac{\Delta R(t)}{R(t)} \quad (2)$$

"r" indicates utilization rate and is revenue rate of tree's growth. (Soori and Ebrahimi,2011).

Actually, as utilization rate increases, balance of utilization of natural sources decrease and using natural resources become more and more every day.

To this end, because of decreasing in natural resources value by increasing utilization rate, using resources increase, and the resources can't achieve their maximum growth, resulting in early harvest of natural resources before maximum efficiency time.

Generally, valuation means to find a numerical value for what its value is relative. Nowadays, one of the main functions of environmental economics, is to obtain a value for the non- use of the environment and depletion of natural resources.

There are several methods for valuation by various ways for utilization of natural resources. as an example, there are some methods for monetary valuation for valuation or pricing of natural resources that eventually calculate the real price or value of study area. To this end, we can utilize dollar and gold as two essential agents for decreasing monetary value to studding pricing processes.

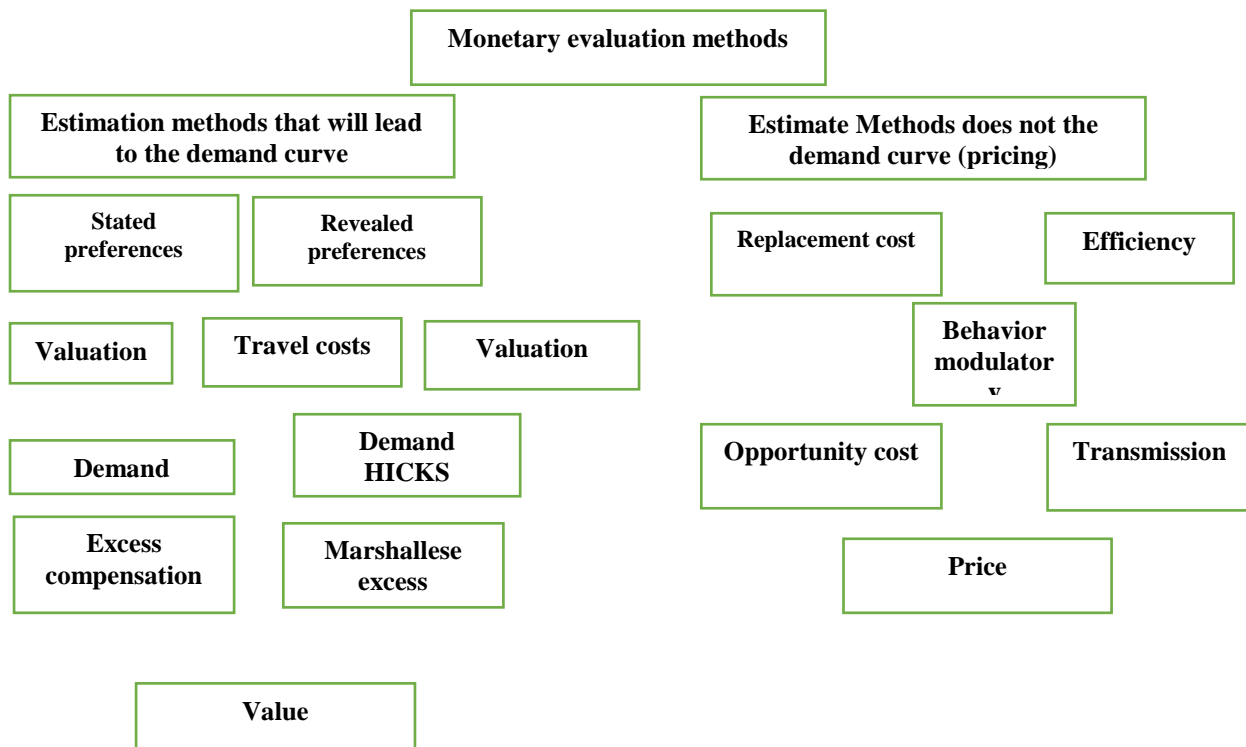


Diagram 1.monetary evaluation of environmental and non-market goods methods (Bitman,1999)

World gold valuation:

many agents has effect on gold valuating but in summary, world gold value actually determine by the market supply and demand and the global economy, usually dollar is a global currency and is a rival for gold, whenever dollar value decreases, gold price increase inversely.

In London, Sydney and the United States market, the situation is a little different and transactions are like to pay in US dollars for per ounce. Oz. is a unit which is used for weighing things "oz" is the acronym of ounce. One ounce equals 35.28 grams, and one sixteenth pound. "Oz" unit has been used in various devices, such as English units, Imperial units and common units of United States. Oz is a unit which is used for weighing materials as well as precious metals such as gold, silver, platinum, etc we use once troy unit equals to 31.1034768.



1st International Congress

“ on the development of agricultural science and natural resources ”

Poland , 7 Dec , 2015



Oil and gold have some effective agents in common which cause their prices grow together most of the times, because there is a relation between these two indicators with dollar. As an example, increasing dollar price cause decrease in oil price, and consequently gold price, but there is no direct relation between oil price and gold.

Oil is an effective indicator, because decreasing in oil price cause decreasing in prices and eventually, global inflation.

In such situation, investors tend to invest their saving modeto their current state.

In this current situation, according to global economics, gold is a strategic reserve for preserving the value of assets that can be sold and so that provide requiring capital for economic circulation. Hence, this work increase gold offering, on the contrary, increase or decrease the price of gold will have no effect on oil prices. Changing in gold price also has effect on global financial markets, especially dollar market.

Gold sometimes play a prior role or latter role, in global currency market. But what is clear is dollar price characterizing the role of gold, because dollar valuated in global market.

Increasing in dollar price, increase gold price for purchasers who wants to buy things in the other currencies, so that gold demanding and its price decrease. Oppositely, decreasing in dollar price cause decrease in gold price, so demanding increases and gold prices increase, finally.

Generally gold price has an inverse relationship with dollar, but in some special cases, this relationship is incoherent for some reasons.

Dollar price:

The definition of dollar is a rial value which is equal to 1 American dollar. The dollar value depends on many agents, including economic, social, political, central banks and government priorities, and the most important one, is the supply and demand of market. If each of these agents changes, dollar rate can change, too. After World War I , for some reasons, including the issue of trade balance or fluctuations in the price of gold, etc., some countries began to publish fiat money and offend of maintenance the bankroll.

In 1944 , according to the efforts of America ,in the "Bretton - Woods conference", it was decided that only America can hold gold as a financial support equal to the released amount, and other country onlu can hold dollar as their financial support and whenever it was necessary, America is responsible for giving them gold, instead of dollar.

This system lasted until the 70's when the costs of the Vietnam War , and domestic inflation in America and America's debt to other countries, especially European countries increased, and the dollar has become the hot money , and European countries have started to exchange the dollar into gold.

finally, in early 1971, President Nixon exclaim that America wont exercise the commitment in the berton-woods conference anymore, after that speech , the dollar was published without bankroll and became as valuable , and since then, America sometimes reduce the value of the dollar by their economic interests , and thus the value of the dollar reduces its foreign debts .

this occurrence make the opec secretariat began some studies in the field of determining the value of oil in the other units except dollar, because they deduced that if they determine the value of oil in the other units, the dollar value decreases and cause a decreasing in the power of purchasing of opec's members or the other oil producers, and it bring the recessions, and transmit the America's inflation to the other countries.

In the diagram below, we can see the procedure of increasing dollar in comparison to rial, by the authority of the global money case.

By studying this fig1 we can deduce that the dollar value in front of the monetary value has increased by time and cause some problems including deduction in the interior monetary value, or increasing the exporting because of the cheap price of interior goods, by time.

hence, generally we can calculate our resources but using gold and dollar rates, and compare the resources by the global indicator, otherwise we face with the exporting of raw resources to the other countries, and cause depleting natural resources & overthrow the infrequent animals by passing the time.

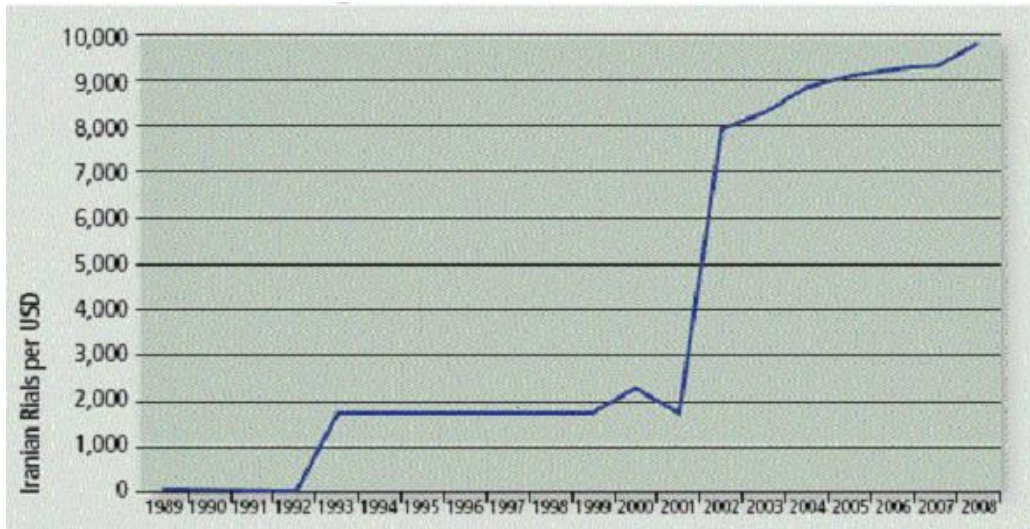


Fig1 ,source:international monetary fund,international financial statistics

"The Future Monetary Value"

The increasing of inflation rate and devaluation of monetary value decreases the resources value and follows overuse of the resources. diagram 2 demonstrates the procedure of inflation since 1316 to 1391 in the country, as you can see in the diagram, the inflation rate was always positive & the ascendant procedure of this rate, demonstrates the monetary value's decreasing.

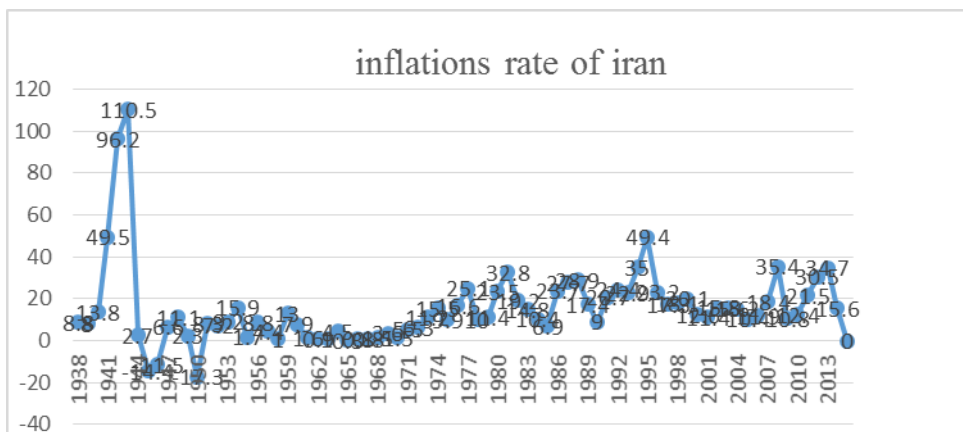


Diagram 2: this information is from the central bank of the Islamic republic of Iran.

The future monetary value is one of the most important concepts in financial works, which is explanatory of the monetary value in time. On the other hand, at this time, we can say the money that we have, has more value than the money which we can have in future. We can obtain the monetary value in past by this relation:

$$FV = PV \times (1 + i_1) \times (1 + i_2) \dots \times (1 + i_n) \quad (3)$$

Here, FV means the future value, PV means the monetary value for now of the inflation rate, and n demonstrates "year".

By using this relation we can calculate the decreased monetary value in different years, unitage inflation rate.

Results and Discussion:

We utilize the study of Fattahi et al. about the ground waters in Yazd-Ardakan plains for demonstrating the procedure of decreasing the valuations. In this study, they determined the recreational value of the ground waters and measures how much people would like to visit these places in 2009.

The results showed that the total recreational value is 1.38 billion rial as well as by considering the scale average of inclination to pay entrance price for using the landscapes; they calculated this price about 4700 rial.



1st International Congress "on the development of agricultural science and natural resources"

Poland, 7 Dec, 2015



The price of these ground waters was about 1.38 billion in 2009 at the time that per ounce was equal to 1150 dollar, so that the price of per ounce was equal to 11477000 rial, therefore we can utilize the gold as an agent for valuing the ground waters in gold value equivalent 120.240 ounce.

In 2015, per ounce's value was equal to 38592000 rial, do its actual value is about 4.46 billion now. Table 1 demonstrates the recreational value of the four areas of Yazd-Ardakan plain in 2009.

Table1. Calculating the recreational value of the four areas of Yazd-Ardakan plain in 2009, according to "Fattahi and his colleagues"

Recreational value (rial)	Number of Visitors	Recreational expected value (rial)	Area
628787500	137500	4573	Daregahan falls
571750000	125000	4576	Tamehr fountain
1164750000	250000	4659	Gharbalbyz fountain
1760500000	350000	5030	Chak chak fountain

We can calculate the recreational value of studied plains in table 1, by using gold price in 2009. In fig 2, the price of per ounce of gold in different years has been inserted, and we can use this information as the value of mentioned plains.

Table 2 demonstrates the recreational value of Yazd-Ardakan plain by using per ounce of gold as an index of measuring the values.



Fig2:the price of per ounce of gold (www.tala.ir)

Table 2 :calculating valuation by using each ounce of gold price in 2009.

Percentage changes in the per ounce Rial	The value of the ounce at the time of valuation	Recreational value(ounce)	Recreational value (rial)	Number of Visitors	Recreational expected value (rial)	Area
3.362	2114328326.4	54.7867	628787500	137500	4573	Daregahan falls
3.362	1922537664	49.8170	571750000	125000	4576	Tamehr fountain
3.362	3916354752	10.1481	1164750000	250000	4659	Gharbalbyz fountain
3.362	5919742656	153.393	1760500000	350000	5030	Chak chak fountain



According to the data in Table 2, we can see that if the studied plains were valued by gold, now their value was 36.2 times more.

Valuation by using dollar rate

We can also calculate the value of Yazd-Ardakan plains by using dollar price in 2009, as demonstrated in table 1. In fig 3, we can see the procedure of dollar price in free market, from this information we can calculate the dollar price of mentioned areas. Table 3 shows the creational value of Yazd-Ardakan plain, by using dollar as an index for value.

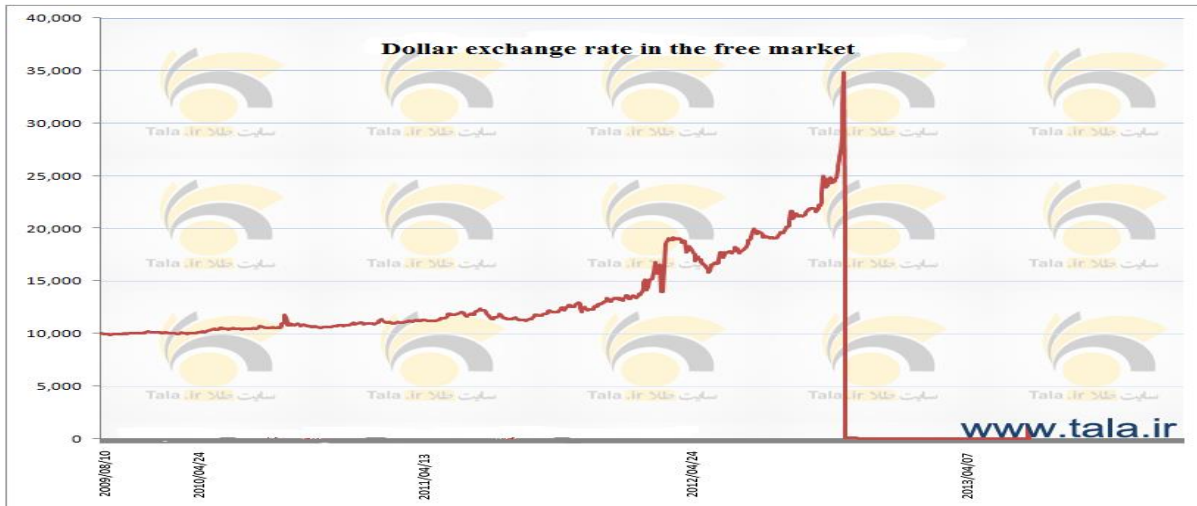


Fig 3:the dollar price in free market (www.tala.ir)

Table 3 :calculating the valuation by using the dollar price in 1388

Percentage change against the dollar Rial	The value of the dollar at the time of valuation	Recreational value(dollar)	Recreational value (rial)	Number of Visitors	Recreational expected value (rial)	Area
3.23	2032547026.96	63011.0732	628787500	137500	4573	Daregahan falls
3.23	1848175137.24	57295.320	571750000	125000	4576	Tamehr fountain
3.23	3765040660.36	116720.112	1164750000	250000	4659	Gharbalbyz fountain
3.23	569079542.336	176420.483	1760500000	350000	5030	Chak chak fountain

According to table 3, we can understand that if the studied plains were valued by dollar, now their value was 23.3 times more nowadays.

Next step is to calculate decreased value of money in the country from 2009 to 2015, according to annual inflation rate, approximately.

Table 4.calculating the valuation by using inflation rate since 2009 to 2015.

Percent revaluation	The area valuation with numeration inflation rate (rial)	Recreational value (rial)	Number of Visitors	Recreational expected value (rial)	Area
2.924	1838654946.92	628787500	137500	4573	Daregahan falls
2.924	1671870013.17	571750000	125000	4576	Tamehr fountain
2.924	3405877739.99	1164750000	250000	4659	Gharbalbyz fountain
2.924	5147926818.01	1760500000	350000	5030	Chak chak fountain



According to table 2 ,the recreational value of Ardakan-Yazd plains decreases 99.2 times because of decreasing in money value, since the valuation time until now. We can also use these calculated valuations for changing to dollar or once, in comparison to the other valuations. Table 5 demonstrates the valuation changing to dollar and gold rate, in various places in 2009, 2011, 2012 .,

Table 5 these numbers extracted from Fattahi & Abbas pour `s study"

Recreational value(ounce)	Recreational value(dollar)	Value(milliard rial)	Year valuation	Area
1549.486	2324230.098	28	2011	Gamishan pond
30.182	46782.728	1.22	2012	Yazd Gharbalbyz fountain
2334139.78	2450846778.23	24457	2009	Arzhan lake

Therefore, we can change these calculated valuations in "Rial", to dollar & gold rate by using the relation below:

$$wtp_D = \frac{wtp}{p_D} \quad (4)$$

Here, wtp_D , shows calculated value in dollar, wtp is calculated area`s value in rial, p_D is the price of per dollar to rial in the time of valuation, as well as we can calculate the value with per ounce of gold, then the valuation is calculating like that:

$$wtp_{oz} = \frac{wtp}{p_{oz}} \quad (5)$$

Here, wtp_{oz} demonstrates calculated value in dollar, wtp means calculated area`s value in rial, and p_{oz} is the price of per ounce in the time of valuation.

Conclusions and Recommendations:

The results of this study indicate that the value of the studying resources has decreased by decreasing in the money value in the country over time, and according to the results of Table 4, this value was about 2.96 times .However, in order to estimate the value of this resource, the estimating price is about the same at \$ 1.38 billion, while the value is not correct and shows the resource value less than the actual value. as well as with the calculated values from 3 inflation procedures, we can see that the devaluation rate of currency (the inflation rate), since 1388 until now is approximately about the value of dollar and gold at the time of calculating the area`s value.

the dollar and gold rate with a little variation, differ from the time of valuation and now, as well as the difference of these rate with the devaluation value of money is about 0.3, so that we can say valuation with gold, dollar & the devaluation money value are equal over time, so we suggest to use dollar and gold rates as a tool for valuation, because increasing the prices, increase natural resources value and decrease the overuse of them.

Hence, we can compare the calculated valuated at different years or different places to each other by using this method. Actually, we select a unit that not only its value doesn't reduce over time, but also along inflation and an increase in average prices, the calculated valuations become greater, and prevent the indiscriminate use of resources because of decreasing their value.

increasing dollar rate is one of the most important effective agents on inflation, because it is one of the determinant agents of raw materials , intermediate goods , capital equipment and final goods, and according to the production & consumption dependence on importing, it is effective on the formation of inflationary pressures. according to this, increasing in dollar rate increase the price of importing goods which are the consumption goods that increasing in their prices cause increasing in inflation, directly, or

Intermediate goods that increase in their price has effect on the inflation by increasing the production prices. This has a direct effect on the price of importing goods which are using as the production inputs, so that this means the entire price of importing goods increases, including raw materials, capital equipment and intermediate goods, and eventually the price of production increases and makes the good prices higher than before.

The calculated pricing also increases by the procedure of increasing prices.



1st International Congress

“ on the development of agricultural science and natural resources ”

Poland , 7 Dec , 2015



it is notable that devaluation of national currency and rising inflation in the country, certainly decrease the power of purchasing, so as a result we can say that valuation of resources in dollar increases the price of raw materials in the country along with the dollar price, and decrease the consumption and exporting raw materials because of the inflation& downfall of dollar for rial.

by comparing table 5 to table 2, we can see Yazd Gharbalbyz fountain and Tamehr fountain, At first glance, this fountain with 1.22 billion rial has more worth than tamehr fountain, but with a closer look and calculating the value by using ounce, we can see that tamehr fountain not only has more worth than gharbalbyz, but also it is 1.65 times more than that fountain. as well as for exchanging between countries, we can utilize the calculated valuations in different countries & years for comparing, and eventually the valuation of natural resources in dollar & gold rate restrain the downfall of these area`s value because of decreasing the currency value.

The value of resources decreases by passing the time and this leads to wastage & overuse of the resources, because people consider their own benefit for utilizing these resources and so that the utilization of these resources increases by time.

increasing in dollar rate, increases exporting & put the country at risk of overuse exporting of raw materials and natural resources, because the country`s goods prices is cheaper than the foreign goods, and by passing the time these goods prices become cheaper by calculating lower rate of inflation.

the valuation of natural resources only prevented overuse of resources at first years because they did valuation correctly at those years, and these resources value become low and lower, and the process of overusing them become greater by time.

References

- [1] Souri A, M ebrahibi (1390), natural resource economic and the environment , volume 1 , Noor Elem publication Fattahi, Ahmad (1388). Economic valuing of ground waters in Yazd Plain-Ardakan- doctorate proposal, Tehran university
- [2] Fattahi, Ahmad (1388). Economic valuing of ground waters in Yazd Plain-Ardakan- doctorate proposal, Tehran university quarterly, Number 1.
- [3] Fattahi Ahmad (1389), Economic valuing of ground water in wilderness areas, water congress, Qom
- [4] Fattahi Ahmad(1390), estimating Wetland conservation value Gomishan, using pay tendencies in people, science and watershed engineering journal
- [5] AbasPoor and et al. (1392). Economic valuing marketing functions of the environment resources of Parishan Arjan lake, with emphasis on aquatic species, environment science and technoloy, volume Xv, number 1.
- [6] Bateman, I.J, I.H Langford and j. Rasbsh. (۱۹۹۹). willingness to pay question format in contingent valuation studies. In: bateman I.J and K.G. Willis, eds., valuing environmental preferences: theory and practice of the contingent valuation method in the U.S., E.U. and developing countries .oxford university press ۱-۱۴. New York
- [7] <http://www.imf.org/external/data.htm>
- [7] <http://www.cbi.ir>
- [8] <http://www.tala.ir>