

In the name of Allah

**Executing
Programs Remotely
Learning**

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**For
Linux
User**

- Open a **Text Editor**.



The screenshot shows a text editor window titled "Untitled Document 1 - gedit". The window contains a shell script with the following content:

```
#!/bin/sh  
  
rm *.mod *.x *.out *.eps  
ifort main.f90 -o main.x  
./main.x  
  
gnuplot plot.plt
```

A red bracket on the right side of the script highlights the following lines, which are labeled as "commands" in red text:

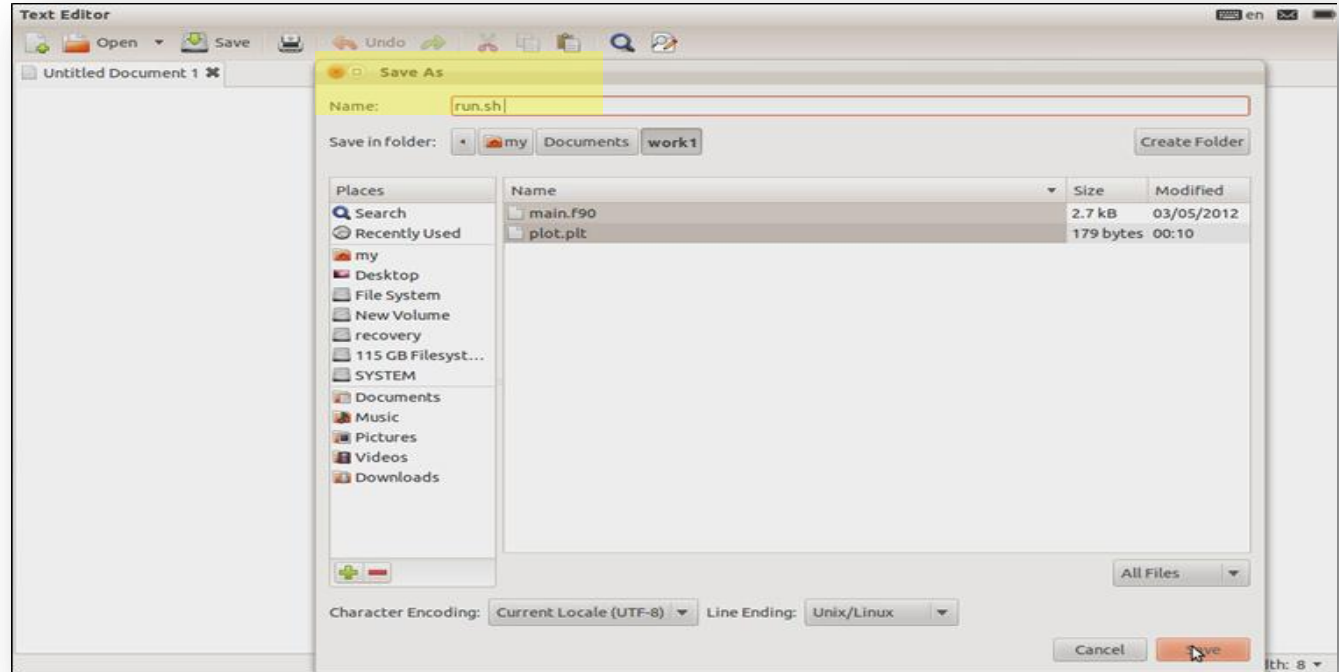
```
rm *.mod *.x *.out *.eps  
ifort main.f90 -o main.x  
./main.x
```

- Enter your **commands** to the file.



- Save it as **run.sh** [*change name to run.sh*]

[arbitrary name]



- Close the file.

share

- Press **Ctrl+L**: [show location of directory].
- Press **Ctrl+C**: [copy address location].
- Open the *terminal* where the saved run.sh file.
- In terminal: change directory by **cd** command.

example: **cd** /home/my/Documents/work1

press ctrl+shift+v [paste address location]



In terminal:

✓ Type: **ls**

```
run.sh
```

✓ Type: **chmod +x run.sh**

[*access permissions change by **chmod** command*]

✓ Type: **ls**

```
run.sh
```

Now, you will have a run.sh file

The image shows a Linux desktop environment with a file manager window and a terminal window. The file manager window displays the directory `/home/my/Documents/work1` containing files `main.f90`, `plot.plt`, and `run.sh`. The terminal window shows the following commands and output:

```
my@my-HP-Pavillon-dv6-Notebook-PC: ~/Documents/work1
my@my-HP-Pavillon-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$ cd /home/my/Documents/work1
my@my-HP-Pavillon-dv6-Notebook-PC:~/Documents/work1$ ls
main.f90 plot.plt run.sh run.sh-
my@my-HP-Pavillon-dv6-Notebook-PC:~/Documents/work1$ chmod +x run.sh
my@my-HP-Pavillon-dv6-Notebook-PC:~/Documents/work1$ ls
main.f90 plot.plt run.sh run.sh
my@my-HP-Pavillon-dv6-Notebook-PC:~/Documents/work1$
```

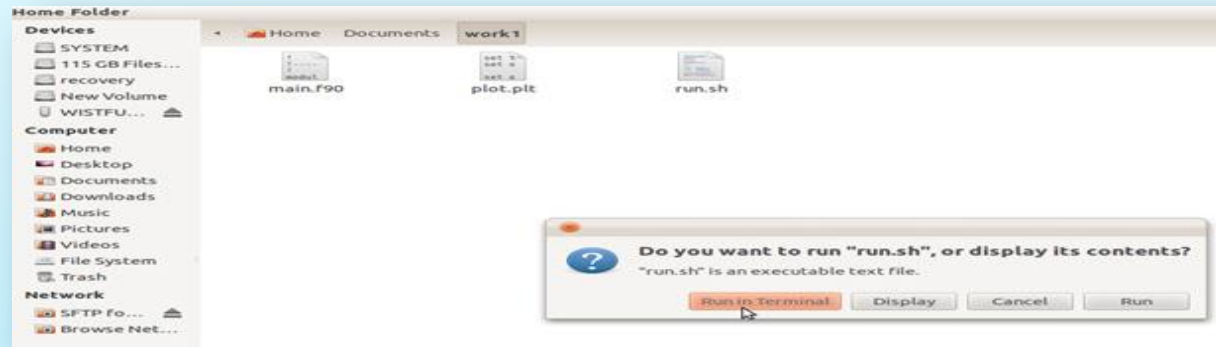
Annotations with arrows point to the following elements:

- A red box labeled `cd` points to the `cd /home/my/Documents/work1` command in the terminal.
- A blue box labeled `chmod +x` points to the `chmod +x run.sh` command in the terminal.
- A green box labeled `make run.sh` "Executable file" points to the `run.sh` file in the terminal's output.

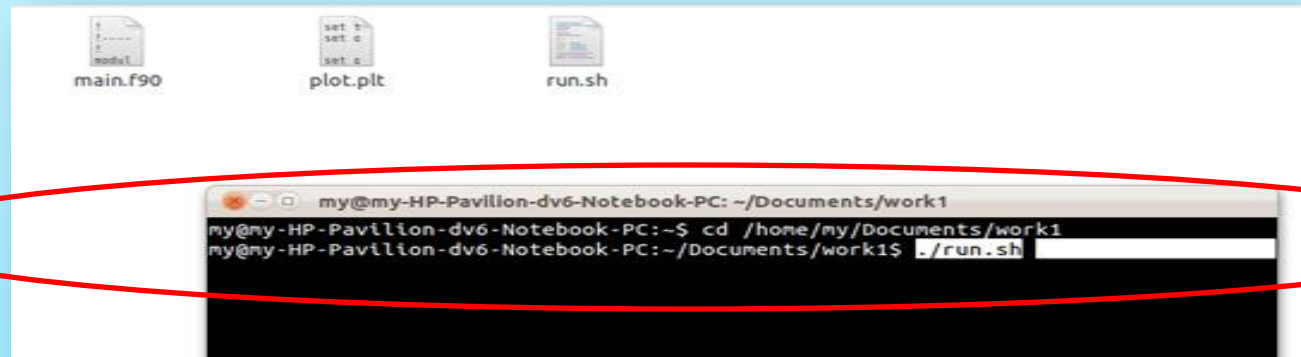


You can run “run.sh” by 2 method:

1: Click on run.sh, appear a window, click on “run in terminal”.



2: In terminal change directory and then type: ./run.sh



- Assume, **remote Ubuntu machine**

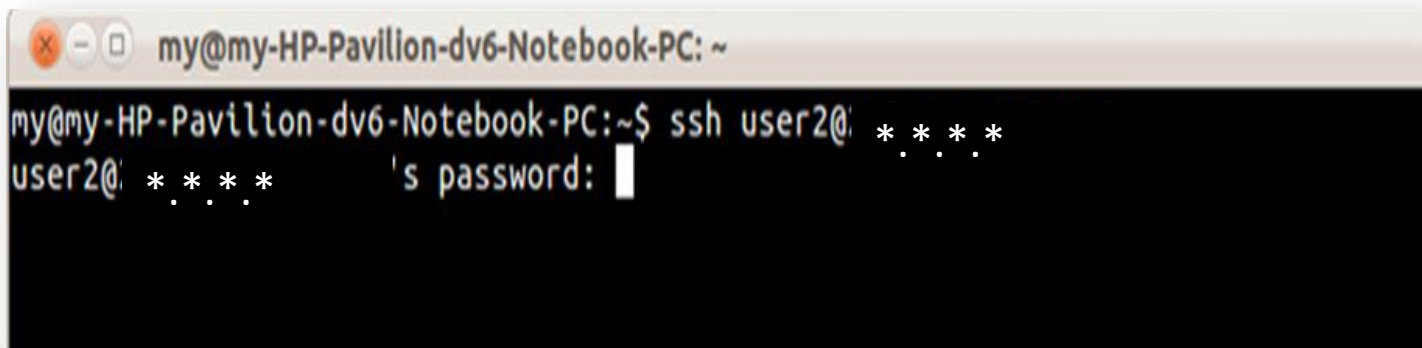
IP address: *.*.*.*

How do you SSH into a remote Ubuntu machine?

1: By Terminal

- ✓ Type in terminal: **ssh** username@*.*.*.*
- ✓ system **asks your password**, enter your password.

Now, you connect to remote machine

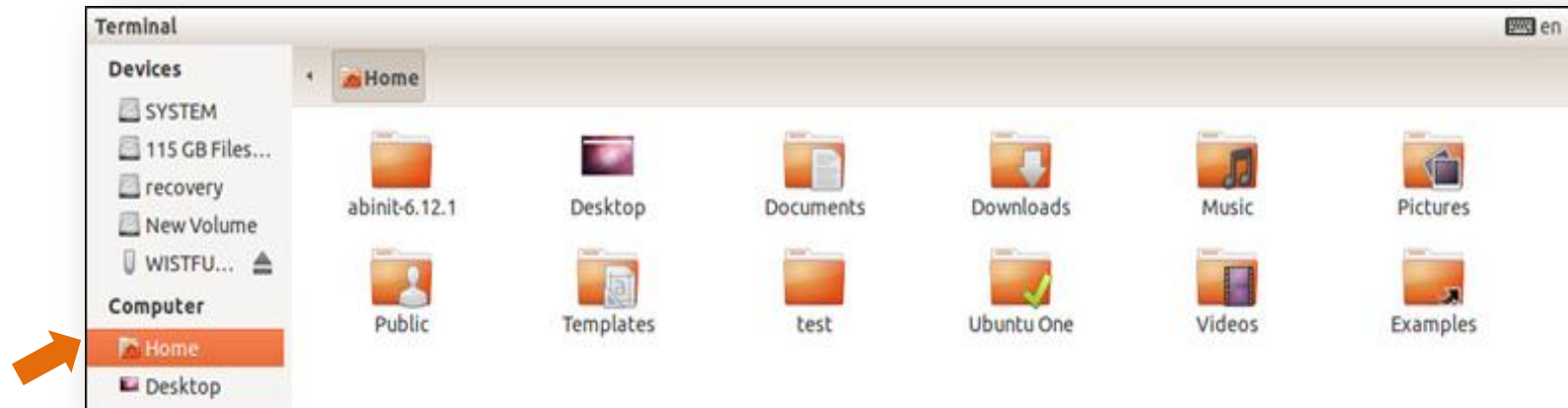
A terminal window screenshot showing the execution of an SSH command. The window title is "my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC: ~". The prompt is "my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~\$". The user enters "ssh user2@*.*.*.*". The prompt changes to "user2@*.*.*.*'s password:".

```
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC: ~  
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$ ssh user2@*.*.*.*  
user2@*.*.*.*'s password: |
```

share

2: By folder

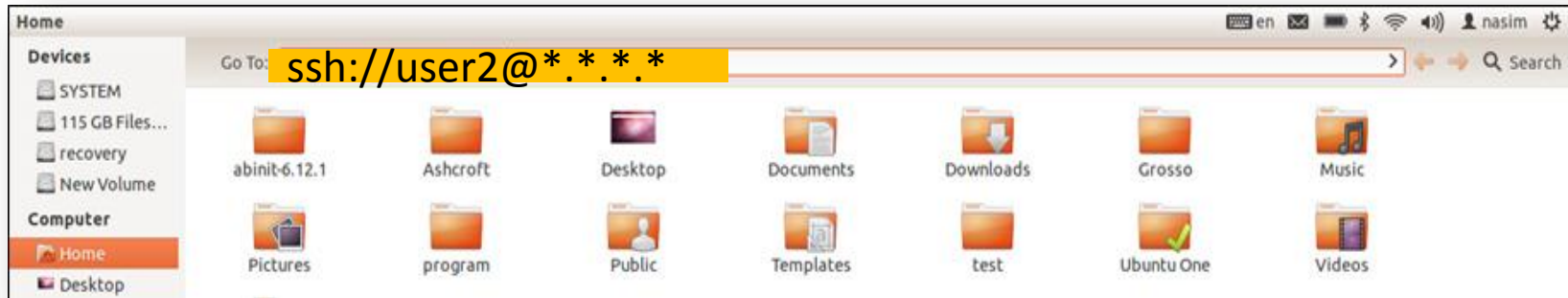
- Open a folder:



- Press **Ctrl+L** and in location type:

ssh://username@IP

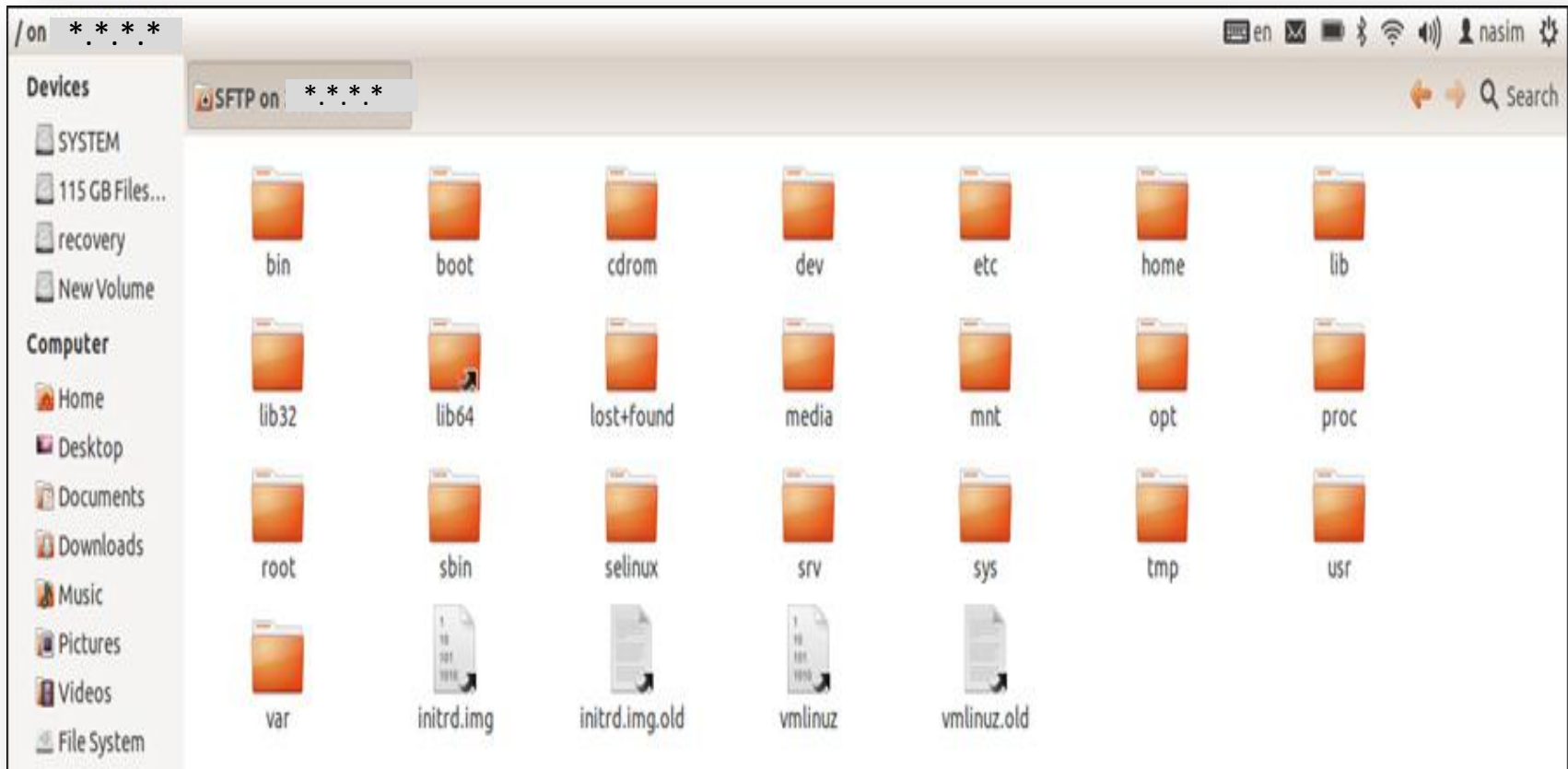




- Then, **enter your password:**



Now, you connect to remote machine



How do you copy files/folders from a **local** machine into a **remote** Ubuntu machine ?

1: By Terminal

Assume:

Local files/folders location: **/home/my**

Remote Ubuntu save location: **/home/username**

- Type in terminal:

```
scp /home/my username@IP:/home/username
```



2: By folder

- I. Open the folder.
- II. Press **Ctrl+L**
- III. Type in *location*: **ssh://username@IP**
- IV. Enter your password
- V. By right-click on files, you can copy files from a local into a remote machine, easily .

How do you copy files/folders from a **remote** machine into a **local** Ubuntu machine ?

1: By Terminal

Assume:

Local files/folders **location**: **/home/my**

Remote Ubuntu save **location**: **/home/username**

Type in terminal:

```
scp username@IP:/home/username /home/my
```



2: By folder

- I. Open the folder.
- II. Press **Ctrl+L**
- III. Type in *location*: **ssh://username@IP**
- IV. Enter your password
- V. By right-click on files, you can copy files from a remote into a local machine, easily.

For run your script (run.sh) in Ubuntu machine, perform below steps:

1) **Open the terminal**

2) **ssh user2@*.*.*.***

user2@*.*.*.*'s password: **your password**

3) user2@fermi1:~\$ **ls**

examples.desktop lib work1 workfile

4) user2@fermi1:~\$ **cd wok1**

5) user2@fermi1:~/work1\$ **ls**

main.f90 plot.plt run.sh



```
6) user2@fermi1:~/work1$ chmod +x run.sh
```

```
7) user2@fermi1:~/work1$ ls
```

```
main.f90 plot.plt run.sh
```

```
8) user2@fermi1:~/work1$ nohup ./run.sh
```

```
nohup: ignoring input and appending output to `nohup.out`
```

✓ Note: After finishing your program running, appear below line:

```
user2@fermi1:~/work1$
```

```
9) user2@fermi1:~/work1$ ls
```

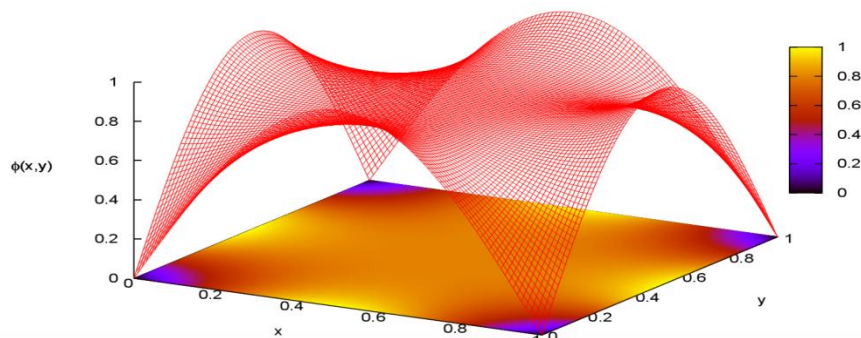
```
3D.eps      main.f90  param_mod.mod  plot.plt  const_mod.mod
```

```
main.x  phe.out  run.sh
```

```
10) user2@fermi1:~/work1$
```

Now you can download "3D.eps" by folder ssh method.

- Your output file is a plot: 3D.eps



```
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC: ~
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$ ssh user2@:
user2@:
user2@fermi2:~$ ls
examples.desktop  lib  work2  work4  workfile
user2@fermi2:~$ cd work4
user2@fermi2:~/work4$ ls
main.f90  plot.plt  run.sh  src
user2@fermi2:~/work4$ nohup ./run.sh
nohup: ignoring input and appending output to `nohup.out'
user2@fermi2:~/work4$ ls
3D.eps          liblaplace.a  main.x          param_mod.mod  plot.plt  src
const_mod.mod  main.f90      nohup.out      phe.out        run.sh
user2@fermi2:~/work4$
```



**For
Windows
User**

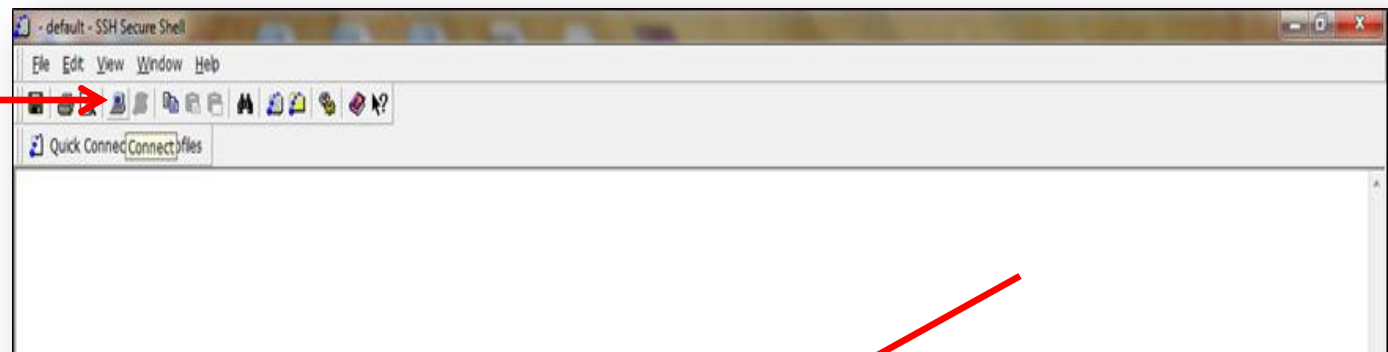
- Assume, remote Ubuntu machine

IP address: *.*.*.*

How do you SSH into a remote Ubuntu machine?

- I. in ssh window click on “connect” in menu.

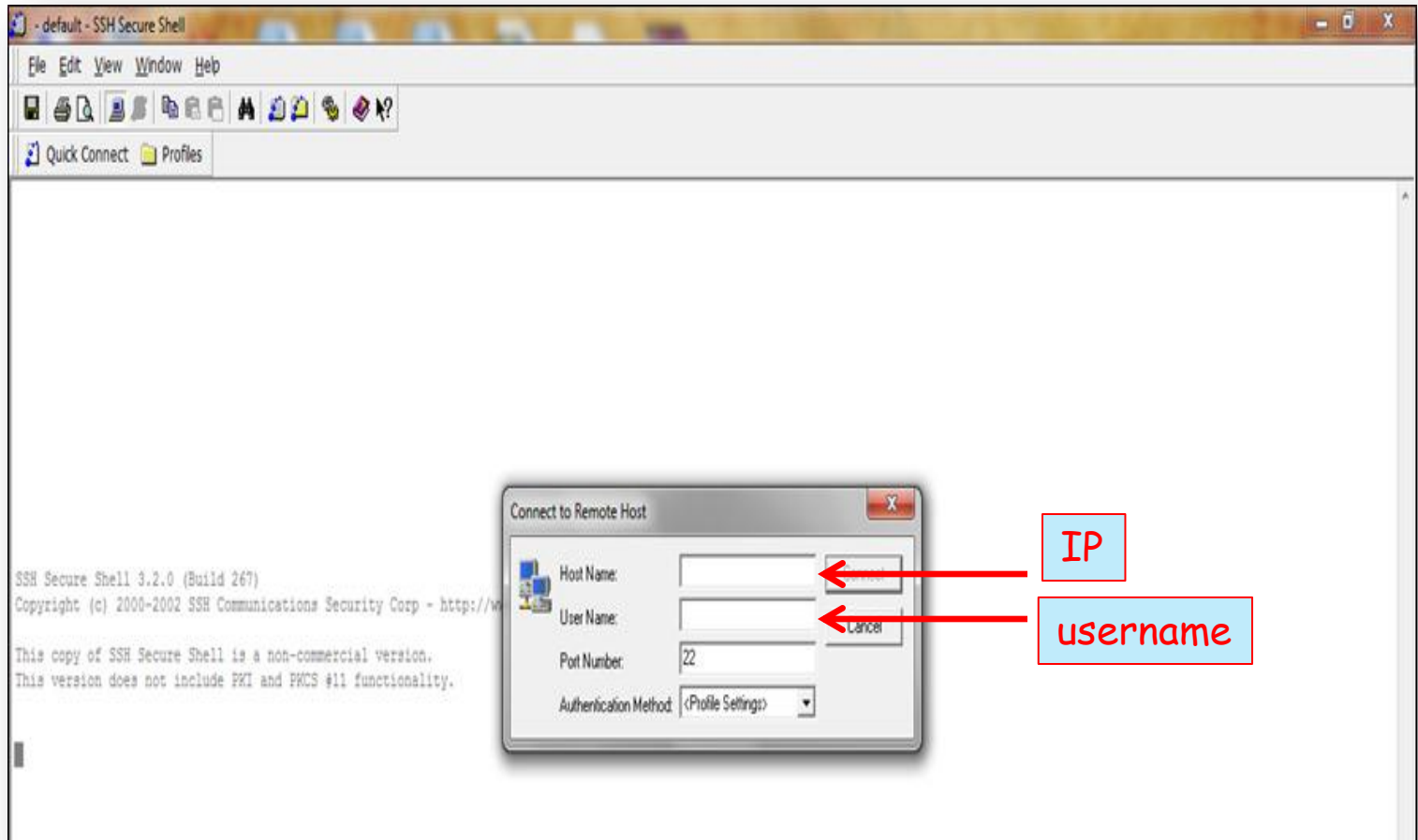
connect

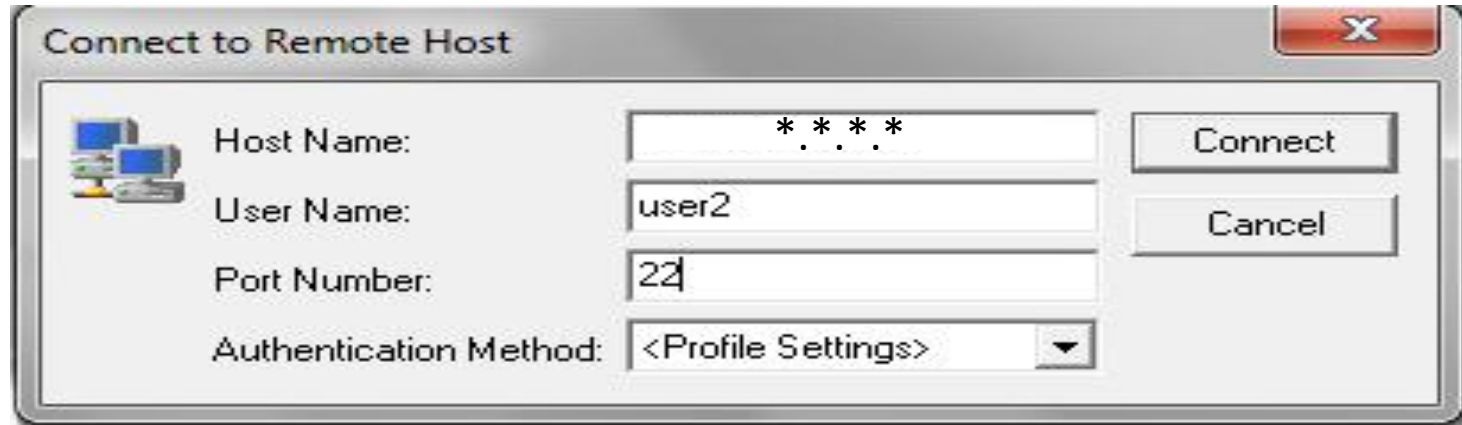


terminal

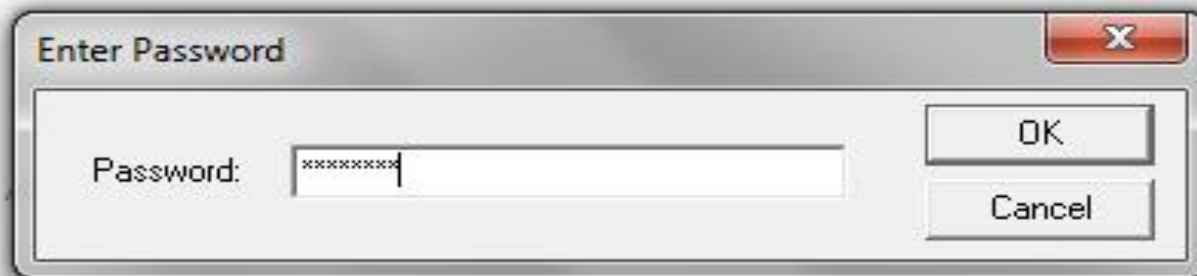


II. Enter **IP** and **username** for remote machine:

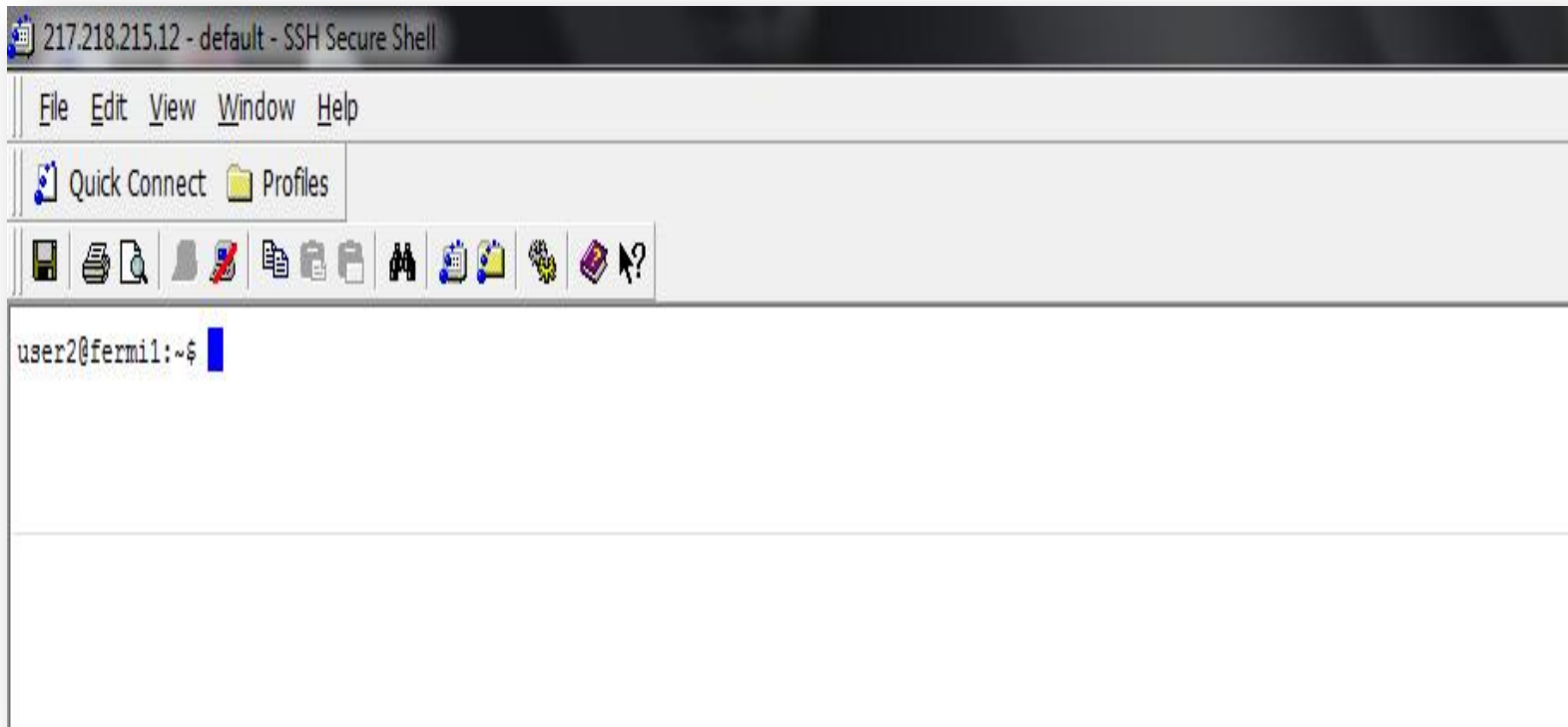




III. enter your password:



Now, you connect to remote machine

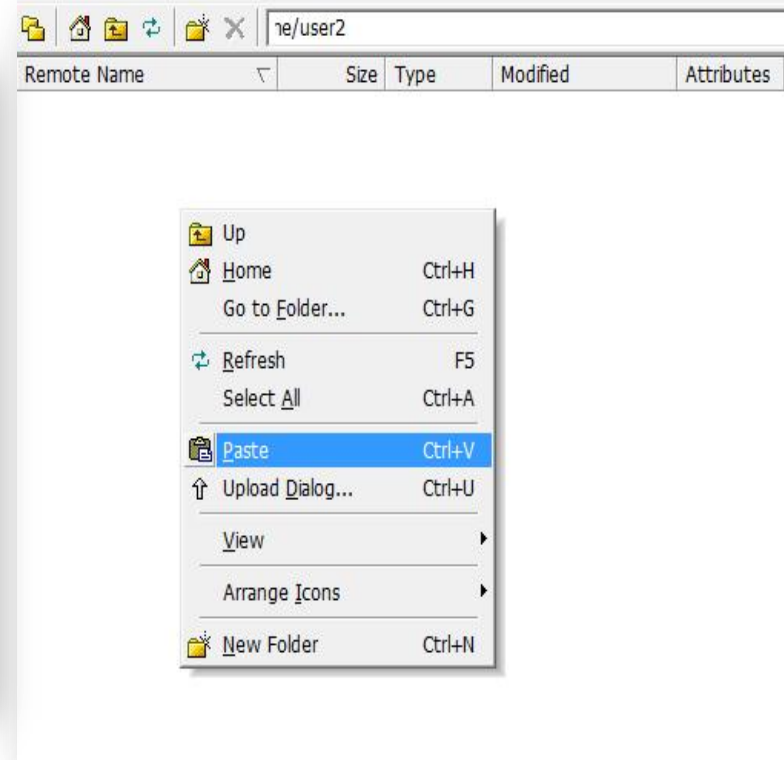
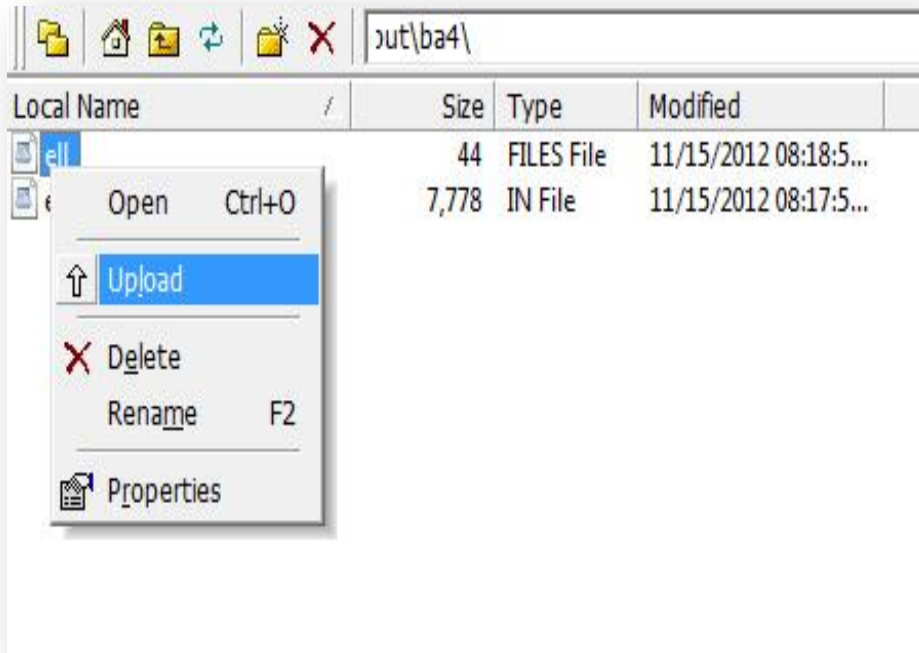
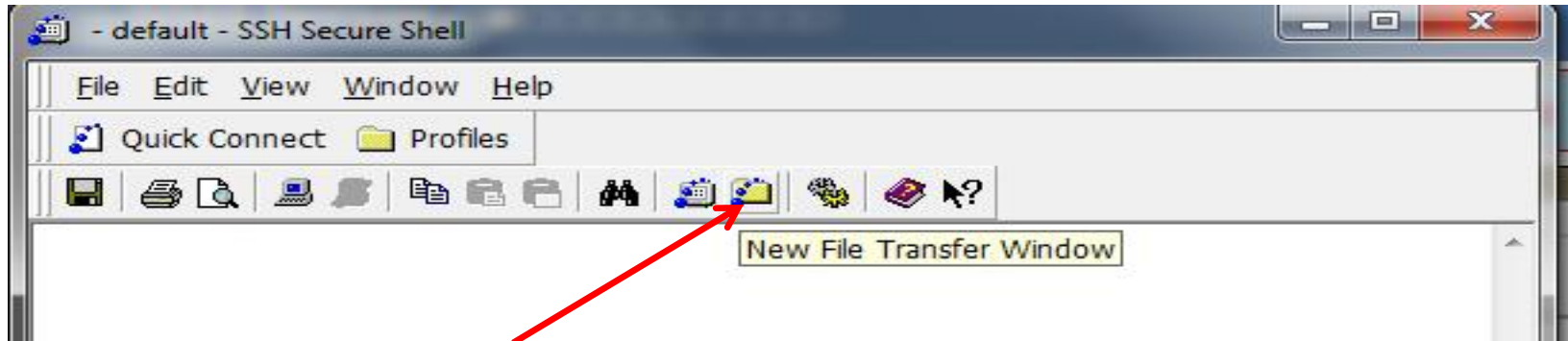


How do you copy files/folders from a **local** machine into a **remote** Ubuntu machine ?

- i. By **right-click** on files, you can copy files from a local machine.
- ii. In ssh window click on “**New file transfer window**” in menu.
- iii. **Paste** files in remote name window.

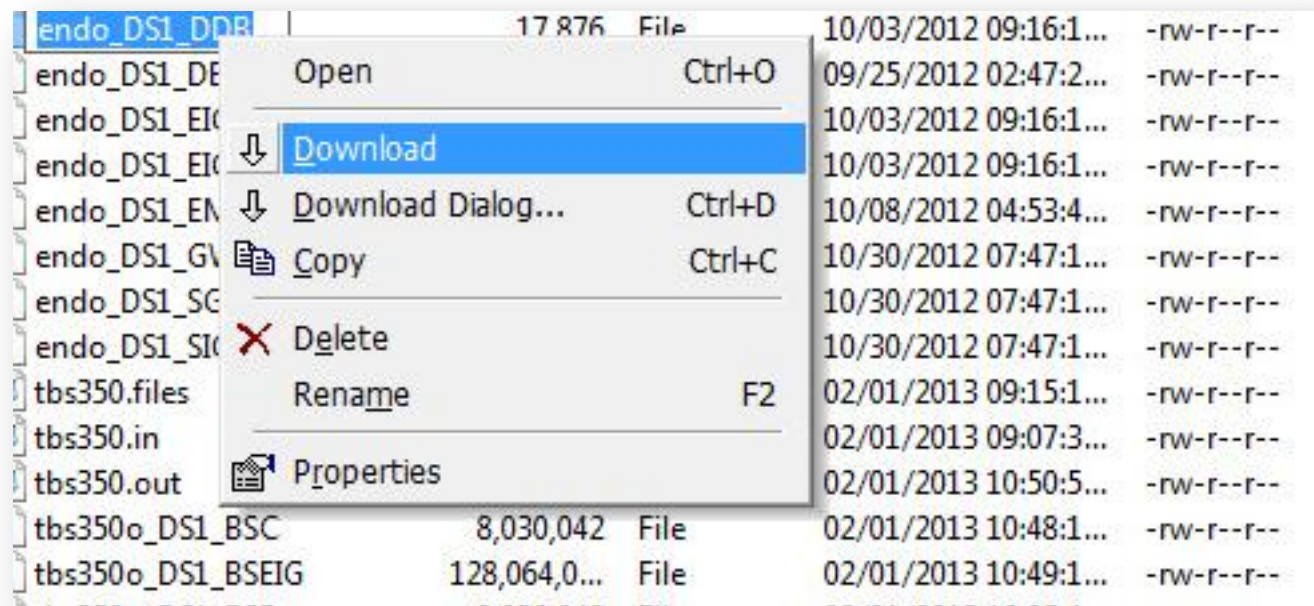
Or :

By **right-click** on files, select “**upload**” in local name window, and upload your files.



How do you copy files/folders from a **remote** machine into a **local** Ubuntu machine ?

By **right-click** on files in remote name window you can **download** or **copy** files **into local** machine.



For run your script (run.sh) in Ubuntu machine, perform below steps:

1) **Open the ssh window.**

2) ssh into remote Ubuntu machine.

user2@*.*.*.*'s password: **your password**

3) user2@fermi1:~\$ **ls**

examples.desktop lib work1 workfile

4) user2@fermi1:~\$ **cd wok1**

5) user2@fermi1:~/work1\$ **ls**

main.f90 plot.plt run.sh



6) user2@fermi1:~/work1\$ **chmod +x run.sh**

7) user2@fermi1:~/work1\$ **ls**

main.f90 plot.plt run.sh

8) user2@fermi1:~/work1\$ **nohup ./run.sh**

nohup: ignoring input and appending output to `nohup.out`

✓ Note: After finishing your program running, appear below line:

user2@fermi1:~/work1\$

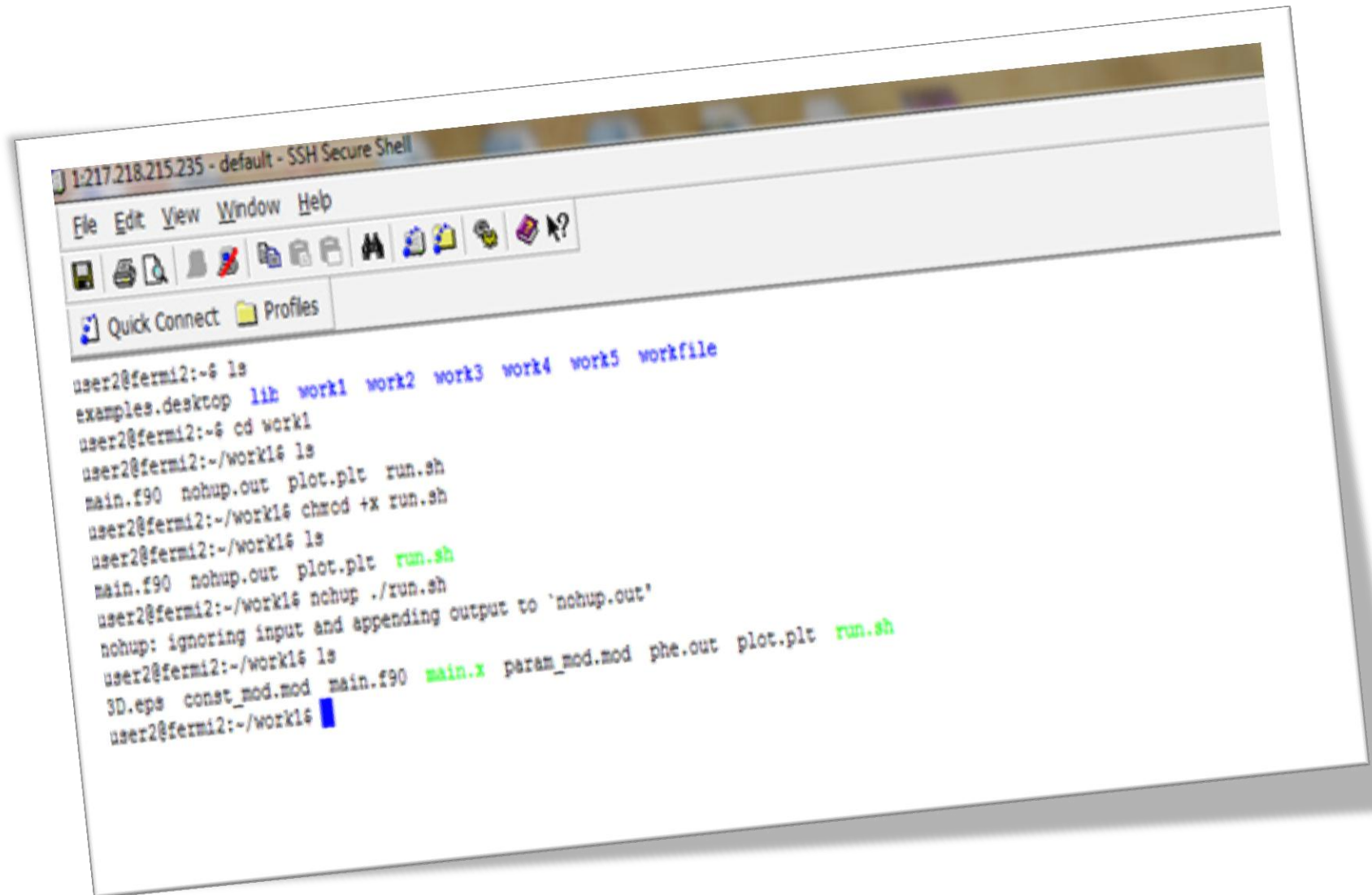
9) user2@fermi1:~/work1\$ **ls**

3D.eps main.f90 param_mod.mod plot.plt const_mod.mod

main.x phe.out run.sh

10) user2@fermi1:~/work1\$

Now you can download "3D.eps" by folder ssh method.



```
1:217.218.215.235 - default - SSH Secure Shell
File Edit View Window Help
Quick Connect Profiles
user2@fermi2:~$ ls
examples.desktop  lib  work1  work2  work3  work4  work5  workfile
user2@fermi2:~$ cd work1
user2@fermi2:~/work1$ ls
main.f90  nohup.out  plot.plt  run.sh
user2@fermi2:~/work1$ chmod +x run.sh
user2@fermi2:~/work1$ ls
main.f90  nohup.out  plot.plt  run.sh
user2@fermi2:~/work1$ nohup ./run.sh
nohup: ignoring input and appending output to 'nohup.out'
user2@fermi2:~/work1$ ls
3D.eps  const_mod.mod  main.f90  main.x  param_mod.mod  phe.out  plot.plt  run.sh
user2@fermi2:~/work1$
```

Useful Commands for Both Users

- You can **zip your files**, easily:

1. Open the *terminal*

2. Change directory and then type :

`zip -r file your files`

[arbitrary name for zip name]

[files that you want to be zip]

```
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC: ~
```

```
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$ cd /home/my
```

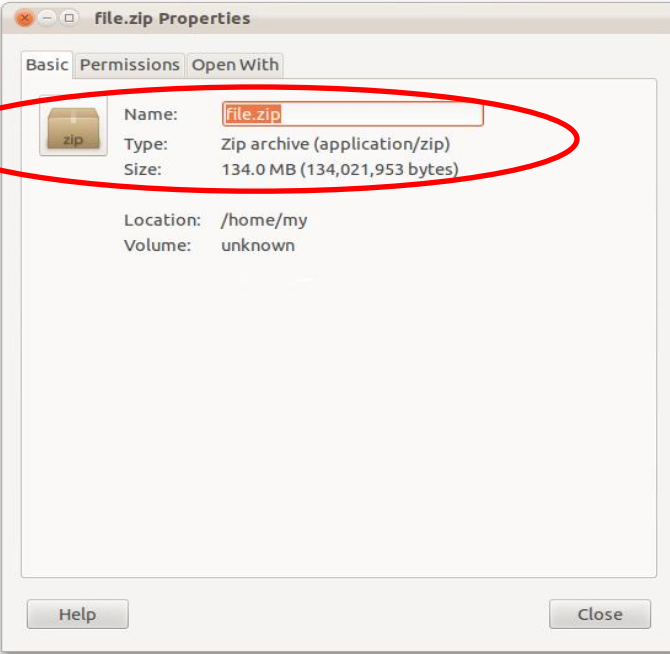
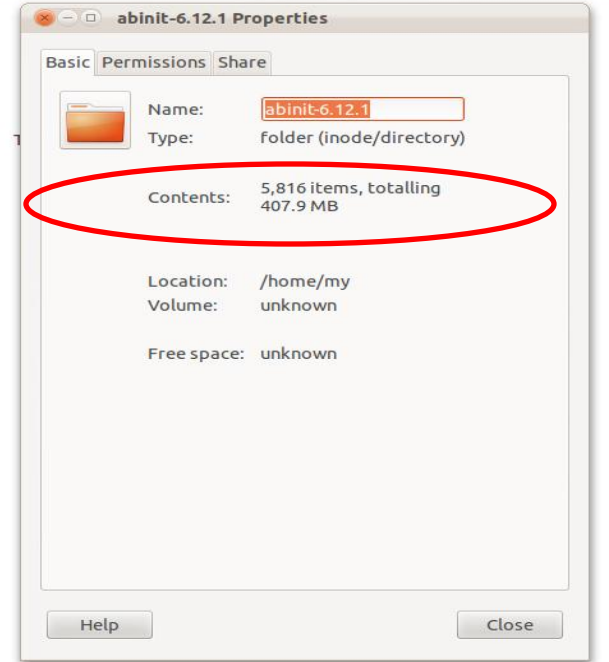
```
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$ zip -r file abinit-6.12.1
```

After zip

Notice to size file



abinit-6.12.1



file.zip

So, it is better to zip your files



- pwd
 - *Print Working Directory*
- cd
 - *Change Directory*
- Info
 - *Information about the command*
 - Example: info cd*
- cp
 - *Copy files to another location*

for more commands: <http://ss64.com/bash>

- echo
 - *Display message on screen*
- mkdir
 - *Creat new folder*
*Example: **mkdir test***
- scp
 - *Remote file copy*
- chmod
 - *access permissions change by chmod command*



**It is recommended to delete files,
use the following commands.**

- trash file
 - *Delete the file*
- list-trash
 - *Show list of deleted files*
- restore-trash
 - *restore deleted files*

- To use the above commands,
You need to install the **trash-cli** package on ubuntu.



```
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$ trash ell2.in
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$ trash cntt.out
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$ list-trash
2013-02-08 11:59:13 /home/my/cntt.out
2013-02-08 11:58:40 /home/my/ell2.in
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$ restore-trash
0 2013-02-08 11:59:13 /home/my/cntt.out
1 2013-02-08 11:58:40 /home/my/ell2.in
What file to restore [0..1]: 1
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$ list-trash
2013-02-08 11:59:13 /home/my/cntt.out
my@my-HP-Pavilion-dv6-Notebook-PC:~$
```

✓ for restore files by “restore-trash”, system asks number of file that you want to restore it. you must enter an integer number for your file.

Share

☐ With Thanks to, Dr. Mozaffari

☐ Contact Me:

nasim.morady7@gmail.com

☐ Good Luck