## SolidWorks<sup>®</sup> Tutorial 9

## AXLE SUPPORT





## Axle Support

In this tutorial, we will build an axle support. It is a rather complex product, with several different parts. We will repeat a lot of the functions that you have already learned, but we will also introduce some new topics with SolidWorks. We will show you how to build simple constructions from tubes and profiles using weldments. We will also utilize patterns for the first time.



| Work plan | We will create the base of the support first. As you can see in the illustra-<br>tion below, the base consists of 7 parts that are welded together.   |
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|           |   |
|           | You could build this in the same manner we have worked in up until now: create the parts first and then assemble them with the assembly command. However, in this case that approach would be overly time-intensive and laborious. Just think about how you would shape the sloped supports, including the dimensions. That approach would not be easy. |
|           | Fortunately, we have another option for modeling this design SolidWorks: weldments. With the weldments command you can build standard tubes   |



| 1 | Start SolidWorks and open a new part.  |   |
|---|--|---|
| 2 | <ul> <li>Make sure the 'Weldments' function is available. As we did when we worked with SheetMetal in Tutorial 4, we will now add the 'Weldments' keys to the CommandManager.</li> <li>1. Right-click on a tab in the CommandManager.</li> <li>2. Check the option 'Weldments'.</li> </ul>                           | SolidWorks     Revolved Boss/Base   Extruded   Boss/Base   Swept Boss/Base   Swept Boss/Base   Lofted Boss/Base   Lofted Boss/Base   Swept Cut   Pattern   Pattern   Pattern   Pattern   Pattern   Sketch   Surface   Sketch   Surface   SheetMetal   Weldments   SheetMetal   Weldments   State   DimXpert   Office Products   Customize CommandManager  |
| 3 | <ul> <li>Select the Front Plane, and create a sketch as shown on the right.</li> <li>1 Draw a vertical line from the origin.</li> <li>2 Draw a horizontal line from the origin.</li> <li>3 Draw a diagonal line beginning and ending on the first two lines.</li> <li>4 Set the dimensions in the sketch.</li> </ul> |   |
| 4 | Click on 'Exit Sketch' in the<br>CommandManager to end<br>the 'Sketch' command.  | Solid Works     Smart   Swart   Sketch     Dimension   Trim   Convert   Offset   Inities   Inities   Inities   Sketch   Weldments   Evaluate   DimXpert   Image: Sketch     Veldments   Evaluate   DimXpert   Image: Sketch     Veldments   Evaluate   DimXpert   Image: Sketch   Veldments   Evaluate   Image: Sketch   Image: Ske |

| 5 | <ol> <li>Click on 'Weldments' in<br/>the CommandManager</li> <li>Click on 'Structural<br/>Member'. With this<br/>command you can add<br/>tubes and profiles to a<br/>construction.</li> </ol>   | Solid Works       • <td< th=""></td<> |
|---|---|---|
| 6 | <ul> <li>Set the following features:</li> <li>1 Select 'ISO' as the 'Standard'.</li> <li>2 Select 'Pipe' as the profile 'Type'.</li> <li>3 Set the dimension to '33.7 x 4.0'.</li> <li>4 Select the vertical line in the sketch.</li> <li>5 Click on OK.</li> </ul> | Selections   Standard:   iso   Standard:   iso   1   2   33.7 x 4.0   Path segments:  |
|   | Tip!  | <ul> <li>There are a small number of pre-defined tubes and profiles in SolidWorks. To be able to use exactly the right tube, there are two possibilities:</li> <li>1. Create a new tube and add it to the library. You do this once and then you can use this part every time you need it. Adding the part is not difficult, but you will not have the access rights to do so in a school environment. For this reason, we will not explain this procedure as part of this tutorial.</li> <li>2. The second option is to use an existing tube from the library, which looks similar to the one you need. You can then adapt or alter the dimensions to use it every time you need this part.</li> <li>In this tutorial we will use the second method.</li> </ul>  |

| 7 | <ul> <li>Find the feature (the tube) you have just made in the FeatureManager. This is called 'Structural Member1' (the number can vary).</li> <li>1 Click on the '+' symbol in front of the name of the feature.</li> <li>2 Right-click on the sketch in this feature.</li> <li>3 Click on Edit Sketch.</li> </ul> | Part1 (Default <as machined="">)   Annotations   Cut list(1)   Material <not specified="">   Front Plane   Top Plane   Origin   Weldment   Sketch1   Plane1   Structural Marcine 1</not></as>   |
|---|---|---|
| 8 | Click on Standard Views in<br>the View Orientation, and<br>then on Normal To.   | SolidWorks       SolidWorks       SolidWorks       Search         Exit       Smart       Smart </td |
| 9 | <ul> <li>Change the two dimensions in the sketch:</li> <li>1 The inside diameter must be set to '64'.</li> <li>2 The outside diameter must be set to '70'.</li> <li>3 Click on 'Exit Sketch'.</li> </ul>  | SolidWorks     Smart   Smart   Dimension   Image: Structural Member1   Plane1     Sketch11     Sketch11     Image: S  |

| 10 | Rotate the model so you<br>can get a clear view.<br>Click on 'Weldments' in the<br>CommandManager and<br>next on 'Structural Mem-<br>ber'.   | SolidWorks<br>SolidWorks<br>SolidWorks Search<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Member<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Trim/Extend<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Structural<br>Struct |
|----|--|--|
| 11 | <ul> <li>Set the following items in the PropertyManager:</li> <li>1 Select 'ISO' as the 'Standard'.</li> <li>2 Select the 'rectangular tube' as the profile 'Type'.</li> <li>3 Select a size of '60 x 40 x 3.2'.</li> <li>4 Select the horizontal line in the sketch.</li> <li>5 Click on 'Locate Profile'.</li> </ul> | Structural Mem.     Selections     Selections     Selections     Structural Mem.     I     Selections     Selections </td   |













| 27 | <ul> <li>We can also hide the original sketch that we used before.</li> <li>1 Click on the first sketch in the FeatureManager.</li> <li>2 Select Hide in the pop-up menu.</li> </ul>  | Sector   Sketch   |
|----|---|---|
| 28 | One of the supports of the<br>product is now ready and<br>we will copy it twice<br>around the vertical tube.<br>We will use the centerline<br>from the tube to do so, but<br>first we have to show it.<br>1 Click on Hide/Show<br>Items.<br>2 Set the option Tempo-<br>rary Axes. | SolidWorks       Image: SolidWorks Search         Image: SolidWorks Search         Image: Sketch       Image: Sketch         Image: Sketch  |
| 29 | Click on 'Features' in the<br>CommandManager and se-<br>lect 'Circular Pattern'. You<br>may have to open the ex-<br>tended menu first.  | Solid Works       Solid Works |

| 30 | <ul> <li>Set the next items in the PropertyManager:</li> <li>1 Click in the selection area of the 'Axis' pattern.</li> <li>2 Select the centerline from the vertical tube as a rotation axis.</li> <li>3 Set the number of items in the pattern to '3'.</li> <li>4 Open the menu 'Bodies to Pattern'.</li> </ul>  | Similar Pattern     Parameters     Parameters     Axis<1>     1     2     360.00deg     360.00deg     360.00deg     360.00deg     360.00deg     Teaces to Pattern     Faces to Pattern     6 odies to Pattern     6 odies to Pattern     6 odies to Pattern     6 odies to Skip   |
|----|---|---|
| 31 | <ul> <li>Select all of the parts that you want to rotate:</li> <li>1 The rectangular tube.</li> <li>2 The strip.</li> <li>3 The weldment between the strip and the tube.</li> <li>4 The weldment between the strip and the diagonal tube.</li> <li>5 The weldment between the vertical and diagonal tube.</li> <li>6 When all parts are selected, click on OK.</li> </ul> | Bodies to Pattern<br>Paraneters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters<br>Parameters |
| 32 | <ul> <li>Finally, we have to create a hole in the support.</li> <li>1 Select 'Front Plane' in the FeatureManager.</li> <li>2 Click on Normal To in the pop-up menu.</li> </ul>  | Base (Default <as machined="">)<br/>Annotations<br/>Cut list(1<br/>Material who specified<br/>Front Plane<br/>Right Plane<br/>Norigin<br/>Weldment<br/>Sketch1<br/>Sketch1<br/>Sketch1<br/>Sketch1<br/>Sketch1</as>   |



| 36 | <ul> <li>To hide the welding icons, follow the next few steps:</li> <li>1. Right-click on the map 'Annotations' in the FeatureManager.</li> <li>2. Uncheck the option 'Display Annotations'.</li> </ul> | Sease (Default <as machined="">)   Annotation   Cup Rit   Display Annotations   Front Plan   Front Plan   Show Feature Dimensions   Show Reference Dimensions   Show DimXpert Annotations   Show DimXpert Annotation View   Automatically Place into Annotation Views   Enable Annotation View Visibility</as> |
|----|---|--|
| 37 | Save the file.  |  |
|    | Work plan   | The second part will be the expandable inner tube based on the drawing below.<br>This part is not as complicated. We will build it following these steps:<br>1. Make the tube.<br>2. Make only one of the bigger holes.  |





| 45 | <ol> <li>First, you have to set the direction in which the elements should be copied. For this, you have to select the centerline of the tube.</li> <li>Set the distance between two holes to '35mm'.</li> <li>Set the number to '6'.</li> <li>Click on the 'Features to Pattern' selection field.</li> <li>Next, you have to select the hole. You can do it in the model, but it is easier to do so in the FeatureManager.</li> <li>Open the FeatureManager tree next to the model.</li> <li>Select the last feature in the list.</li> <li>When the preview looks ok to you, click on OK.</li> </ol> | Pattern     Pront Plane        Pront Plane |
|----|---|--|
| 46 | Next, make the small hole<br>at the top. Select the Right<br>Plane and make the sketch<br>as shown.<br>Make an Extruded Cut in<br>two directions 'Through<br>All', like you did in Step 43.   | 14   |



|    |   | er. |
|----|---|-----|
| 50 | Open a new part, select<br>the Front Plane and make<br>a sketch.<br>Draw a vertical centerline<br>from the origin up (length<br>of about 40mm).   |     |
| 51 | <ul> <li>Next, make a horizontal line (not a centerline) according to the sketch as shown on the right.</li> <li>1. The first line is a horizontal line from the origin with a length of approximately 40mm.</li> <li>2. Draw the rest of the sketch from this point on. The sizes are not important yet. Only make sure that the end of the last line is on the centerline again.</li> </ul> |     |

| 52 | Add the exact dimensions<br>with Smart Dimension.<br>Look at the illustration.<br>If the sketch from the pre-<br>vious step was not drawn<br>very accurately, it is possi-<br>ble that you will see<br>strange things happen. The<br>best you can do is throw<br>away ( <del> delete the<br/>sketch) and start again at<br/>Step 50. The most impor-<br/>tant part of this drawing is<br/>the first horizontal line: this<br/>should be about 40mm<br/>long.</del> |   |
|----|--|---|
| 53 | Next, select the entire<br>sketch: click at a point on<br>the left top and hold the<br>mouse button while drag-<br>ging the cursor to the bot-<br>tom right. You will draw a<br>frame around the sketch;<br>notice that all parts should<br>be included in this frame.   |   |
| 54 | Click on 'Mirror Entities' in<br>the CommandManager.<br>When you follow the cor-<br>rect steps, the sketch will<br>be mirrored around the<br>centerline from Step 52.<br>Did you select more or less<br>than one centerline? The<br>sketch will not be mirrored<br>immediately. You will have<br>to select one line in the<br>PropertyManager to use as<br>a mirror axis.  | SolidWorks       Search         Smart       Smart         Image: Shetch Pattern       Sketch Pattern         Display/D       Relatio         Stetch       Weldments         Evaluate       Dimxpert         Image: Sketch       Image: Sketch         Image: Sketch       Weldments         Evaluate       Image: Sketch         Image: Sketch       Image: Sketch         Image: Sketch< |

| 55 | Make an Extruded<br>Boss/Base from this<br>sketch. Set the following<br>features in the Property-<br>Manager:<br>1. Select 'Mid Plane' for<br>'Direction1'.<br>2. Set the length to '65'.<br>3. Click on OK. | Image: Sketch Plane   Image: Sketch Plane |
|----|--|---|
|    | Tip!   | Using the Mid Plane option, the sketch will be extruded in two directions with equal length. This is very convenient when creating symmetrical products (like this one) because the origin will remain in the middle of the product. This again is very convenient if you want to mirror parts later on.<br>You could also get the same results by setting 'Direction2' in the Property-Manager. You will get more options that way, so it is less applicable to this situation.  |
| 56 | Start a new sketch on the<br>Front Plane.<br>Draw a rectangle first, as<br>shown in the drawing on<br>the right. The left top cor-<br>ner is at the origin.  | Solid Works Search<br>Smart Smart Statute<br>Smart Sketch Veldments Evaluate DimXpert<br>Rectangle Type<br>Parameters * 100   |



| 60 | <ul> <li>We will now make the sloped end at the bottom of the shape.</li> <li>1. Click on the arrow next to 'Sketch Fillet'.</li> <li>2. Click on 'Sketch Chamfer'.</li> </ul>             | Solid Works       Image: Solid Wor |
|----|--|--|
| 61 | <ol> <li>Set the distance for the<br/>chamfer to '3mm' in<br/>the PropertyManager.</li> <li>Click on the corner<br/>point at the right bot-<br/>tom side.</li> <li>Click on OK.</li> </ol> | Sketch Chamfer     Sketch Chamfer     Sketch Chamfer     Angle-distance     Distance-distance     Equal distance     1     20       20     20     20     20     20     20     20     20     20     20     20  |
| 62 | The sketch is now ready,<br>and we will make a rota-<br>tion shape from it. Click on<br>'Features' in the Com-<br>mandManager and next on<br>'Revolved Boss/Base'.                         | SolidWorks       SolidWorks         SolidWorks       S   |
| 63 | <ol> <li>Select the rotation axis<br/>first. This is the left<br/>vertical line in the<br/>sketch.</li> <li>Click on OK.</li> </ol>  | Revolve   Part2   Revolve   Part2   Revolve   Part2   Ine2   One-Direction   360.00deg   Part2   Image: Contours   Selected Contours   Image: Contours   |

| 64 | In the sloped surface we<br>will make countersink holes<br>with the Hole Wizard.<br>Click on the surface of the<br>model and use the Normal<br>To command to get a good<br>view at this plane.  | Part2   Annotations   Email snot specified>   Front Plane   Right Plane   Origin   Extrude1   Revolve1   |
|----|---|--|
| 65 | Draw a horizontal and a vertical centerline on the plane.<br>Make sure to use the center of the borderlines to begin and end the center-lines.  |  |
| 66 | <ol> <li>Click on Point in the<br/>CommandManager.</li> <li>Set a point somewhere<br/>on the horizontal cen-<br/>terline, as shown in the<br/>drawing.</li> <li>Push the <esc> key to end<br/>the Point command.</esc></li> </ol>                         | Solid Works     Solid Works     Smart   Dimension   Tim   Convert   Dimension   Tim   Convert   Diffset   Tim   Convert   Diffset   Dimension   Top Plane   Right Plane   Revolve1   Constant  |
| 67 | Select the point and the<br>vertical centerline (use the<br><ctrl> key to select more<br/>than one element).<br/>Click on 'Mirror Entities' in<br/>the CommandManager.<br/>The point will be mirrored<br/>to the other side of the<br/>centerline.</ctrl> | Solid Works     Smart   Sketch   Dimension   Image: Sketch   Image: Sketch   Image: Sketch   Weidments   Evaluate   DimXpert   Image: Sketch   Image: Sketch |

| 68 | <ol> <li>Use Smart Dimension<br/>to set a dimension of<br/>'40mm' between the<br/>two points.</li> <li>Close the sketch with<br/>'Exit Sketch'.</li> </ol>  | SolidWorks<br>SolidWorks<br>SolidWorks<br>SalidWorks<br>SalidWorks<br>Smart<br>Sketch<br>Display/C<br>Relatic<br>Move Entities<br>Move Entities<br>M |
|----|---|--|
|    | Tip!  | We have just fixed the position of the countersink holes that we will make<br>in the next step. You can also do this directly with the Hole Wizard (without<br>making the sketch first), but often is it much easier to make the sketch<br>first.  |
| 69 | <ul> <li>Click on 'Hole Wizard' in the CommandManager and set following items:</li> <li>1. Choose Counterbore as the 'Hole Type'.</li> <li>2. 'Standard' is 'ISO'.</li> <li>3. 'Type' is 'Hex Socket Head ISO 4762'.</li> <li>4. 'Size' is 'M8'.</li> <li>5. The depth is 'Through All'.</li> <li>6. Click on the second tab: 'Positions'.</li> </ul> | Image: Specification     Hole Specification     Hole Type     Image: Specification     Standard:     ISO   Type:   Hex Sockat Head ISO 4762     Hole Specifications   Size:   MB   Fit:   Image: Show custom sizing   End Condition     Through All  |



| 73 | This part is now ready.<br>If you want, you can round<br>some edges with Fillet or<br>Chamfer.<br>Save the model as:<br>Support.SLDPRT.  |  |
|----|--|--|
|    | Work plan  | The next part is the insert. We will create only the main shape, not the screw holes. We will make these later after we have finished the assembly. The position of the holes will be fixed to the position of the support that we did earlier in this tutorial.<br>The main shape is made from only one extrusion. The sketch is similar to the sketch we made for the support. |
| 74 | Open a new part and make<br>the sketch as shown on the<br>Front Plane.<br>The structure of this part is<br>the same as the one from<br>the last part (Steps 51 to<br>54).<br>First, draw the vertical cen-<br>terline from the origin.<br>Next, draw a horizontal line<br>with a length of about |  |

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|    | Draw a raw shape to get<br>the rest of the sketch.<br>Make sure the sizes and<br>proportions are about<br>right.<br>Finally, add the dimen-<br>sions. |   |
|----|---|---|
| 75 | Make a mirrored copy from<br>the sketch around the cen-<br>terline using the Mirror<br>command.   |   |
| 76 | Next make an extrusion.<br>Use the option 'Mid Plane'<br>as you did before with the<br>support and set the length<br>to '65 mm'.                      | Sketch Plane     Mid Plane     1     55.00mm     2  |
| 77 | Use the Chamfer feature to<br>shape a number of corners<br>as desired.<br>Save the model as In-<br>sert.SLDPRT.                                       |   |
|    | Work plan   | Finally, we will make the last part of the axle support: the pin that is used to fix the tubes at a certain height. This part is mainly made as a rotation shape. |

| 78 | Open a new part and make<br>a sketch on the Front Plane<br>as shown on the right.   |   |
|----|---|---|
| 79 | Make a Revolved<br>Boss/Base from the sketch.<br>Select the upper horizontal<br>line in the sketch to be<br>used as a rotation axis.  | Part4   |
| 80 | We will chamfer a number<br>of corners. Click on 'Cham-<br>fer' in the CommandMa-<br>nager.<br>Set the dimension of the<br>slope to '4mm'.<br>Select the three edges (do<br>NOT select planes!) as<br>shown on the right.<br>Click on OK. | Chamfer   Chamfer |



|    | Tip!  | Using the menu from the last step you can add a color or texture to differ-<br>ent parts of a model: a Face, a Feature, a Body or a Part. Do you want the<br>whole model to get the same color or texture? Then, click on the check-box<br>next to Body or Part. We will handle only one surface now, so click on the<br>check-box behind Face. In the next step you will get the opportunity to<br>change your selection.   |
|----|---|--|
| 84 | Select 'Knurl1' in the list of<br>materials.<br>You will find this under<br>'Metal > Machined'.<br>Click on OK. | Part4     Texture     Face<1>     Face     Face     Face     Face     Face     Face     Face     Face     Face     < |
| 85 | The part is ready. Save it as: Pin.SLDPRT.  |  |
|    | Assembly  | At the end of this tutorial we will make the assembly. All parts will be joined together as one product. After that is done, we will make the holes in the insert on the support. Finally, we will add some screws from the Toolbox.   |

| 86 | <ul> <li>Open a new assembly.</li> <li>The Insert Component command will start automatically.</li> <li>1. Click on 'Base' in the list of open files.</li> <li>2. Click on OK.</li> <li>If you have closed the file base.SLDPRT before, click on the 'Browse' key and find the file.</li> </ul> | Part/Assembly   Part/Assembly to Insert   Open documents:   Base   Open documents:   Pin   Pin   Pine   Support   Browse  |
|----|--|---|
| 87 | Add all of other parts to<br>the assembly. The exact<br>location is irrelevant at this<br>point.   | Assem2 (Default <default_displa;<br>A Annotations<br/>Front Plane<br/>Top Plane<br/>Coigin<br/>Solid () Pinet&lt;1&gt;<br/>Solid () Pinet&lt;1&gt;<br/>Solid</default_displa;<br> |

| 88 | First, make a 'Concentric'<br>mate between the outside<br>of the tube and the inside<br>of the axle support base.   | Assem2 (Default <default_di<br>Concentric1<br/>Mates<br/>Analysis<br/>Mates<br/>Face &lt;1&gt;@Base-1<br/>Face &lt;2&gt;@Pipe-1<br/>Face &lt;2&gt;@Pipe-1<br/>Face &lt;2&gt;@Pipe-1<br/>Face &lt;2&gt;@Pipe-1<br/>Face &lt;1&gt;@Base-1<br/>Face &lt;2&gt;@Pipe-1<br/>Face &lt;1&gt;@Base-1<br/>Face &lt;2&gt;@Pipe-1<br/>Face &lt;2&gt;@Pipe-1<br/>Face &lt;1&gt;@Base-1<br/>Face &lt;1 &amp; Base-1<br/>Face &lt;1 &amp; Ba</default_di<br> |
|----|---|---|
| 89 | Select the hole in the base<br>and the hole in the tube.<br>These will be 'Concentric'.<br>Make sure to select the in-<br>side planes in the holes<br>and not the edges.                      | Assem1 (Default < Default   |
| 90 | Select the plane on the in-<br>side of the hole in the base<br>again and also select the<br>surface of the pin that<br>goes through it. This mate<br>will be set to be 'Concen-<br>tric' too. | Concentric3     Mates     Mates     Parallel   Perpendicular   Tangent   Concentric   |





| 98 | We have to make a couple<br>of tapped holes in the in-<br>sert, and the holes have to<br>be aligned with the holes<br>in the support block. We<br>will do this by changing the<br>part 'In Context'.<br>Click at a random point on<br>the insert and select Edit<br>Part (second icon) to<br>change the part. | Axle_stand (Default <default_dis<br>Axle_stand) Front Plane Front Plane Right Plane Origin (f) Base&lt;1&gt; (Default<as mac<="" p=""> (f) Base&lt;1&gt; (Default<as mac<="" p=""> (f) Pin&lt;1&gt; (f) Pin&lt;1&gt; (f) Pin&lt;1&gt; (f) Pin&lt;1&gt; (f) Pin&lt;1&gt; (f) Mates</as></as></default_dis<br>   |
|----|---|--|
|    | Tip!  | You can now see the whole assembly turning transparent/gray – only the insert turns blue. You can work on this part as you can with any other part; the only difference is that the assembly remains visible. The advantage is that you can see directly how the part fits in the product. You can use this while modeling to link items together. We call this type of modeling 'In Context'.   |
| 99 | Rotate the model so you<br>can see the bottom of the<br>insert.<br>Select the sloped plane and<br>click on Normal to for a<br>straight-on view.   | <ul> <li>Axle_stand (Default<default_dis< li=""> <li>Axle_stand (Default<default_dis< li=""> <li>Annotations</li> <li>Front Plane</li> <li>Origin</li> <li>Origin</li> <li>Origin</li> <li>Origin</li> <li>Origin</li> <li>Of Asse&lt;1&gt; (Default<as li="" mac<=""> <li>Annotations</li> <li>Annotations</li> <li>Mates in Assem1</li> <li>Annotations</li> <li>Material <not specified=""></not></li> <li>Front Plane</li> <li>Top Plane</li> <li>Dight Plane</li> <li>Dight Plane</li> <li>Dight Plane</li> </as></li></default_dis<></li></default_dis<></li></ul> |







| 108 | <ul> <li>Rotate the model so you can see at least two of the holes in the support block.</li> <li>1. Open the 'Design Library'.</li> <li>2. Go to 'Toolbox'.</li> <li>3. 'ISO'.</li> <li>4. 'Bolts and Screws'.</li> <li>5. 'Hexagon Socket Head Screws'.</li> <li>6. 'Hex Socket Head ISO 4762'.</li> </ul> | Valuate Office Products   |
|-----|--|---|
| 109 | Drag the screw to the as-<br>sembly. Release it on the<br>deeper surface in one of<br>the holes.<br>The screw size may be<br>wrong, but this does not<br>matter.   | <ul> <li>Axle_stand (Default<default_dis< li=""> <li>Annotations</li> <li>Front Plane</li> <li>Origin</li> <li>(1) Base&lt;1&gt; (Default<as li="" mac<=""> <li>(2) (1) Base&lt;1&gt; (Default<as li="" mac<=""> <li>(3) (1) Base&lt;1&gt; (Default<as li="" mac<=""> <li>(4) Annotations</li> <li>(5) (1) Insert&lt;1&gt; -&gt;</li> <li>(6) Mates in Assem1</li> <li>(7) Annotations</li> <li>(7) Material <not specified=""></not></li> <li>(7) Front Plane</li> </as></li></as></li></as></li></default_dis<></li></ul> |

| 110 | <ol> <li>Set the screw thread<br/>'Size' to 'M8'.</li> <li>Set the 'Length' to<br/>'20mm'.</li> <li>Click on OK,</li> <li>After this, you can also put<br/>the screw into the three<br/>other holes.</li> </ol>   | Axle_stand (Default <default< td=""></default<>   |
|-----|---|---|
| 111 | <ul> <li>Finally, we need a screw to fasten the support block into the tube.</li> <li>1. Open the 'Design Library'.</li> <li>2. Go to 'Toolbox'.</li> <li>3. 'ISO'.</li> <li>4. 'Bolts and Screws'.</li> <li>5. 'Slotted Head Screws'.</li> <li>6. Select the next screw: 'Slotted Cheese Head ISO 1207' and drag this to the model.</li> </ul> | Valuate       Office Products         1       1         1       1         2       1         2       1         3       1         4       1         5       1         6       Slotted Cheese Head         150       1         3       1         4       1         5       1         5       1         5       1         5       1         5       1         5       1         6       1         5       1         5       1         6       1         5       1         6       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       1         1       < |

| 112 | <ol> <li>Place the screw at a random position beside the model. Because the hole is in a round tube, it is not possible to put the screw directly in the right position.</li> <li>Set the size to 'M6' in the PropertyManager.</li> <li>The 'Length' must be set to '10mm'.</li> <li>Click on OK.</li> <li>Push the <esc> key on the keyboard to end the screw selection command.</esc></li> </ol> | Slotted Cheese Head?     Favorite:     4     0 List by Part Number     0 List by Description     Description:     Properties     Size:   M6   Length:   10   Thread Length: |
|-----|--|---|
| 113 | Next set a mate between<br>the screw and the hole: se-<br>lect the planes as shown.  | Parallel   Perpendicular   Parallel   Perpendicular   Tangent   Concentric  |

| 114 | Finally, make a mate be-<br>tween the bottom of the<br>screw head and the outer<br>surface of the tube.  | Image: 12     Image: 12 |
|-----|--|---|
| 115 | Put a screw in the other<br>hole as well. Use the same<br>method again.  |   |
| 116 | To clarify the model we will<br>make the insert transpa-<br>rent.<br>Open the Display Pane<br>menu in the FeatureMa-<br>nager as shown in the illu-<br>stration on the right (use<br>the double arrow icon). | Axle_stand (Default <default_dis< td="">   Axle_stand (Default<default_dis< td="">   Annotations   Front Plane   Top Plane   Right Plane   Origin   Origin   () Incert&lt;1&gt;&gt;&gt;</default_dis<></default_dis<>   |
| 117 | <ol> <li>Click on the last col-<br/>umn, behind the part<br/>'Insert'.</li> <li>Click on 'Change Trans-<br/>parency'.</li> <li>The part turns transparent<br/>now.</li> </ol>                                | Axle_stand (Default < Default_Dis   |

| 118 | To close the Display Pane<br>menu, click on the double<br>arrow that you used before<br>to open it. | Axle_stand (Default   Axle_stand (Default   Annotations   Front Plane   Top Plane   Right Plane   Origin   |
|-----|---|--|
|     | Tip!  | Using the <b>Display Pane</b> menu gives you a quick method for to setting the way each part is shown. Try the different settings yourself.  |
| 119 | The model is now ready.<br>Save it.   |  |
|     | What are the main fea-<br>tures you have learned<br>in this tutorial?                               | <ul> <li>Congratulations! You have created a fairly complex model in SolidWorks. You have used many of the tools that you have already learned but have also been introduced to a number of new subjects.</li> <li>You have learned how to make a rotation shape with Rotated Boss/Base.</li> <li>You have created patterns by using Linear Pattern and Circular Pattern</li> <li>You have copied features using the Mirror command and you have mirrored parts in the sketch with the Mirror command. It showed you how to build symmetrical products.</li> <li>The last and maybe the most important new features were the weldments. You have built a construction using tubes and profiles.</li> <li>So you have learned a lot of new items again. We have practiced making mates in an assembly for the second time now and have used the Toolbox again. This was designed to improve your knowledge of these functions.</li> <li>You have again reached an even higher level of SolidWorks usage!</li> </ul> |