

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x}{1+e^x} = \frac{1}{2} \lim y = e^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$٢٠) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(\ln \frac{1}{x} \right)^x \Rightarrow \lim x \ln \left(\ln \frac{1}{x} \right) =$$

$$\lim \frac{\ln \left(\ln \frac{1}{x} \right)}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\frac{1}{x \ln \frac{1}{x}}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} = \lim \frac{x}{\ln \frac{1}{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x}{-\ln x} = 0 \quad \lim \left(\ln \frac{1}{x} \right)^x - e^0 = 1$$

$$٢١) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (\csc x)^x = \lim \frac{\ln(\csc x)}{\frac{1}{x}} =$$

$$\lim \frac{-\operatorname{ctg} x}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \cot x$$

$$\lim \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{tg} x} = \lim \frac{2x}{1+\operatorname{tg}^2 x} = 0 \quad y = e^0 = 1$$

$$٢٢) \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{x}{n} \right)^n = e^x, \quad n > 0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{x}{n} \right)^n = e \times p \left(\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \ln \left(1 + \frac{x}{n} \right)^n \right)$$

$$= e \times p \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \ln \left(1 + \frac{x}{n} \right)$$

$$\frac{-x}{n^2}$$

$$= e \times p \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1 + \frac{x}{n}}{-\frac{1}{n^2}}$$

$$= e \times p \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x}{1 + \frac{x}{n}}$$

$$= e \times px = e^x$$