Mold Design





Mold Design

- Mold design is a very specialized field
- Features for adding material to the mold, venting, heating, and cooling are highly dependent of the type of material and process
 - Plastic injection molding
 - Liquid polymer molding
 - Metal die casting, etc
- We will concentrate on the creation of the mold cavity and mold halves, operations that are common to most molding processes

Assembly – Part and Mold Base

- The mold base must be large enough to completely contain the part
- Use of symmetry when creating parts is very helpful for centering part within base



Center Part in Base

- Use mates to locate part within mold
- This assembly is called an "interim assembly" from which the mold halves will be created
- Making base translucent helps visualization



Create the Cavity

• The cavity is usually larger than the finished part to allow for material shrinkage during cool-down

🔁 Cavity		
Design 😵	Cylinder-1@MoldAssembly	
Scale Parameters		
	Scale about:	
	Component Centroids 🛛 🗸	
	✓ Uniform scaling	
	3.00%	



Create a Base Part with Cavity

- A derived component is created from an assembly, and includes assembly-level features (in this case, the cavity)
- Associativity is maintained changes to the assembly will be reflected in the derived part

ST	Sol	idWorks Office Professional 2006 - [Mold Assembly *]
1	File	Edit View Insert Tools Toolbox Window Help
		New
	Þ	Open
16	ø	Close
	ļ.	Make Drawing from Assembly
<u> </u>	\$	Make Assembly from Assembly
9		Create Assembly from Layout Sketch
1		Publish eDrawings 2006 File
ŧ		Save
		Save As
	ð	Save All
		Derive Component Part
		Reload



Cut Away Top Half of Mold



Associativity

 Changes to the original part are reflected in the interim assembly and then to the derived part (mold half)



Tutorial 2: Core and Cavity Mold

 A mold for the card holder will require teo different mold halves – a core, with features prodtruding away from the parting line, and a cavity, with features cut into the mold half



Overview of Procedure



Mold Base



Interim Assembly

• Mates added to center the part within the base



Create Cavity in Base

 Derive two components – upper and lower mold halves



Lower Mold Half

- First Cut: Portion directly above cavity
- Type = Up to Next

- Second Cut
- Type = Up to surface (parting surface)



Upper Mold Half

- Single cut (through all) through parting surface
- Cut creates two separate bodies must specify which to keep





Mold Assembly



Cross Section Shows Cavity



Associativity

• Change in part (increased thickness) reflected in interim assembly, mold halves, and mold assembly

