



کاربرد have to , has to

از have to و has to برای بیان اجبار استفاده می شود. مثال:

- I **have to go** to this party.

من باید به این مهمانی بروم. (حتما یه چیزی اونو مجبورش کرده.)

- You **have to do** your homework.

تو باید تکالیفتو انجام بدی. "احتمالا معلمشه :)"

نکته ۱: پس از have to یا has to از فعل ساده استفاده می شود.

نکته ۲: از has to برای سوم شخص استفاده می شود. (She, he, it, proper nouns)

- She **has to bring** my book tomorrow.

او باید کتاب من رو فردا بیاورد.

- Ali **has to close** the window. It's so cold.

علی باید پنجره رو ببندد. خیلی هوا سرده.

نکته ۳: از have to برای ضمیرهای I, you, they, we استفاده می شود.

- They **have to do** complete their task.

آنها باید وظایفشان را انجام دهند.

- Ali and I **have to go** to school next year.





برای منفی کردن این ساختار از **don't have to** یا **doesn't have to** استفاده می شود.
به فرمول زیر دقت کنید.

I/you/we/they + don't have to + simple verb

- I **don't have to** do that.

She/he/Ali + doesn't have to + simple verb

- She **doesn't have to** go there.

برای ساخت سوال از فرمول زیر استفاده می کنیم.

Don't + I/you/they/we + have to + simple verb

- **Don't you have to clean** the room?
- Yes I do. I have to clean it.

Doesn't + he/she/Ali + have to + simple verb

- **Doesn't she have to buy** a new dress?
- Yes she doesn't. She doesn't have to buy a new dress.

پایان

