## In God we believe



**Subject: English book 3** 

Grade: 3

Field: All fields

**Lesson Topic: Vocabulary drills** 

Of lessons 3 & 4(Ps 52 & 65)

Number of lesson plan:

Book code: 252 / 1

Level: High school

**School name:** 

Class name:

Number of students: 9

Time: 30 minutes

**Instructor:** 

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From:

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**Date: July, 2015** 

Timetable fit: This is the first session of the second semester. The previous session was spent on teaching grammar and language function. Students were asked to review lesson 3 and be prepared for the new lesson. This session, the final part of lessons 3 & 4 (vocabulary drill) will be taught.

<b>General Objective</b>		Introducing students to word formation processes						
Specific objectives:		At the end of this class, students will:  1. be introduced to common types of word formation processes  2.recognize different word forms in different sentences  3. understandthe application of different forms of words in authentic situations such as a description of a scene						
	main	At the end of the class students will:	knowledge	comprehension	Application	Analysis	Synthesis	Evaluation
	Cognitive domain	-learn noun forms of guide, invite, migrate, exist, and explain, hot, wide, long, deep, and highdifferentiate nouns from verbs and adjectives	*			*		
	<b>1</b> 50				*	*		
ES	ŭ	-make nouns out of verbs			*	*		*
		-be able to choose suitable forms of words in different sentences			"			, "
C		-make sentences using different forms of words			*		*	
		Students will:						
BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	Affective	-get together and make groups in a random mode -collaborate in a group work to win the game -receive teacher's corrective and affective feedback(rapport) -given positive cards for doing well - correct each other's answer (peer correction)						
BEI	Psychomotor domain	Students will: -stand up and go around the class to find their fellow group members -set their groups and put their desks in U form -get together in their groups and stick the papers on the panel -stand up and go to the desk with the circuit on it and get together to make the lights of the circuit on - get together to do group works -come to the board to answer the questions -stand up and gather around the desks to do hand on knees game -grab the cards on the desk with noun forms on them						
Materials		Textbook, list of names, slides,3 packets of papers for 3 activities (Appendix. A, B,& C), music, a circuit with 6 lights on it, a piece of related listening, a piece of related film, Laptop, Speaker(for listening), Internet, a web based computer exam, paper and pencil, wireless mouse						
Teaching Methods, techniques, & strategies		Task based language teaching, CLT, brain storming, Listening and watching authentic materials: role playing (made by students for listening and movie part in advance), ask and answer, PPP (presentation, practice, and performance), collaborative learning and teaching, problem solving, elicitation, reiteration, exposure to language						
Class organization		-At the beginning students sit as they like; after the warm up stage, they will randomly be divided into groups and will set their chairs (or desks) in U form while the desk of each group is separated from another group.  - Before starting the class, the teacher asks the students to put a table in one corner of the class and put the circuit on it (the circuit is first inside a plastic bag in order not to distract students)  -In case there are chairs instead of desks in the class, the teacher prepares desks before starting the class for the "hands on knees" game.						

Time(min)	Stage	Step by step objectives	Teacher Task	Students' Task	Interaction	Materials	Appendix
1	Greeting	-To establish a friendly atmosphere	-The teacher enters the class and greets Ss.  -The teacher calls the roll and makes eye contact with them while paying attention and showing respect to them.  -The teacher checks if a student was absent the previous session and seeks the reason	-Ss also greet the teacher.  -Ss raise their hands or say "present" or "I'm here" to show that they are present -Ss answer the teacher if needed	T- S & S- T	List of names	
2	Warm up	-To set the ground to start the session -To set the scene and take students' attention to forms of words and derivation and relate the lesson to real life	-The teacher starts the class in the name of Allah and emphases to begin every work with the name of God by presenting a saying and asks the students if they know why we start everything with the name of Allah.  - The teacher briefly refers to two words(hopeless end & endless hope) to arouse students' attention to the difference which is the topic of the lesson(word formation)	-Ss pay attention to the teacher and the saying on the board and reply to the teacher's question  -Ss think about the difference between the two words and listen to the teacher	T- S& S- T	Slide: 2-3	
1		-To give a preview of the activities	-Giving the outline of the session activities	-Ss listen to the teacher	T-S	Slide: 4	
1	Diagnostic evaluation	-To check students' homewor k	-The teacher asks her assistant if she had checked students' homework before the teacher entered the class (every session, before teacher's coming, the assistant is responsible to check the homework). The teacher checks if there was any problem with the homework	-The assistant reports how the students have done their homework and if there was any problem	T- S & S- T	Slide 5	
1	what Ss have learned from previous lesson (grammar)		-The teacher asks the topic of grammar (two word verbs) and stimulates student's answers( ask & answer method)	-Ss answer teacher's questions	T- S &	Slide: 6	

1 1 1		checking homework  to A  to A	To andomly divide Ss nto groups while doing a ask based activity to eview wo-word verbs  To eview what Ss nave earned from grammar	-The teacher gives each of the Ss a piece of paper. On some of themdifferent types of separable towword verbs, on some others inseparable tow-word verbs, and on the rest one-word verbs are written.  - The teacher shows her satisfaction of the students' effort(rapport)  - The teacher ask some questions while showing some picture to review grammar part taught in the previous session.  - The teacher gives each group of students a packet of papers with scrambled words on them. They are asked to unscramble them and stick them on the panel. During the group work music is played. The teacher emphasizes that the group which finishes the task sooner is the winner. She gives positive cards to winners	-Ss are supposed to find their fellow group members, get together, and sit in a group.  -Ss look at the slides and answer teacher's questions.  -Ss stand up and start to stick the papers on the panel to make a sentence out of scrambled words  -Ss get their positive cards	S-S T-S&S-T	Slides: 7-8  Slides:9-12  3 packets of papers for 3 groups with words on them  Slide 13& music	Ap. B Ap. A
1		inguage function	To relate what hey nave earnt in anguage	-The teachers asks some questions about students' free time and this paves the way for setting the scene for the next stage (teaching word formation)	-Ssanswers the teacher's question by referring to some of their hobbies	T- S & S- T	Slide: 14	
1	Teaching g part 1	-To prepare students for the next stage		-The teacher reads a verse from the holy Quran related to the variety of languages and <b>elicits</b> the required answers and relates them to the main subject which is word formation - The teacher presents some quotations on the importance of words	-Ss think and answer  -Ss see how important words are	T- S & S- T	Slide: 15-17	

		- · ·	T		_		
		-To introduce	-The teacher introduces different word	-Ss listen and pay	T-	Slide:	
		students with	formation processes. Among those word	attention to the slides	S	18	
		different	formation processes, the teacher				
		word	emphasizes "derivation" and provides				
		formation	some examples.				
1		processes	-The teacher refers back to the third slide	-Ss remember the slide		Slide:	
		1	and reminds the students of the two	and find out the relation		19	
			phrases they have seen in the start of the				
			class (hopeless end & endless	-Ss try to guess the			
		-To teach	hope)(reiteration)	correct answers	Т-	Slides:	
			- The teacher challenges students with	-Ss stand up, go to the			
	3	some suffixes	asking them to guess the correct suffix for	desk on which is the	S	20	
2	on	including:	each verb	circuit and try to make it's	&		
	ess	tion, ance,	-The teacher shows a circuit which is designed for teaching suffixes and asks the Ss to try and	lights on by guessing the correct suffixes of the	S-	A	
	)f 1	and ence	put the suffixes in their correct slots, the lights		T	circuit	
	Teaching vocabulary drill of lesson	-To involve	of which will be on, then. During this phase	verbs and telling them to the teacher( <b>problem</b>		with 6	
	dri	Ss in a	the teacher <b>monitors</b> the students and offers	solving & collaborative	S-S	lights	
1	Z)	problem	her help whenever needed. After eliciting the	learning)	&	on it	
	ıla	solving and	correct answers, the teacher	-Ss repeat the words after	S-	Slide: 21	
	abı	at the same	introducesstudents to the pronunciation of the	the teacher	Т		
	00	-To enable	-The teacher asks the students to listen to	-Students listen to a	S		
2	50	students to	a conversation and fill in the blanks on the	conversation(exposure	Individual students	nts	
	nin	manipulate the	sentences shown in the slide ( she	_ · · · · · ·	tud	deı	
	ack	correct form of	mentions that these sentences are	to Lg) between two	al s	stu	
	Te	the words (verbs	extracted from their books so they can	people( the taught	idu	ne	
		or noun form) in	either see them in the slides or in their	words are used in the	div	SOI	
		different sentences and	books on page 52)	conversation) and write	In	by	
		distinguish	-The teacher elicits the words used in the	down the required		pa pa	
		verbs from	conversation	words(learning by doing	L L	vido k	
		nouns, as well	-The teacher asks the students to get	a task)	S-T	oro	
		as identify the	together and use <b>brain storming</b> strategy	-Students get together	8	d p	
1		patterns used	to find the patterns related to the use of	to discover the patterns	S-S	te bun te te	
		with different	nouns and verbs in the sentences while	used in the sentences		22-24& ing sour ance& t	
		parts of speech	using their known knowledge ( <b>relating</b>	and raise their hands to		22 uing	
			the lesson to whole book)	tell them		de: ten	
						Slide: 22-24& Listening sound provided by some students in advance& textbook	
		То пистопо	The teacher explains other forms of	Calcal at the alide and	T-		
	(۵	-To prepare	-The teacher explains other forms of	-Ss look at the slide and		Slide:	
	age	students for	word formation related to next part of	listen to the teacher	S	25	
1	k to	the next part	teaching				
	Link to next stage	of teaching					
	I						

1 2	Teaching vocabulary drill part of lesson 4	stude anote form processimilar form similar form form similar form stude man correction (adjective vector).	teant their nation their nation to the central	s ch ves have noun and to is to uish eir noun able the s to late the form of ds ve or rm) in it	-The teacher presents some sentences and explains how we can produce other forms of words and create different sentences by making nouns out of adjectives  -The teacher presents (presentation) some adjectives and asks students (she calls the name of low level students to raise their self-confidence since this task is an easy one: paying attention to individual differences) to find their noun forms from the provided words based on their similarities  -The teacher asks the students to open their books on page 64 and find the sentences chosen from that part;they are asked to fill in the blanks first by guessing and then check their answers while watching the movie(practice)	-Ss listen and pay attention to the teacher  -Ss look at the adjectives and find their noun form based on the similarities and tell them to the teacher  -Ss open their books and find the chosen sentences; they try to guess the correct words  -Ss watch a piece of film which is about two students who watch a photo album and have a conversation about the scenes (the taught adj and noun forms are used in the conversation) and check their answers -Ss come to the board and telling the answers explain why they have used noun or adj forms	T-S&S-T	Slide: 25  Slide: 26  Slide: 27-29 & book  A piece of film	
1 2	E V A L U A T I O N		Summative assessment	- To evaluat e what Ss have learned individ ually -The teacher evaluat es the student s' learnin g of the whole session	-The teacher sets hands on knees game  -The teacher asks the students to make a sentence(performance) using the words they have learned in that lesson; then she asks some of them or all of them (in case of enough time) toread their sentences to the class -The teacher connects to the net and sets the computer based quiz she has shared in his website and asks the students to answer some of the questions(IT based task)  -The teacher shows her satisfaction of the students' effort	- Ss stand up and get together on 3 groups to play a game (hands on knees) to show their ability in distinguishing noun forms of the words the teacher reads; Ss grab the noun form of the words the teacher reads -Ss make sentences of their own using the words they have learned and tell them to the class -Ss collaborate to answer the questions of the quiz	T-S&Individualstudents T-S&STT	Slide: 30  Paper and pencil Slide:31  Internet connect ion	Ap. C

1	C O N C L U S I O N	homework assignment	-To practic e what Ss have learne d at home  -To assign ICT based home wok  -To pay attentio n to individ ual differen ces	The teacher explains that there are two types of homework (general & selective) the students should do: homework that is done by all of them and another type including some activities that they can choose one of them.  For type one the teacher asks the Ss to take a computer-based test provided for them in the teacher's website that night, make 3 sentences using the words they have learned and send them to teacher that night either by SMS or email, and answer the book exercises on their notebooks for the next session  For type two, the teacher asks the Ss to choose one of these activities: describe a place they have visited in Noruz using the words and their different forms that they have learned in that session (as an authentic task) or make a conversation and record it by their mobile phone like the one they had in the class using the learned words or find examples for other word formation processes introduced by referring to the websites that the teacher introduces to them  -The teacher asks one of the high level students to make a story using the noun and adj forms they have learned(paying	-Ss listen to the teacher and write down what they should do as homework	T-S	Slide: 32-36	
				attention to individual differences)				
1	Clos	-To close the session in a		-The teachers sets the scene for the next session by referring to the next session's topic	-Ss listen to the teacher	T-S	Slide: 37	
	ing friendly manner e		ly	-The teacher reads a quotation about 'smile' and hopes her students to have such a smile on their lips. She thanks her students' cooperation and finally closes the session.	-Ss smile and thank the teacher	S- T		
u	Note1: 1 minute is left as a compensation time for unpredicted events or activities that may take more time Note2: listening and film were role played by 4 students of SumayBradust strict, Urmia, West Azerbaijan. Note3. During the class, Ss are exposed to second language through: teacher talk, students' talk, listening, and watching a piece of film(simulating authentic materials)							

watching a piece of film(**simulating authentic materials**)
Note4. Different activities, games, and methods are used to consider the individual differences

## **Appendix A**

Wake up	Pick up
Give back	Talk with
Responsible for	Similar to
invite	guide
exist	

## **Appendix B**

## He

# is going to

## turn

# off

## it

# it she

# looking

is

at

## am not

## responsible

## for

## the accident

## **Appendix C**

long	length
heat	wide
high	height
depth	hot
width	deep

guide	guidance
migrate	migration
explain	explanation
invite	invitation
exist	existence