

فصل هشتم: آشنایی با کلاس‌ها

```
// s08-01.cpp
// استفاده از کلاس برای مقدار دهی و چاپ زمان //

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class time
{
public:
    void set_time(int, int, int);
    void print_time();
private:
    int hour;
    int minute;
    int second;
} t1;

void time::set_time(int h, int m, int s)
{
    hour=h;
    minute=m;
    second=s;
}

void time::print_time()
{
    cout<<"Time is : ";
    cout<<hour<<":"<<minute<<":"<<second;
}

int main(void)
{
    int h,m,s;
    cout<<"Enter hour : ";
    cin>>h;
    cout<<"Enter minute : ";
    cin>>m;
    cout<<"Enter second : ";
    cin>>s;
    t1.set_time(h,m,s);
    t1.print_time();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
#####
Enter hour : 12
Enter minute : 30
Enter second : 25
Time is : 12:30:25
Press any key to continue . . .
#####
```

```
// S08-02.cpp
// محاسبه محیط و مساحت دایره با استفاده از کلاس

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class circle
{
    float radius;
public:
    void get_radius(void);
    void print_area(void);
    void print_perime(void);
};

void circle::get_radius(void)
{
    cout<<"Enter radius : ";
    cin>>radius;
}

void circle::print_area(void)
{
    double a;
    a=radius*radius*3.14;
    cout<<"\nArea is : "<<a;
}

void circle::print_perime(void)
{
    double p;
    p=2*radius*3.14 ;
    cout<<"\nPerime is : "<<p;
}

int main(void)
{
    circle c ;
    c.get_radius();
    c.print_area();
    c.print_perime();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
Enter radius : 3
Area is : 28.26
Perime is : 18.84
Press any key to continue ...
```

```

// S08-03.cpp
// محاسبه محیط و مساحت دایره با استفاده از سازنده کلاس

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class circle
{
    float radius;
public :
    circle(void);
    void print_area(void);
    void print_perime();
};

circle::circle(void)
{
    radius=3;
}

void circle::print_area(void)
{
    double a;
    a=radius*radius*3.14;
    cout<<"\nArea is : "<<a;
}

void circle::print_perime(void)
{
    double p;
    p=2*radius*3.14;
    cout<<"\nPerime is : "<<p;
}

int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    circle c ;
    c.print_area();
    c.print_perime();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

Area is : 28.26
 Perime is : 18.84
 Press any key to continue...

// S08-04.cpp
نمایش سازنده و مخرب کلاس //

```
#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Test
{
public:
    Test(void);
    ~Test(void);
};

Test::Test(void)
{
    cout<<"Runing Constructor. \n";
}

Test::~Test(void)
{
    cout<<"Runing Destructor. \n";
}

int main(void)
{
    cout<<"Before Define Object. \n";
    Test T;
    cout<<"After Define Object. \n";
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

Before Define Object.
Runing Constructor.
After Define Object.

Press any key to continue...
Runing Destructor.

```

// P08-01.cpp
// نحوه دسترسی به اعضای خصوصی، محافظت شده و عمومی کلاس

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class MyClass
{
    int a;
protected:
    int b;
public:
    int c;
MyClass(int n,int m)
{
    a=n;
    b=m;
}
int geta(void)
{
    return a;
}
int getb(void)
{
    return b;
};
};

int main(void)
{
    MyClass object(10,20);
    object.c=30;
    cout<<object.geta()<< " ";
    cout<<object.getb()<< " "<<object.c<<"\n";
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

10 20 30
Press any key to continue ...

```

// P08-02.cpp
// چاپ ستاره به تعداد مقدار یک عفو داده اش

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class SimpleClass
{
    int len;
public:
    SimpleClass(int l);
};

SimpleClass::SimpleClass(int l)
{
    len=l;
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<len;i++)
        cout<<"*";
}

int main(void)
{
    SimpleClass A(10);
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

Press any key to continue ...

```

// P08-03.cpp
// محاسبه توان با استفاده از کلاس

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Power
{
double b;
int e;
double val;
public:
Power(double base,int exp);
double getPower()
{
    return val;
}
};

Power::Power(double base,int exp)
{
b=base;
e=exp;
val=1;
if(exp==0)
    return;
for(;exp>0;exp--)
    val=val*b;
}

int main(void)
{
Power x(4.0 , 2),y(2.5 , 1),z(5.7 , 0);
cout<<x.getPower()<<" ";
cout<<y.getPower()<<" ";
cout<<z.getPower()<<endl;
cout<<endl;
system("pause");
return 0;
}

```

16 2.5 1

Press any key to continue . . .

```

// P08-04.cpp
// کلاس با ۲ سازنده

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class myclass
{
    int a;
public:
    myclass(int x)
    {
        a=x;
    }
    myclass(char *str)
    {
        a=atoi(str);
    }
    int geta()
    {
        return a;
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    myclass object1=4;
    myclass object2="123";
    cout<<"object1: "<<object1.geta()<<endl;
    cout<<"object2: "<<object2.geta()<<endl;
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

object1: 4
object2: 123

Press any key to continue ...

```

// P08-05.cpp
// محاسبه حقوق کارمند با استفاده از کلاس

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class employee
{
    char name[50];
    int salary,hour,hp;
public:
    void input(void);
    void calc(void);
    void print(void);
};

void employee::input(void)
{
    cout<<"Enter name,hours,hourpay : ";
    cin>>name>>hour>>hp;
}

void employee::calc(void)
{
    salary=hour*hp;
}

void employee::print(void)
{
    cout<<"Salary is : "<<salary;
}

int main(void)
{
    employee e;
    e.input();
    e.calc();
    e.print();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

Enter name,hours,hourpay : Hooman 175 4000
Salary is : 700000
Press any key to continue ...

```

```

// P08-06.cpp
// کلاسی برای آرایه ای از اعداد با توانائی ورود، چاپ، جستجو و مرتب سازی آرایه

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"
using namespace std;

class ArrayInt
{
    int A[10];
public:
    void Input(void);
    void Output(void);
    void Sort(void);
    int Search(int key);
    int Max(void);
};

void ArrayInt::Input(void)
{
    cout<<"Enter 10 numbers : ";
    for(int i=0;i<10;i++)
        cin>>A[i];
}

void ArrayInt::Output(void)
{
    cout<<"Numbers in Array are : ";
    for(int i=0;i<10;i++)
        cout<<A[i]<<" ";
    cout<<"\n";
}

void ArrayInt::Sort(void)
{
    int i,j,t;
    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
        for(j=i+1;j<10;j++)
            if(A[i]>A[j])
            {
                t=A[i];
                A[i]=A[j];
                A[j]=t;
            }
}

int ArrayInt::Search(int key)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
        if(A[i]==key)
            return i;
    return 0;
}

int ArrayInt::Max(void)
{
    int i,m;
    m=A[0];
    for(i=1;i<10;i++)
        if(A[i]>m)
            m=A[i];
    return(m);
}

```

```
int main(void)
{
    int key,f;
    ArrayInt A;
    A.Input();
    A.Sort();
    A.Output();
    cout<<"Maximum number is : "<<A.Max()<<"\n";
    cout<<"Enter One number for search : ";
    cin>>key;
    f=A.Search(key);
    if(f==0)
        cout<<"Not Find.";
    else
        cout<<"Find.";
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
#####
Enter 10 numbers : 4 5 6 8 5 2 1 5 9 7
Numbers in Array are : 1 2 4 5 5 5 6 7 8 9
Maximum number is : 9
Enter One number for search : 2
Find.
Press any key to continue ...#####

```

```

// S09-01.cpp
// اشیا و توابع ثابت در کلاس

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"
#include <iomanip>

using namespace std;

class Time
{
public:
    Time(int=0,int=0,int=0);
    void setTime(int,int,int);
    void setHour(int);
    void setMinute(int);
    void setSecond(int);
    int getHour() const;
    int getMinute() const;
    int getSecond() const;
    void printUniversal() const;
    void printStandard();
private:
    int hour;
    int minute;
    int second;
};

Time::Time(int hour,int minute,int second)
{
    setTime(hour,minute,second);
}

void Time::setTime(int hour,int minute,int second)
{
    setHour(hour);
    setMinute(minute);
    setSecond(second);
}

void Time::setHour(int h)
{
    hour=(h>=0&&h<24)?h:0;
}

void Time::setMinute(int m)
{
    minute=(m>=0&&m<60)?m:0;
}

void Time::setSecond(int s)
{
    second=(s>=0&&s<60)?s:0;
}

int Time::getHour() const
{
    return hour;
}

int Time::getMinute() const
{
    return minute;
}

```

```

int Time::getSecond() const
{
    return second;
}

void Time::printUniversal() const
{
    cout<<"\n"<<setfill('0')<<setw(2)<<hour<<" :"<<setw(2);
    cout<<minute<<" :"<<setw(2)<<second;
}

void Time::printStandard()
{
    cout<<"\n"<<((hour==0||hour==12)?12:hour%12)<< " : ";
    cout<<setfill('0')<<setw(2)<<minute<< " : ";
    cout<<setw(2)<<second<<(hour<12?" AM":" PM");
}

int main(void)
{
    int h,m;
    Time Wakeup(6,45,25);
    const Time noon(12,0,0);
    Wakeup.setHour(18);
    h=Wakeup.getHour();
    cout<<"h= "<<h;
    Wakeup.printStandard();
    Wakeup.printUniversal();
    cout<<"\n"<<"\n";
    m=noon.getMinute();
    cout<<"m= "<<m;
    //noon.setHour(17);           Error: "noon" is Const
    //noon.printStandard();       Error: "noon" is Const
    noon.printUniversal();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

h= 18
6:45:25 PM
18:45:25

m= 0
12:00:00
Press any key to continue ...

```

```

// s09-02.cpp
// تغییر مقدار داده کلاس با یک تابع ثابت

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Mclass
{
mutable int x;
public:
    Mclass(int i)
    {
        x=i;
    }
    void incX(void) const
    {
        x++;
    }
    void print(void)
    {
        cout<<"\nx = "<<x;
    }
}obj(3);

int main(void)
{
    obj.print();
    obj.incX();
    cout<<"\nAfter increment : ";
    obj.print();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

x = 3
After increment :
x = 4
Press any key to continue ...

```

// S09-03.cpp
عضو داده ای ثابت در کلاس //

```
#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Increment
{
public:
    Increment(int c=0,int i=1);
    void addIncrement()
    {
        count+=increment;
    }
    void print() const;
private:
    int count;
    const int increment;
};

Increment::Increment(int c,int i):count(c),increment(i)
{
}

void Increment::print() const
{
    cout<<"count="<<count<<" , increment=";
    cout<<increment<<endl;
}

int main(void)
{
    Increment value(10,5);
    cout<<"Before incrementing:" ;
    value.print();
    for(int j=1;j<=3;j++)
    {
        value.addIncrement();
        cout<<"After increment:" <<j<< ":" ;
        value.print();
    }
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
Before incrementing:count=10 , increment=5
After increment:1: count=15 , increment=5
After increment:2: count=20 , increment=5
After increment:3: count=25 , increment=5
```

Press any key to continue ...

```
// S09-04.cpp
// تابع دوست

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Count
{
friend void setX(Count & , int);
public:
    Count()
    {
        x=0;
    }
    void print() const
    {
        cout<<x<<endl;
    }
private:
    int x;
};

void setX(Count &c,int val)
{
    c.x=val;
}

int main(void)
{
    Count c;
    cout<<"c.x after instantiation:" ;
    c.print();
    setX(c,2);
    cout<<"c.x after call setX friend function:" ;
    c.print();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
c.x after instantiation:0
c.x after call setX friend function:2
Press any key to continue ...
```

```

// s09-05.cpp
// تابع دوست

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"
using namespace std;

class ScoreClass
{
    double MintermScore,FinaltermScore;
    friend void check(ScoreClass s);
public:
    void input(double ,double );
};

void ScoreClass::input(double m,double f)
{
    MintermScore=m;
    FinaltermScore=f;
}

void check(ScoreClass s)
{
    int m=0;
    double sc;
    if((s.MintermScore>=0)&&(s.MintermScore<=5 ))
        cout<<"MintermScore = "<<s.MintermScore;
    else
    {
        cout<<"MintermScore is mistake. ";
        m = 1;
    }
    cout<<endl;
    if((s.FinaltermScore>=0)&&(s.FinaltermScore<=15 ))
        cout<<"FinaltermScore = "<<s.FinaltermScore;
    else
    {
        cout<<"FinaltermScore is mistake. ";
        m = 1 ;
    }
    cout<<endl;
    if(m==1)
        cout<<"FinalScore is mistake. ";
    else
    {
        sc=s.FinaltermScore+s.MintermScore;
        cout<<"FinalScore = "<<sc;
    }
}

int main(void)
{
    ScoreClass score;
    double m,f;
    cout<<"Enter Minterm Score : " ;
    cin>>m;
    cout<<"Enter Finalterm Score : " ;
    cin>>f;
    score.input(m,f);
    check(score);
    cout<<endl;
    system( "pause" );
    return 0;
}

```

}

Enter Minterm Score : 4

Enter Finalterm Score : 13

MintermScore = 4

FinaltermScore = 13

FinalScore = 17

Press any key to continue . . .

```

// S09-06.cpp
// کلاس دوست

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class employee
{
    friend class TaxSalary;
    char name[50];
    double s, hour, hp, salary;
public:
    void input(void);
    void calc(void);
    void print(void);
};

void employee::input(void)
{
    cout << "Enter name : ";
    cin >> name;
    cout << "Enter hours : ";
    cin >> hour;
    cout << "Enter hourpay : ";
    cin >> hp;
}

void employee::calc(void)
{
    s=hour*hp;
}

void employee::print(void)
{
    cout.setf(ios::fixed);
    cout << "Salary is : " << salary;
}

class TaxSalary
{
    double tax;
public:
    void input(void)
    {
        cout << "Enter percent tax : ";
        cin >> tax;
    }

    void CalcFinalSalary(employee &e)
    {
        e.salary=e.s-(tax*e.s/100);
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    employee e;
    e.input();
    e.calc();
    TaxSalary t;
    t.input();
}

```

```
t.CalcFinalSalary(e);
e.print();
cout<<endl;
system("pause");
return 0;
}
```

```
Enter name : Hooman
Enter hours : 175
Enter hourpay : 5000
Enter percent tax : 10
Salary is : 787500.000000
Press any key to continue ...
```

```

// S09-07.cpp
// مقایسه عضو داده ای استاتیک با غیر استاتیک

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Sclass
{
    static int x;
    int y;
public:
    void set(int i , int j);
    void print(void);
};

int Sclass::x;

void Sclass::set(int i,int j)
{
    x=i;
    y=j;
}

void Sclass::print(void)
{
    cout<<"\nStatic x = "<<x;
    cout<<"\nNon Static y = "<<y;
}

int main(void)
{
    Sclass obj1,obj2;
    obj1.set(4,4);
    obj1.print();
    obj2.set(5,5);
    obj2.print();
    obj1.print();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

Static x = 4
Non Static y = 4
Static x = 5
Non Static y = 5
Static x = 5
Non Static y = 4
Press any key to continue ...

```

```
// S09-08.cpp
// شمارش تعداد اشیا یک کلاس با استفاده از یک عضو داده ای استاتیک

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class counter
{
public:
    static int count;
    counter(void)
    {
        count++;
    }
};

int counter::count;

int main(void)
{
    counter c1,c2,c3;
    cout<<"Numbers of object is : ";
    cout<<counter::count;
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
Numbers of object is : 3
Press any key to continue ...
```

```
// S09-09.cpp
// استفاده سراسری از یک متغیر استاتیک کلاس

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Sclass
{
public:
    static int x;
    void print(void)
    {
        cout<<"x = "<<x;
    }
};

int Sclass::x;
int main(void)
{
    Sclass::x = 10;
    Sclass object;
    object.print();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

x=10
Press any key to continue ...

```

// s09-10.cpp
// مقدار دهی یک داده استاتیک کلاس با یک تابع استاتیک

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class sclass
{
    static int i;
public:
    static void init(int x)
    {
        i=x;
    }
    void show(void)
    {
        cout<<"i="<<i;
    }
};

int sclass::i;

int main(void)
{
    sclass::init(100);
    sclass s;
    s.show();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```
i=100
Press any key to continue ...
```

```

// s09-11.cpp
// چاپ محتويات یک کلاس با یک تابع

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class stud
{
public:
    int id;
    char name[50];
    char family[50];
    void input(void);
};

void stud::input(void)
{
    cout<<"Enter Id,Name,Family : ";
    cin>>id>>name>>family;
}

void PrintObject(stud s)
{
    cout<<"\nID = "<<s.id;
    cout<<"\nName = "<<s.name;
    cout<<"\nFamily = "<<s.family;
}

int main(void)
{
    stud s1;
    s1.input();
    PrintObject(s1);
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

Enter Id,Name,Family : 110 Hooman Sayyari

ID = 110
Name = Hooman
Family = Sayyari
Press any key to continue ...

```

```

// S09-12.cpp
// تابعی که دو شی از یک کلاس را میگیرد و بزرگتر را چاپ میکند

# include "stdafx.h"
# include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class stud
{
public:
    int id;
    char name[50];
    char family[50];
    void input(void);
    void print(void);
};

void stud::input(void)
{
    cout<<"Enter Id,Name,Family : ";
    cin>>id>>name>>family;
}

void stud::print(void)
{
    cout<<"\nID = "<<id;
    cout<<"\nName = "<<name;
    cout<<"\nFamily = "<<family;
}

stud MaxID(stud o1,stud o2)
{
    if (o1.id>o2.id)
        return o1;
    else
        return o2;
}

int main(void)
{
    stud s1,s2,s;
    s1.input();
    s2.input();
    s=MaxID(s1,s2);
    cout<<"\nObject With Maximum id is : ";
    s.print();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

Enter Id,Name,Family : 110 Hooman Sayyari
Enter Id,Name,Family : 220 Ali Khorrami

```

```

Object With Maximum id is :
ID = 220
Name = Ali
Family = Khorrami
Press any key to continue ...

```

```

// S09-13.cpp
// تابعی که یک شی را گرفته و مقادیر آن را تغییر میدهد

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class stud
{
public:
    int id;
    char name[50];
    char family[50];
    void input(void);
    void print(void);
};

void stud::input(void)
{
    cout<<"Enter Id,Name,Family : ";
    cin>>id>>name>>family;
}

void stud::print(void)
{
    cout<<"\nID = "<<id;
    cout<<"\nName = "<<name;
    cout<<"\nFamily = "<<family;
}

void change(stud &s,char str1[50],char str2[50])
{
    strcpy(s.name,str1);
    strcpy(s.family,str2);
}

int main(void)
{
    char str1[50],str2[50];
    stud s1;
    s1.input();
    cout<<"Enter Name for change : ";
    cin>>str1;
    cout<<"Enter Family for change : ";
    cin>>str2;
    change(s1,str1,str2);
    s1.print();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

Enter Id,Name,Family : 110 Hooman Sayyari
Enter Name for change : Ali
Enter Family for change : Khorrami

```

```

ID = 110
Name = Ali
Family = Khorrami
Press any key to continue...

```

```
// S09-14.cpp
// آرایه ای از اشیا
```

```
#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"
using namespace std;

class stud
{
    int id;
    char name[50];
    char family[50];
public:
    void input(void);
    void print(void);
};

stud s[5];
void stud::input(void)
{
    cout<<"Enter Id,Name,Family : ";
    cin>>id>>name>>family;
}
void stud::print(void)
{
    cout<<"\nID = "<<id;
    cout<<"\nName = "<<name;
    cout<<"\nFamily = "<<family;
}
int main(void)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<5;i++)
        s[i].input();
    for(i=0;i<5;i++)
        s[i].print();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
Enter Id,Name,Family : 101 Ali Bahmani
Enter Id,Name,Family : 102 Reza Soleimani
Enter Id,Name,Family : 103 Dariush Dehroyeh
Enter Id,Name,Family : 104 Hooman Sayyari
Enter Id,Name,Family : 105 Pedram Ahmadi
```

```
ID = 101
Name = Ali
Family = Bahmani
ID = 102
Name = Reza
Family = Soleimani
ID = 103
Name = Dariush
Family = Dehroyeh
ID = 104
Name = Hooman
Family = Sayyari
ID = 105
Name = Pedram
Family = Ahmadi
Press any key to continue ...
```

```

// S09-15.cpp
آرایه ای از اشیا با سازنده یک پارامتری

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class sample
{
    int x;
public:
    sample(int a)
    {
        x=a;
    }
    int get(void)
    {
        return x;
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    int i;
    sample s[5]={3,4,5,6,7};
    for(i=0;i<5;i++)
        cout<< " s [ "<<i<< " ] = " <<s[i].get();
    cout<< endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```
s[0]=3 s[1]=4 s[2]=5 s[3]=6 s[4]=7
Press any key to continue ...
```

```

// S09-16.cpp
// آرایه ای از اشیا با سازنده دو پارامتری

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Test
{
public:
int i , j;
Test(int a , int b)
{
    i=a;
    j=b;
}
void print(void)
{
    cout<<"i = "<<i<<" , j = "<<j;
}
};

int main(void)
{
Test A[3]={Test(1,1),Test(2,2),Test(3,3)};
for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
{
    cout<<"\nobject "<<(i+1)<<" : ";
    A[i].print();
}
cout<<endl;
system("pause");
return 0;
}

```

```

object 1 : i = 1 , j = 1
object 2 : i = 2 , j = 2
object 3 : i = 3 , j = 3
Press any key to continue ...

```

```

// S09-17.cpp
// آرایه ای از اشیا برای کلاسی با ۲ سازنده (با پارامتر و بدون پارامتر)

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Test
{
public:
int i , j;
Test(int a , int b)
{
    i=a;
    j=b;
}
Test(void)
{
    i=0;
    j=0;
}
void print(void)
{
    cout<<"i = "<<i<<" , j = "<<j;
}
};

int main(void)
{
    Test A[3]={Test(1,1),Test(2,2),Test(3,3)};
    cout<<"\nArray A :";
    for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        cout<<"\nobject "<<(i+1)<<" : ";
        A[i].print();
    }
    Test B[3];
    cout<<"\nArray B :";
    for(int j=0;j<3;j++)
    {
        cout<<"\nobject "<<(j+1)<<" : ";
        B[j].print();
    }
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

Array A :
object 1 : i = 1 , j = 1
object 2 : i = 2 , j = 2
object 3 : i = 3 , j = 3
Array B :
object 1 : i = 0 , j = 0
object 2 : i = 0 , j = 0
object 3 : i = 0 , j = 0
Press any key to continue ...

```

```
// S09-18.cpp
// اشاره گر به شی

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Test
{
public:
    int i , j;
    void input(int a , int b)
    {
        i=a;
        j=b;
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    Test obj,*p;
    p=&obj;
    obj.input(3,4);
    cout<<"obj.i = p->i = "<<p->i<<"  obj.i = (*p).i = "<<(*p).i;
    cout<<"\nobj.j = p->j = "<<p->j<<"  obj.j = (*p).j = "<<(*p).j;
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
obj.i = p->i = 3  obj.i = (*p).i = 3
obj.j = p->j = 4  obj.j = (*p).j = 4
Press any key to continue ...
```

```

// s09-19.cpp
// اشاره گر به آرایه ای از اشیا

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class sample
{
    int x;
public:
    sample(int a)
    {
        x=a;
    }
    int get(void)
    {
        return x;
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    sample s[5]={3,4,5,6,7};
    sample *p;
    p=s;
    for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
    {
        cout<<" s["<<i<<"] ="<<p->get();
        p++;
    }
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```
s[0]=3 s[1]=4 s[2]=5 s[3]=6 s[4]=7
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```
// S09-20.cpp
// this اعضای یک شی با استفاده از اشاره گر

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Test
{
public:
    int i , j;
    Test(int a , int b)
    {
        i=a;
        j=b;
    }
    void print(void)
    {
        cout<<"i = "<<this->i<<" , j = "<<this->j<<"\n";
        cout<<"i = "<<i<<" , j = "<<j;
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    Test A(1,1);
    A.print();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
i = 1, j = 1
i = 1, j = 1
Press any key to continue . . .
```

// S09-21.cpp
اشاره گر به عضو کلاس //

```
#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class Test
{
public:
    Test(int i)
    {
        T=i;
    }
    void print(void)
    {
        cout<<"T = "<<T;
    }
    int T;
};

int main(void)
{
    int Test::*pd;
    void (Test::*pf)()=&Test::print;
    Test object1(4),object2(5);
    pd=&Test::T;
    cout<<"Values object : ";
    cout<<object1.*pd<<"\t"<<object2.*pd<<"\n";
    cout<<"function : ";
    (object1.*pf)();
    cout<<"\t";
    (object2.*pf)();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
Values object : 4      5
function : T = 4      T = 5
Press any key to continue ...
```

// S09-22.cpp
تخصیص پویای حافظه به شی

```
#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class stud
{
    int id;
    char name[50];
    char family[50];
public:
    void input(void);
    void print(void);
};

void stud::input(void)
{
    cout<<"Enter Id,Name,Family : ";
    cin>>id>>name>>family;
}

void stud::print(void)
{
    cout<<"\nId = "<<id;
    cout<<"\nName = "<<name;
    cout<<"\nFamily = "<<family;
}

int main(void)
{
    stud *s;
    s=new stud;
    if(!s)
    {
        cout<<"Allocation failure.";
        exit(0);
    }
    s->input();
    s->print();
    delete s;
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

Enter Id,Name,Family : 100 Hooman Sayyari

Id = 100
Name = Hooman
Family = Sayyari
Press any key to continue . . .

```

// S09-23.cpp
ایجاد آرایه ای از اشیا به صورت پویا
//



#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class stud
{
    int id;
    char name[50];
    char family[50];
public:
    void input(void);
    void print(void);
};

void stud::input(void)
{
    cout<<"Enter Id,Name,Family : ";
    cin>>id>>name>>family;
}

void stud::print(void)
{
    cout<<"\nId = "<<id;
    cout<<"\nName = "<<name;
    cout<<"\nFamily = "<<family;
}

int main(void)
{
    int i;
    stud *s;
    s=new stud[5];
    if(!s)
    {
        cout<<"Allocation failure.";
        exit(0);
    }
    for(i=0;i<5;i++)
        s[i].input();
    for(i=0;i<5;i++)
        s[i].print();
    delete [] s;
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

Enter Id,Name,Family : 101 Hooman Sayyari
Enter Id,Name,Family : 102 Ali Bahmani
Enter Id,Name,Family : 103 Reza Soleimani
Enter Id,Name,Family : 104 Pedram Ahmadi
Enter Id,Name,Family : 105 Dariush Dehroyeh

```

```

Id = 101
Name = Hooman
Family = Sayyari
Id = 102

```

Name = Ali
Family = Bahmani
Id = 103
Name = Reza
Family = Soleimani
Id = 104
Name = Pedram
Family = Ahmadi
Id = 105
Name = Dariush
Family = Dehrooyeh
Press any key to continue . . .

.....

```
// P09-01.cpp
// تابع دوست

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class myclass
{
    int num;
public:
    myclass(int x)
    {
        num=x;
    }
    friend int isneg(myclass ob);
};

int isneg(myclass ob)
{
    return(ob.num<0)?1:0;
}

int main(void)
{
    myclass a(-1),b(2);
    cout<<isneg(a)<<" "<<isneg(b);
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

1 0

Press any key to continue . . .

```

// P09-02.cpp
// همانگی بین ۲ کلاس برای دسترسی به چاپگر با استفاده از تابع دوست

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class pr2;

class pr1
{
    int printing;
public:
    pr1(void)
    {
        printing=0;
    }
    void set_print(int status)
    {
        printing=status;
    }
    friend int inuse(pr1 object1,pr2 object2);
};

class pr2
{
    int printing;
public:
    pr2(void)
    {
        printing=0;
    }
    void set_print(int status)
    {
        printing=status;
    }
    friend int inuse(pr1 object1,pr2 object2);
};

int inuse(pr1 object1,pr2 object2)
{
    if(object1.printing||object2.printing)
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}

int main(void)
{
    pr1 p1;
    pr2 p2;
    if(!inuse(p1,p2))
        cout<<"Printer idle\n";
    cout<<"Setting p1 to printing...\n";
    p1.set_print(1);
    if(inuse(p1,p2))
        cout<<"Now, printer in use.\n";
    cout<<"Turn off p1...\n";
    p1.set_print(0);
    if(!inuse(p1,p2))
        cout<<"Printer idle\n";
    cout<<"Turn on p2...\n";
    p2.set_print(1);
}

```

```
if(inuse(p1,p2))
    cout<<"Now, printer in use.\n";
cout<<endl;
system("pause");
return 0;
}
```

```
Printer idle
Setting p1 to printing...
Now, printer in use.
Turn off p1...
Printer idle
Turn on p2...
Now, printer in use.
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```

// P09-03.cpp
آرایه ای از اشیا

#include "stdafx.h"
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class MyClass
{
    int h;
    int i;
public:
    MyClass(int j,int k)
    {
        h=j;
        i=k;
    }
    int getInt(void)
    {
        return i;
    }
    int getHeight(void)
    {
        return h;
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    MyClass myObject[3]={
        MyClass(1,2),
        MyClass(3,4),
        MyClass(5,6)
    };
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        cout<<myObject[i].getHeight();
        cout<< ", ";
        cout<<myObject[i].getInt()<< "\n";
    }
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

1,2
3,4
5,6
Press any key to continue ...

فصل نهم: کلاس مشتق

```
// S13-01.cpp
// (Derived) کلاس مشتق

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class BaseClass
{
int x;
public:
void input(int a)
{
x=a;
}
void print(void)
{
cout<< "\nx=" <<x;
}
};

class DerivedClass:public BaseClass
{
int y;
public:
DerivedClass(int a)
{
y=a;
}
void show(void)
{
cout<< "\ny=" <<y;
}
};

int main(void)
{
DerivedClass d(5);
d.input(6);
d.print();
d.show();
cout<< endl;
system("pause");
return 0;
}
```

```
x=6
y=5
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```

// S13-02.cpp
// ترتیب اجرای سازنده و مخرب کلاس پایه و مشتق

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class BaseClass
{
public:
    BaseClass(void)
    {
        cout<<"Constructing BaseClass.\n";
    }
    ~BaseClass(void)
    {
        cout<<"Destructing BaseClass.\n";
    }
};

class DerivedClass:public BaseClass
{
public:
    DerivedClass(void)
    {
        cout<<"Constructing DerivedClass.\n";
    }
    ~DerivedClass(void)
    {
        cout<<"Destructing DerivedClass.\n";
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    DerivedClass d;
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

Constructing BaseClass.
Constructing DerivedClass.

Press any key to continue ..
Destructing DerivedClass.
Destructing BaseClass.

```

// S13-03.cpp
// دسترسی یک شی از کلاس مشتق به عضو محافظت شده کلاس پایه

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class twonumbers
{
protected:
    int x,y;
public:
    void input(void)
    {
        cout<<"\nEnter two Numbers : ";
        cin>>x>>y;
    }
    void print(void)
    {
        cout<<"\nx = "<<x<<"\ty = "<<y;
    }
};

class op:public twonumbers
{
public:
    void sum(void)
    {
        cout<<"\nsum = "<<x+y;
    }
    void mult(void)
    {
        cout<<"\nmult = "<<x*y;
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    op d;
    d.input();
    d.print();
    d.sum();
    d.mult();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

Enter two Numbers : 5 10

x = 5 y = 10
 sum = 15
 mult = 50
 Press any key to continue . . .

```

// S13-04.cpp
// ارسال مقدار سازنده کلاس پایه توسط سازنده کلاس مشتق

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class BaseClass
{
    int x;
public:
    BaseClass(int a)
    {
        x=a;
    }
    void print(void)
    {
        cout<< "\nx=" <<x;
    }
};

class DerivedClass:public BaseClass
{
    int y;
public:
    DerivedClass(int a,int b):BaseClass(b)
    {
        y=a;
    }
    void show(void)
    {
        cout<< "\ny=" <<y;
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    DerivedClass d(4,6);
    d.print();
    d.show();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

x=6
y=4
Press any key to continue...

```

```
// S13-05.cpp
// دسترسی به کلاس پایه و کلاس مشتق توسط اشاره گر

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class BaseClass
{
    int x;
public:
    BaseClass(int a)
    {
        x=a;
    }
    void print(void)
    {
        cout<< "\nx=" <<x;
    }
};

class DerivedClass:public BaseClass
{
    int y;
public:
    DerivedClass(int a,int b):BaseClass(b)
    {
        y=a;
    }
    void show(void)
    {
        cout<< "\ny=" <<y;
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    BaseClass b(6),*bp;
    DerivedClass d(7,5);
    bp=&b;
    bp->print();
    bp=&d;
    bp->print();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
x=6
x=5
Press any key to continue ...
```

```
// S13-06.cpp
// تغییر عملکرد تابع کلاس پایه در کلاس مشتق

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class BaseClass
{
public:
    void show(void)
    {
        cout<<"this class is base.";
    }
};

class DerivedClass:public BaseClass
{
public:
    void show(void)
    {
        cout<< "This class is derived.";
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    BaseClass b;
    cout<<"\nb.show : ";
    b.show();
    DerivedClass d;
    cout<<"\nd.show : ";
    d.show();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
b.show : this class is base.
d.show : This class is derived.
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```

// S13-07.cpp
// تغییر عملکرد تابع کلاس پایه در کلاس مشتق و استفاده از تابع پایه در کلاس مشتق

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class BaseClass
{
public:
    void show(void)
    {
        cout<<"This class is base.\n";
    }
};

class DerivedClass:public BaseClass
{
public:
    void show(void)
    {
        BaseClass::show();
        cout<<"This class is derived.\n";
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    DerivedClass d;
    cout<<"DerivedClass.show : \n";
    d.show();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

DerivedClass.show :
This class is base.
This class is derived.
Press any key to continue ...

```

```

// S13-08.cpp
// وراثت چند گانه

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class BaseClass1
{
protected:
    int x;
public:
    BaseClass1(int a)
    {
        x=a;
    }
};

class BaseClass2
{
protected:
    int y;
public:
    BaseClass2(int b)
    {
        y=b;
    }
};

class DerivedClass:public BaseClass1,public BaseClass2
{
public:
    DerivedClass(int a,int b):BaseClass1(a),BaseClass2(b)
    {
    }
    void show(void)
    {
        cout<< " x = "<<x<< "   " << " y = "<<y;
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    DerivedClass d(4,6);
    d.show();
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

x = 4 y = 6
Press any key to continue ...

```

// S13-09.cpp
// اعضای مشترک کلاس‌های پایه در وراثت چند گانه

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class BaseClass1
{
public:
    int x;
    BaseClass1(int a)
    {
        x=a;
    }
};

class BaseClass2
{
public:
    int x;
    BaseClass2(int b)
    {
        x=b;
    }
};

class DerivedClass:public BaseClass1,public BaseClass2
{
public:
    DerivedClass(int a,int b):BaseClass1(a),BaseClass2(b)
    {
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    DerivedClass d(4,6);
    cout<<"\nd.BaseClass1::x = "<<(d.BaseClass1::x);
    cout<<"\nd.BaseClass2::x = "<<(d.BaseClass2::x);
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```



 d.BaseClass1::x = 4
 d.BaseClass2::x = 6
 Press any key to continue...

```

// P13-01.cpp
// سازنده و مخرب در وراثت چند گانه

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class BaseClass1
{
public:
    BaseClass1()
    {
        cout<<"constructing BaseClass1.\n";
    }
    ~BaseClass1()
    {
        cout<<"Constructing BaseClass1.\n";
    }
};

class BaseClass2
{
public:
    BaseClass2()
    {
        cout<<"Constructing BaseClass2.\n";
    }
    ~BaseClass2()
    {
        cout<<"Constructing BaseClass2.\n";
    }
};

class DerivedClass:public BaseClass1,public BaseClass2
{
public:
    DerivedClass()
    {
        cout<<"Constructing DerivedClass.\n";
    }
    ~DerivedClass()
    {
        cout<<"Destructuring DerivedClass.\n";
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    DerivedClass d;
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

constructing BaseClass1.
Constructing BaseClass2.
Constructing DerivedClass.

Destructuring DerivedClass.
Constructing BaseClass2.
Constructing BaseClass1.
Press any key to continue...

```

// P13-02.cpp
// محاسبه مساحت اشکال مختلف با چند کلاس

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class AreaClass
{
public:
    double height;
    double width;
};

class Rectangle:public AreaClass
{
public:
    Rectangle(double h,double w)
    {
        height=h;
        width=w;
    }
    double area()
    {
        return height*width;
    }
};

class Isosceles:public AreaClass
{
public:
    Isosceles(double h,double w)
    {
        height=h;
        width=w;
    }
    double area()
    {
        return 0.5*width*height;
    }
};

class cylinder:public AreaClass
{
public:
    cylinder(double h,double w)
    {
        height=h;
        width=w;
    }
    double area()
    {
        return(2*3.14*(width/2)*(width/2))+(3.14*width*height);
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    Rectangle rectangleObject(10.0 , 5.0);
    Isosceles triangleObject(4.0 , 6.0);
    cylinder cylinderObject(3.0 , 4.0);
    cout<<"Rectangle:<<rectangleObject.area()<<endl;
    cout<<"Triangle:<<triangleObject.area()<<endl;

```

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```
cout<<"Cylinder:"<<cylinderObject.area()<<endl;
cout<<endl;
system( "pause" );
return 0;
}
```

Rectangle:50

Triangle:12

Cylinder:62.8

Press any key to continue ...

```

// P13-03.cpp
// کلاس پایه برای گرفتن و چاپ رشته و کلاس مشتق برای محاسبه طول رشته

#include "stdafx.h"
#include "iostream"

using namespace std;

class mybase
{
    char str[80];
public:
    mybase(char *s)
    {
        strcpy(str,s);
    }
    char *get()
    {
        return str;
    }
};

class myderived:public mybase
{
    int len;
public:
    myderived(char *s):mybase(s)
    {
        len=strlen(s);
    }
    int getlen()
    {
        return len;
    }
    void show()
    {
        cout<<get()<<"\n";
    }
};

int main(void)
{
    myderived ob("hello");
    ob.show();
    cout<<ob.getlen()<<"\n";
    cout<<endl;
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```

-----
hello
5
Press any key to continue ...
-----
```