# synchronization

## synchronization

- relationships among events—any number of events, and any kind of Relationship
- Serialization: event A must happen before B
- Mutual exclusive: Event A and B must not happen at the same time

### Non-determinism

- Thread A
  - A1 print "yes"

- Thread B
  - B1 print "no"

### Shared variable

- Concurrent writes
- Concurrent updates

## Semaphores

- A semaphore is like an integer, with three differences:
  - After initialize, only can increase or decrease that
  - Negative value → block thread
  - Positive value → unblock thread

#### Rendezvous solution

#### Thread A

- 1 statement a1
- 2 aArrived.signal()
- 3 bArrived.wait()
- 4 statement a2

#### Thread B

- 1 statement b1
- 2 bArrived.signal()
- 3 aArrived.wait()
- 4 statement b2

#### Less efficient

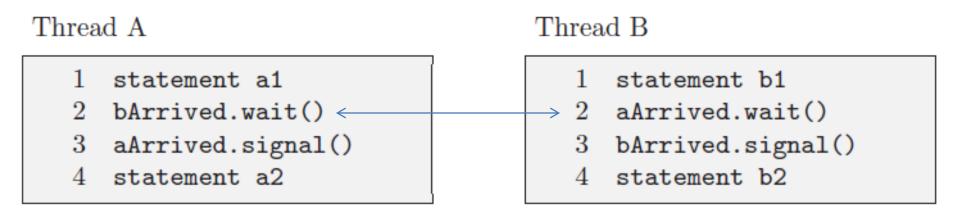
#### Thread A

- 1 statement a1
- 2 bArrived.wait()
- 3 aArrived.signal()
- 4 statement a2

#### Thread B

- 1 statement b1
- 2 bArrived.signal()
- 3 aArrived.wait()
- 4 statement b2

#### deadlock



## Barrier non solution (37)

```
rendezvous
3 mutex.wait()
       count = count + 1
  mutex.signal()
6
  if count == n: barrier.signal()
8
   barrier.wait()
10
   critical point
```

• As an example, imagine that n = 5 and that 4 threads are waiting at the barrier. The value of the semaphore is the number of threads in queue, negated, which is -4.

### Barrier solution

```
rendezvous
3 mutex.wait()
       count = count + 1
5 mutex.signal()
6
   if count == n: barrier.signal()
8
   barrier.wait()
10
   barrier.signal()
11
  critical point
```

## Bad barrier solution (43)

```
rendezvous
   mutex.wait()
       count = count + 1
       if count ==\n: barrier.signal()
       barrier.wait()
       barrier.signal()
   mutex.signal()
10
11
   critical point
```

### Producer-consumer

```
1 event = waitForEvent()
2 buffer.add(event)
```

```
1 event = buffer.get()
2 event.process()
```

## producer

```
1 mutex = Semaphore(1)
2 items = Semaphore(0)
3 local event
```

```
1 event = waitForEvent()
2 mutex.wait()
3 buffer.add(event)
4 items.signal()
5 mutex.signal()
```

## Consumer (77)

```
1 items.wait()
2 mutex.wait()
3    event = buffer.get()
4 mutex.signal()
5 event.process()
```

## Improved producer

```
1 event = waitForEvent()
2 mutex.wait()
3    buffer.add(event)
4 mutex.signal()
5 items.signal()
```

### Bad consumer

## Consumer finite buffer (83)

```
1 mutex = Semaphore(1)
2 items = Semaphore(0)
3 spaces = Semaphore(buffer.size())
```

```
1 items.wait()
2 mutex.wait()
3    event = buffer.get()
4 mutex.signal()
5 spaces.signal()
6
7 event.process()
```

#### Producer finite buffer

```
1 event = waitForEvent()
2
3 spaces.wait()
4 mutex.wait()
5 buffer.add(event)
6 mutex.signal()
7 items.signal()
```

## Writers (87)

```
1 int readers = 0
2 mutex = Semaphore(1)
3 roomEmpty = Semaphore(1)
```

```
1 roomEmpty.wait()
2 critical section for writers
3 roomEmpty.signal()
```

#### Readers

```
mutex.wait()
  readers += 1
3 if readers == 1:
          roomEmpty.wait() # first in locks
   mutex.signal()
6
   # critical section for readers
8
   mutex.wait()
10 readers -= 1
11 if readers == 0:
          roomEmpty.signal() # last out unlocks
12
13
   mutex.signal()
```

## Light switch

```
class Lightswitch:
       def __init__(self):
           self.counter = 0
 4
           self.mutex = Semaphore(1)
 5
 6
       def lock(self, semaphore):
           self.mutex.wait()
 8
               self.counter += 1
 9
               if self.counter == 1:
10
                   semaphore.wait()
11
           self.mutex.signal()
12
13
       def unlock(self, semaphore):
14
           self.mutex.wait()
15
               self.counter -= 1
16
               if self.counter == 0:
17
                   semaphore.signal()
           self.mutex.signal()
18
```

#### Readers with LS

```
1 readLightswitch = Lightswitch()
2 roomEmpty = Semaphore(1)
```

```
1 readLightswitch.lock(roomEmpty)
2 # critical section
3 readLightswitch.unlock(roomEmpty)
```

## No-starve writer (93)

```
1 readSwitch = Lightswitch()
2 roomEmpty = Semaphore(1)
3 turnstile = Semaphore(1)
```

```
1 turnstile.wait()
2    roomEmpty.wait()
3    # critical section for writers
4 turnstile.signal()
5
6 roomEmpty.signal()
```

#### No-starve reader

```
1 turnstile.wait()
2 turnstile.signal()
3
4 readSwitch.lock(roomEmpty)
5 # critical section for readers
6 readSwitch.unlock(roomEmpty)
```

### Writer-priority readers

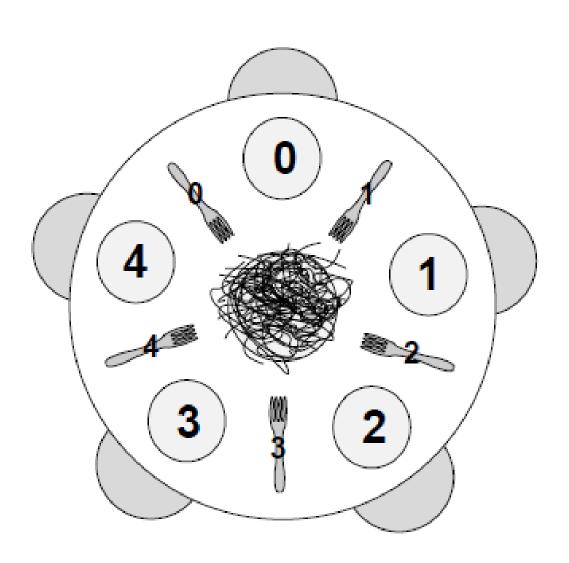
```
1 readSwitch = Lightswitch()
2 writeSwitch = Lightswitch()
3 mutex = Semaphore(1)
4 noReaders = Semaphore(1)
5 noWriters = Semaphore(1)
```

```
1 noReaders.wait()
2 readSwitch.lock(noWriters)
3 noReaders.signal()
4
5 # critical section for readers
6
7 readSwitch.unlock(noWriters)
```

## Writer-priority writers

```
1 writeSwitch.lock(noReaders)
2    noWriters.wait()
3    # critical section for writers
4    noWriters.signal()
5 writeSwitch.unlock(noReaders)
```

# Dining philosophers



## Dining philosophers

```
1 state = ['thinking'] * 5
2 sem = [Semaphore(0) for i in range(5)]
3 mutex = Semaphore(1)
```

## Dining philosophers

```
def get_fork(i):
       mutex.wait()
   state[i] = 'hungry'
 4 test(i)
   mutex.signal()
       sem[i].wait()
   def put_fork(i):
       mutex.wait()
10
       state[i] = 'thinking'
11 test(right(i))
12
   test(left(i))
13
       mutex.signal()
14
15 def test(i):
16
       if state[i] == 'hungry' and
17
       state (left (i)) != 'eating' and
18
       state (right (i)) != 'eating':
19
          state[i] = 'eating'
          sem[i].signal()
20
```

## Cigarette smokers problem

```
1 agentSem = Semaphore(1)
2 tobacco = Semaphore(0)
3 paper = Semaphore(0)
4 match = Semaphore(0)
```

#### Listing 4.36: Agent A code

```
1 agentSem.wait()
2 tobacco.signal()
3 paper.signal()
```

#### Listing 4.37: Agent B code

```
1 agentSem.wait()
2 paper.signal()
3 match.signal()
```

#### Listing 4.38: Agent C code

```
1 agentSem.wait()
2 tobacco.signal()
3 match.signal()
```

#### Listing 4.39: Smoker with matches

- 1 tobacco.wait()
- 2 paper.wait()
- 3 agentSem.signal()

#### Listing 4.40: Smoker with tobacco

- 1 paper.wait()
- 2 match.wait()
- 3 agentSem.signal()

#### Listing 4.41: Smoker with paper

- 1 tobacco.wait()
- 2 match.wait()
- 3 agentSem.signal()

### Deadlock

• Two resource, Two request

## Cigarette smokers

```
1 isTobacco = isPaper = isMatch = False
2 tobaccoSem = Semaphore(0)
3 paperSem = Semaphore(0)
4 matchSem = Semaphore(0)
```

#### Listing 4.43: Pusher A

```
1 tobacco.wait()
2 mutex.wait()
3    if isPaper:
4         isPaper = False
5         matchSem.signal()
6    elif isMatch:
7         isMatch = False
8         paperSem.signal()
9    else:
10         isTobacco = True
11 mutex.signal()
```

#### Listing 4.44: Smoker with tobacco

```
1 tobaccoSem.wait()
2 makeCigarette()
3 agentSem.signal()
4 smoke()
```