- 1) A coaxial cable transmission line filled with air and of length 3cm is short circuited at one end and terminated with a capacitor C at the other end. Determine
  - (a) The capacitor value to have lowest order resonance at 6 GHz.
  - (b) If a 10K  $\Omega$  resistor (loss) is placed in parallel with capacitor, obtain Q.
- 2) For a coaxial cable operating in TEM mode write down the expressions for the E and H fields.

If the cable is of length  $\lambda/2$  and short circuited at one end, obtain the new E and H fields.

Show that the time average stored energy in the E and H fields are equal.

- 3) For a rectangular waveguide cavity of dimension  $a \times b \times d$  (xyz) obtain:
  - Expression for the field component by considering TE<sub>z</sub> and TM<sub>z</sub>
  - Expression for the field component by considering TE<sub>y</sub> and TM<sub>y</sub>
  - Expression for the field component by considering TE<sub>x</sub> and TM<sub>x</sub>

Compare the results and give a conclusion.

- 4) For a rectangular cavity with lossy walls and filled with air, obtain an expression or the Q of the TM<sub>111</sub> mode.
- 5) An air filled rectangular cavity has its first resonant modes at 5.2 GHz, 6.5 GHz and 7.2 GHz. Fine the dimensions of the cavity.
- 6) For a circular cavity operating in TM<sub>nm0</sub> with both conductor and dielectric losses, obtain an expression for the Q of the cavity.

Note:  $\int_{0}^{\pi} J_{\alpha}^{2}(kx) x dx = \frac{x^{2}}{2} \left[ J_{\alpha}^{2}(kx) + \left( 1 - \frac{n^{2}}{k^{2}x^{2}} \right) J_{\alpha}^{2}(kx) \right]$ 

7) A rectangular cavity operating in TE101 mode, has a slab material of thickness t and permeability  $\mu_t$  placed at one end of the cavity along xy plane at z=0. Use perturbation theory to obtain an expression for the change in resonant frequency.